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CS 415

Mini Project 3

Q1.

Similarities:

• Both algorithms are used to extract information from an image by clustering together pixels that are similar in some way.

Differences:

- Mean-shift automatically determines the amount of clusters needed while k-means you must specify beforehand
- Mean-shift is not affected by outliers in the data while in k-means the impact is quite significant
- The complexity of k-means is much better than mean-shift

1st Iteration:

Data	Di	DZ	Cluster
0	1,5	4	C,
	0,5	3	CI
12	0.5	2	\c, \
3	1.5	1	(Z
L	2.5	50	162

New Centroid
$$1 = \frac{3+4+2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

New Centroid $1 = \frac{3+4}{2} = \frac{3.5}{2}$

* D, = Distance to Centroid 1 Dy = Distance to Certified 2.

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{\gamma}^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{XY} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 4 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad H = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 7 \\ 7 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 7 \\ 7 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$