

Texas Tech University (TTU) – Big Tier 3

OSG Site Administrators & CMS Tier 3 workshop

10<sup>th</sup> August, 2010 ACCRE, Vanderbilt University

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## Outline and goals of this talk



- IT infrastructure
- Introduce people active in this area at TTU
- Describe range of resources available at TTU, and the fraction of those through the TTU high energy physics group for use in our Tier-3 CMS installation
- Seek to identify areas of applicability and potentially useful improvement

### HPCC and IT infrastructure



- Research group + IT
- Collaboration is the key
- Emphasize on IT infrastructure for research
- Can be effective even with minimum owned personal resources
- IT department at TTU supports the user groups

# TTU High Performance Computing Center



#### **HPCC Staff**

- Dr. Philip Smith (Sr. Director)
- Dr.James Abbott(Assoc.

• Jerry Perez

Director)

• Srirangam Addepalli

- Dr. Alan Sill (Sr. Scientist)
- Jodi McMurray

• Dr. Per Andersen

• Dr. Ravi Vadapalli

•Huijun Zhu

• Poonam Mane

### **Purpose**

- Facilitate high performance research computing
- Assist with PC to Linux migration and grid-based computing
- Provide consulting and assistance with use of HPC resources

## TTU High Energy Physics



**Faculty**: Dr.Sungwon Lee (Dept. Chair), Dr.Richard Wigmans, Dr.Igor Volobouev, Dr. Nural Akchurin, Dr.Alan Sill (Adjunct Prof.)

Postdoc's: Efe Yazgan, Jordan Damgov

**Students in TTU Tier-3 operations**: Youn Roh, Chiyoung Jeong, Keng Kovitanggoon, Terence Libeiro, Poonam Mane

Students in offline CMS CSP shift: Cemile Bardak

Personnel based at TTU, FNAL, and CERN. Physics analyses carried out using a mix of resources, primarily those provided at the LPC and via CRAB.

TTU T3 is available principally to run CRAB jobs

# Resources and capabilities



- Linux clusters for parallel and serial computing
- Large-scale Lustre-based data storage
- High Speed Networking
- Oracle Grid Engine (Sun Grid Engine)
- Local campus grid
- Nationwide, regional and state-wide Globus grid access
- Operation for past decade
- 15% of the total grants to TTU are generated by research groups supported by HPCC

# Infrastructure and Support



#### Infrastructure

- Experimental Sciences Building (Main Campus
- Reese Center
- 12 miles apart, currently connected with 1Gb network that is being upgraded to 10Gb

### **Support**

- TTU IT department
- HPCC

### Reese Campus



### **Antaeus (OSG and CMS Tier-3 resource)**

- Production Cluster
- Mixed dual-dual core + dual-quad core Xeons, 240 cores total, 2 GB memory per core, Gb backplane. (Some owned by other researchers)
- 261.4 TB dedicated HEP (CMS) + 6TB user storage interfaced via Lustre

#### **Special nodes**

- **Hugin** basic login node, Frontier Server
- **Munin** –basic login node, ITB storage element

### **Testwulf (ITB resource)**

- Test Cluster
- 2 worker nodes

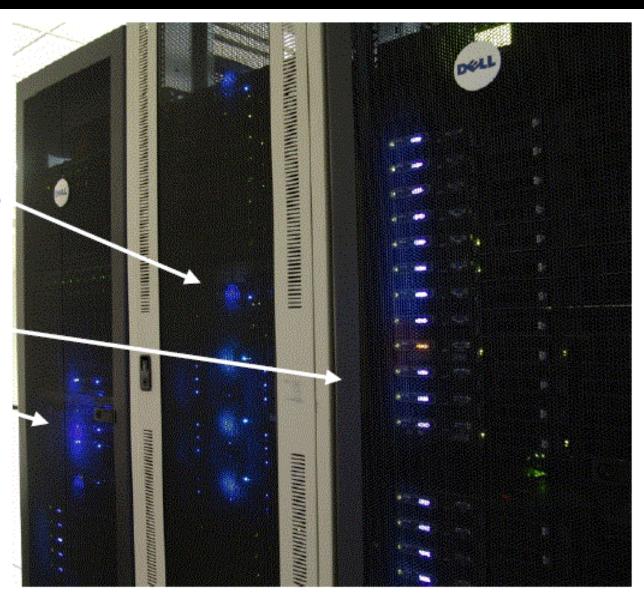
### Antaeus Cluster



Head and service nodes

Worker nodes

Related grid services



# TTU Main Campus - HPCC Primary Linux Clusters



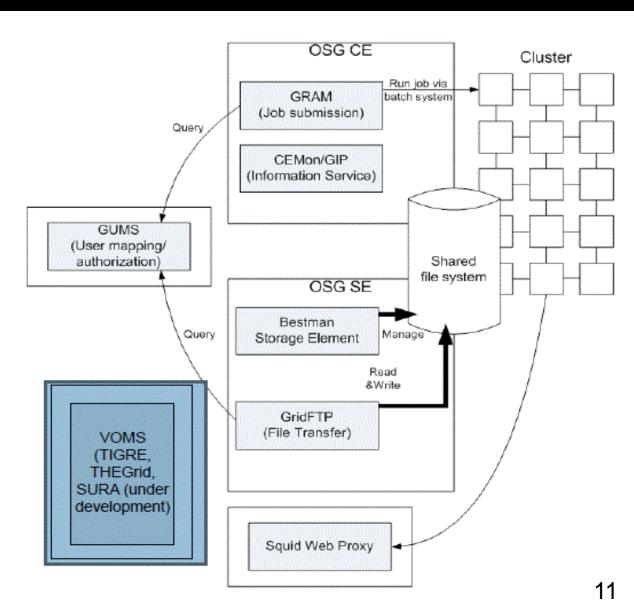
#### **Grendel (primary parallel computing resource)**

- Ranked 175 in the November 2009 Top 500 list, achieving 33.5 Teraflop/s max sustained and 40 Teraflop/s peak performance in LinPack test
- 420 dual slot quad core nodes with Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5450 processors for a total of 3360 cores
- Each node has two Intel 5450 Quad Core 64 bit processors on a single board, as an SMP unit. Each node contains 16 GB of memory
- The core frequency is 3.0 GHz
- The core's are connected with DDR Infiniband, with a rating of 40.2 Tflop peak performance
- Interconnect: 4X DDR Non-Blocking InfiniBand
- A 80 TB Lustre file system runs over Infiniband
- HPCC website : <a href="http://www.hpcc.ttu.edu/">http://www.hpcc.ttu.edu/</a>

## TTU Tier-3 site configuration



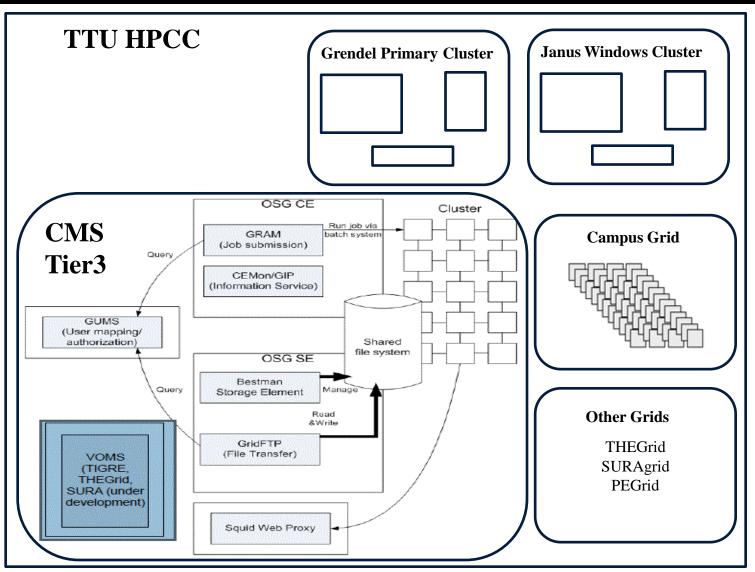
Basically the same as an OSG medium site, with additional services for other VOs



# TTU Tier-3 site configuration



Our T3 exists and is supported in the context of other clusters in the TTU High Performance Computing Center



## TTU Tier-3 Current Status and Capabilities



#### **CPU** power:

- Community Cluster HEP, Chemistry group, HPCC
- Theoretically total 240 cores, two are down and out of warranty
- HEP 144 cores,
  - 128 Xeon core available to cms queue + 16 core interactive login (HEP group)
- Chemistry 64 cores, HPCC 32 cores

#### **Storage:**

- 261.4 TB dedicated HEP disk space, 6 TB general use
- PhEDEx production T3\_US\_TTU instance
- SRMv2 interface (BeStMan-2.2.1.3.13) to cluster storage

#### **Software & Batch system:**

- Rocks 5.3 based on CentosOS 5.4
- Oracle Grid Engine (previously known as Sun Grid Engine)

### TTU Tier-3 installation methods



#### **CE** and worker node base grid software:

- OSG-1.2.11 on CE, uses prima authentication
- CMS software (CMSSW) is automatically installed
- Monitoring: SAM, Gratia, RSV, MonaLisa and Ganglia,

#### **GUMS:**

OSG supplemented by TIGRE VO

#### **VOMS:**

• Used to support TIGRE, THEGrid and SURA, PEGrid

#### FroNtier and squid:

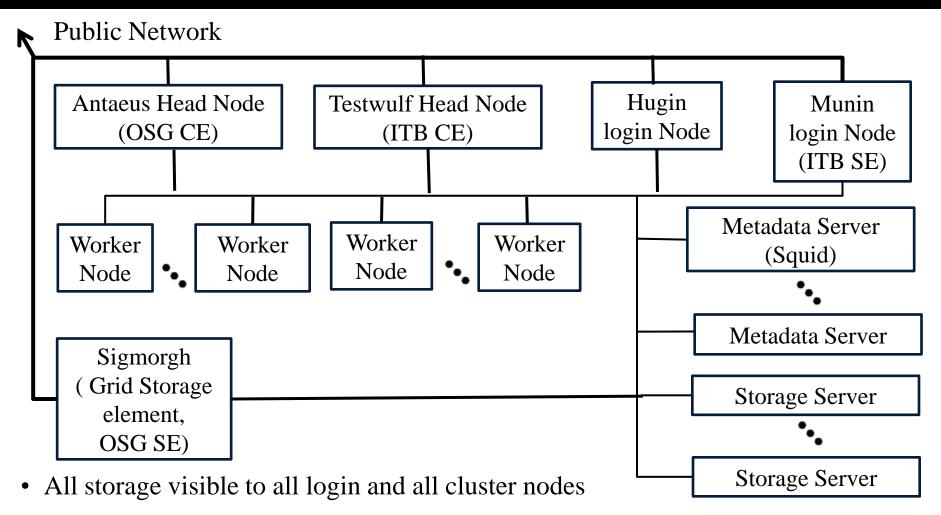
• CMS

#### **Storage (BeStMan):**

• BeStMan-2.2.1.3.13

# Worker node and storage layout



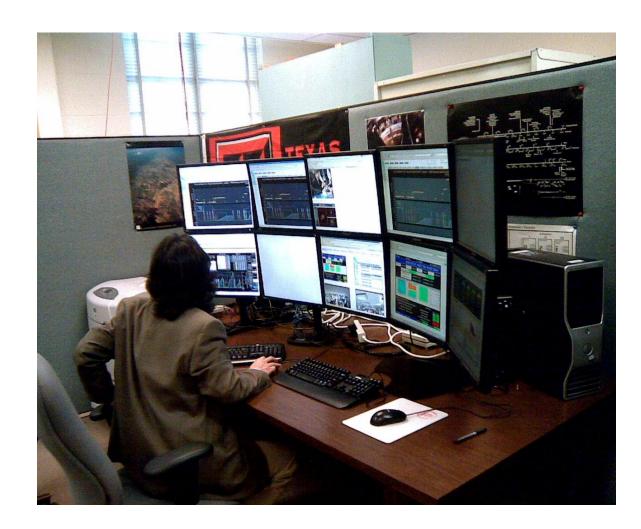


- Public network access through grid storage elements
- Logical partition of storage servers adjustable via Lustre

### CMS center



- 12 monitor, two dual core system
- Periodic Shifts
   according to US
   times to support on
   global basis
- Official offline
   CSP CMS shifts
- Count towards requirement of CMS authorship



# Way ahead



- Integrate HEP office desktops with shared file system
- Use the Grendel's idle time to submit jobs as it is 20 times faster
- Virtualization multiple copies of GUMS, Frontier db
- REDDnet (Research and Education Data Depot network) initiation
- Improve the CMS CSP facility

## Current problems and general topics for discussion



- Queue advertisement
  - Control advertisement of queues to include only those available to grid users by VO, so that CMS jobs are not submitted to the wrong queues
  - Blacklist/whitelist parameters in the config.ini script helped
- Grid jobs in general & CMS jobs, do not clean up after execution. What are the best practices?
- If all the jobs occupy all the queues, there no room for monitoring jobs. Hence, monitoring jobs should run at high priorities
- Pilot jobs have increased from UCSD
  - violation of grid certificate usage
  - certificate is assigned to each pilot job instead of assigning it to a person

