





#### 2011 OSG Summer School

# An introduction to **Overlay systems**

Also known as

**Pilot systems** 

by Igor Sfiligoi University of California San Diego





#### Summary of past lessons

- HTC is maximizing CPU use over long periods
  - And getting lots of computation done
- DHTC is HTC over many sites
- Grid sites have a CE with an abstract API
- Direct Grid submission requires job partitioning
  - Job partitioning is hard





### Overlay systems

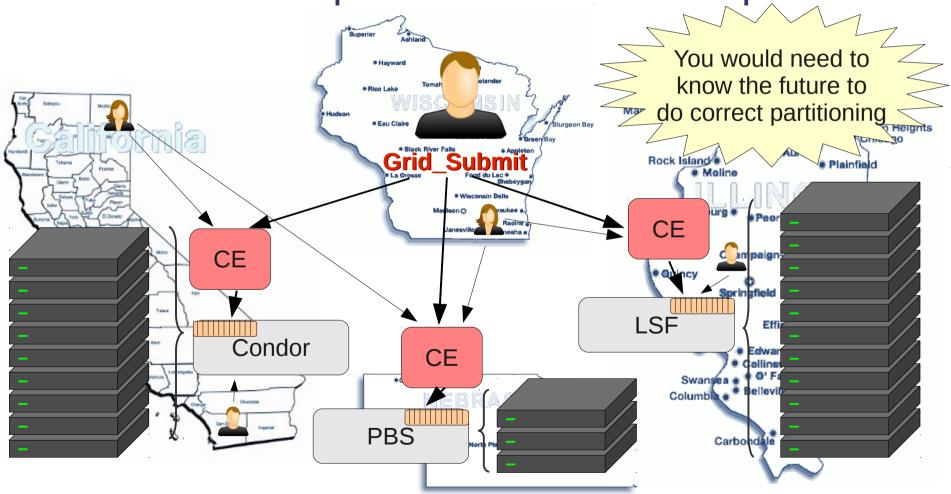
# Overlay systems in the DHTC context





# Why is job partitioning hard?

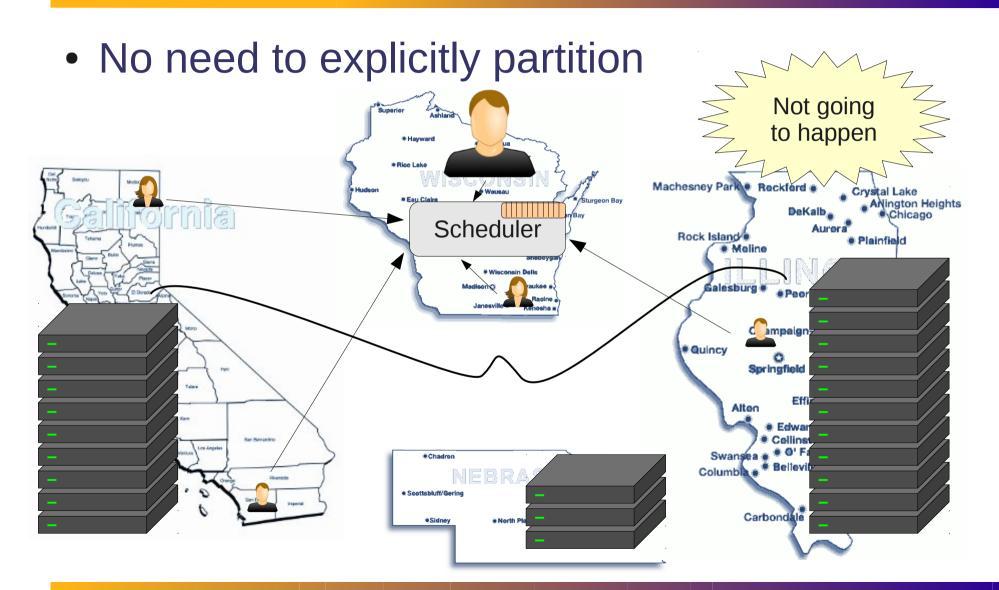
• Intermediate queues with unknown policies





# If only we could have a global scheduler







# Why we cannot have a global scheduler



- Existing infrastructure
- Local users, local policies
- Money & politics
- Being able to work when WAN goes down

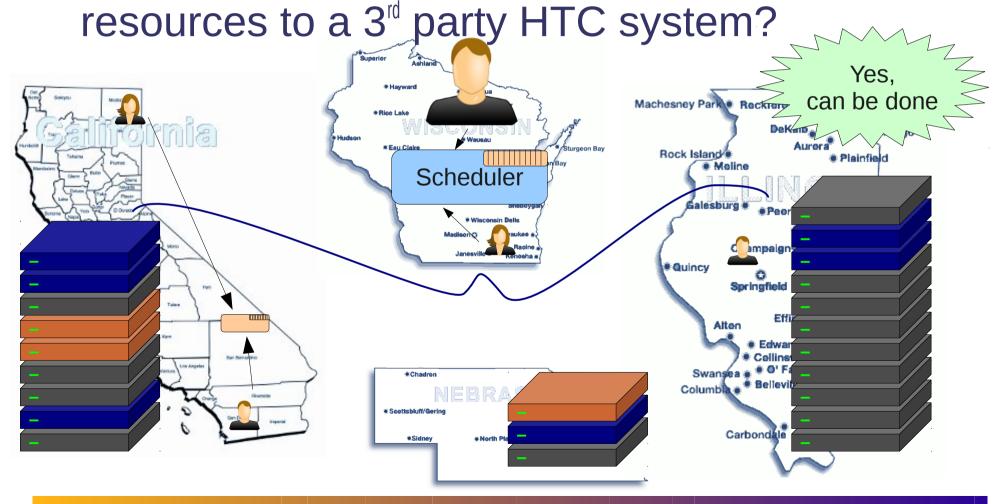
• ...





#### What about a subset?

• Can we convince the sites to lease some of the







### Resource leasing

 The global scheduler owns the leased resources simple HTC Machesney Park Rockford Anlington Heights
Chicago Rock Island Plainfield. Scheduler Peoria Champaign Quincy Springfield Effingham . Edwardsville Columbia . Scottsbluff/Gering Marion Carbondale





#### How do we lease in the Grid

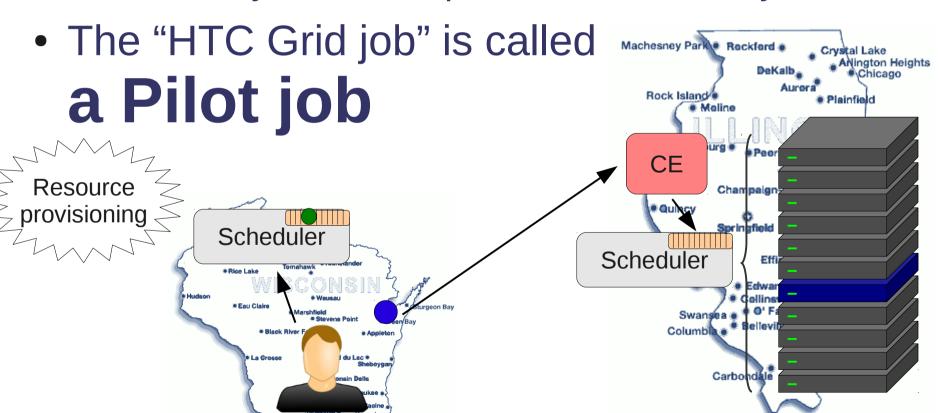
 Each Grid job is a lease Sites don't limit So let's submit what users submit Machesney Park Rockford Crystal Lake a HTC system ANington Heights DeKalb. Chicago Rock Island Plainfield as a Grid job CE Submit htc.jdl Champaign \* Quincy Scheduler Columbia Carbond





## Overlay system

- We effectively create an overlay system
  - A HTC system on top of another HTC system

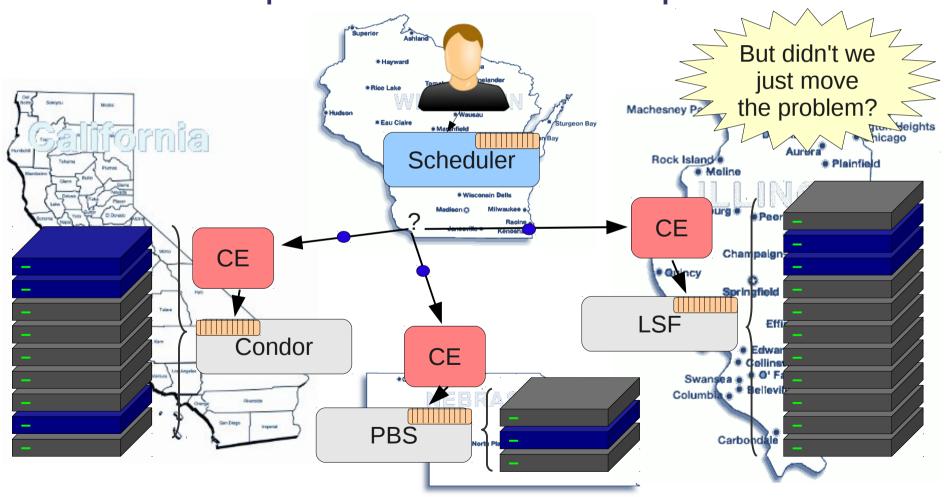






### Hiding the D from DHTC

Just a simple HTC from a user point of view







### Provisioning not as hard

- Main problem in user job partitioning
  - All jobs are important!
  - User interested in when the last job finishes
- In pilot job "partitioning"
  - All jobs are the same
  - User interested in the total number of resources provisioned







### Pilot systems in real life

- glideinWMS
  - Used by several OSG VOs, including CMS



- PANDA
  - Used mostly by ATLAS
- DIRAC
  - Not used in OSG, used by LHCb







# A high level overview of glideinWMS





### What is glideinWMS

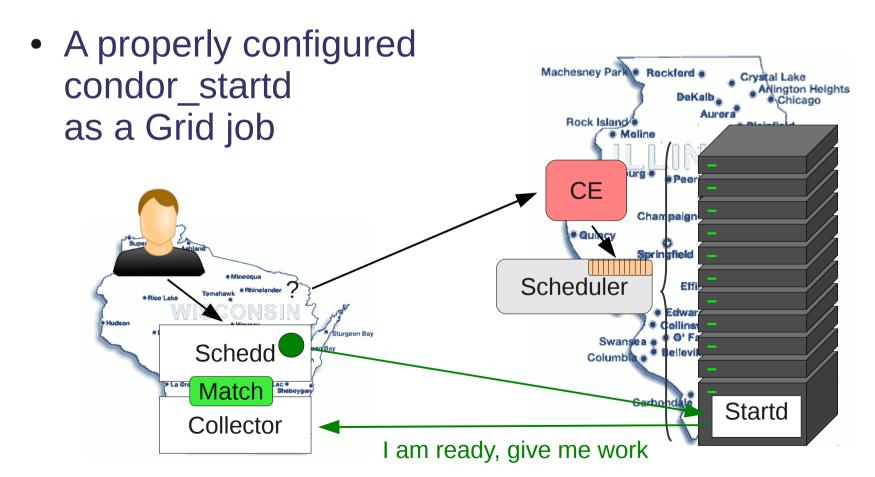
- A pilot system based on Condor
  - Condor as a global HTC system
  - Additional glideinWMS processes used to create and submit the pilot jobs
- Developed by CMS (as a generalization of CDF work)
  - Based on original Condor glidein work
- Home page: http://tinyurl.com/glideinWMS





# Glidein = Condor pilot

#### Glidein

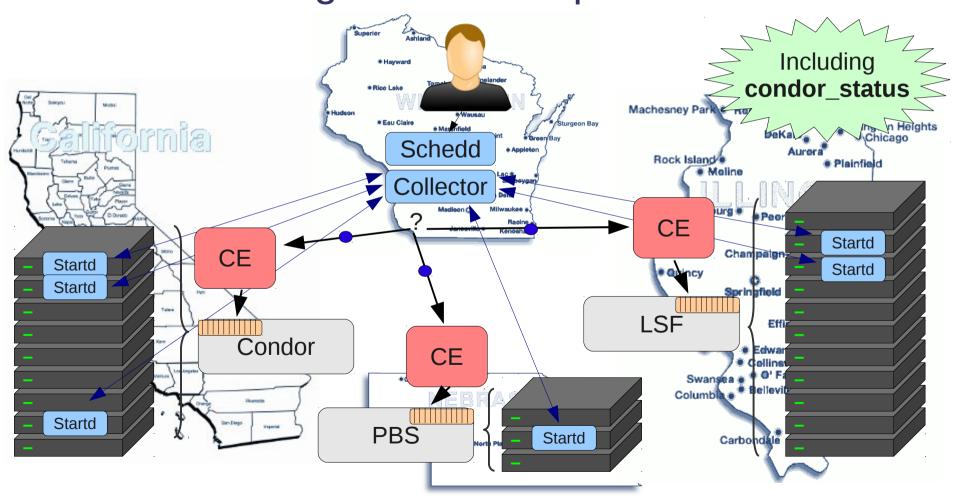








Just like a regular Condor pool for the user









Startd

• glideinWMS processes are the ones that actually configure and submit the glideins

The user does not need to do anything

• Condor-G used under the hood

Rock Island

I am ready, give me work

Collector





#### Resource selection

- Users may want to run only on a subset of resources
  - i.e. have some requirements
- You don't want to provision resources that user jobs will not use!
  - glideinWMS thus does matchmaking





### glideinWMS matchmaking

- Not as sophisticated as the rest of Condor
- Policy centralized in glideinWMS
  - No "requirements" expression in job ClassAd
- On the plus side, very easy on users
  - Just add an attribute
  - Typical basic setup has +DESIRED Sites="..." (startd requirements contain stringListMember(GLIDEIN Site, DESIRED Sites)=?=True)

Overlay systems 20

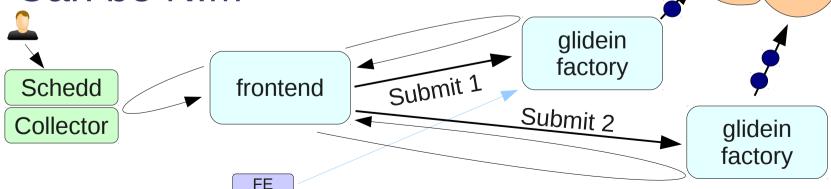


#### Architecture



Grid

- Separates glidein submission from matchmaking
  - Factory knows about sites and advertises their existence (w/attrs)
  - Frontend does the matchmaking and regulates number of glideins
- Can be N:M

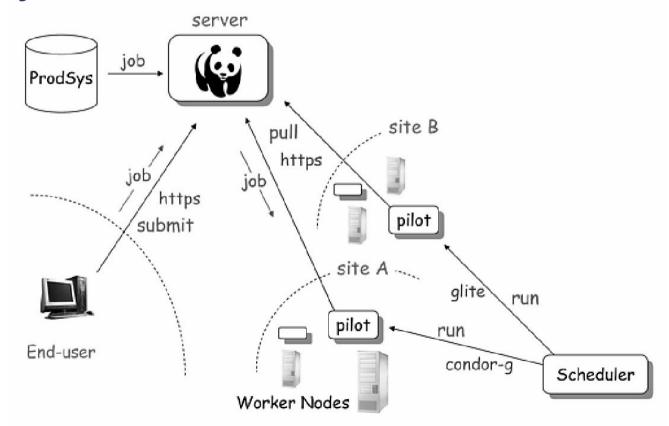




#### PANDA



- High level overview, just for comparison
- Heavily based on Web standards







#### Get your hands dirty

- This is all the theory you need to know for now
- Exercise time

Feel free to ask question