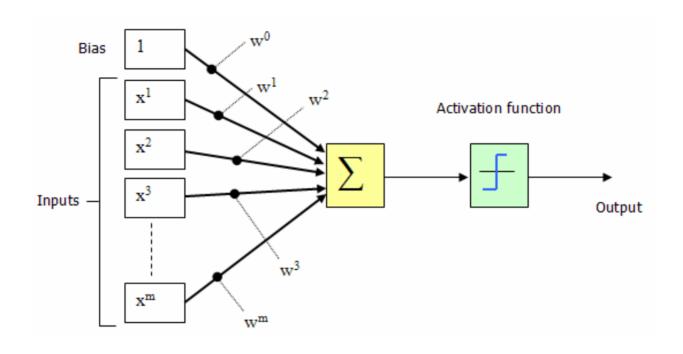
University of Toronto (Mississauga Campus)

# CSC411- Machine Learning and Data Mining- Neural Network

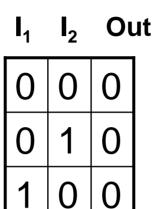
Tutorial 3 – Feb 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2007

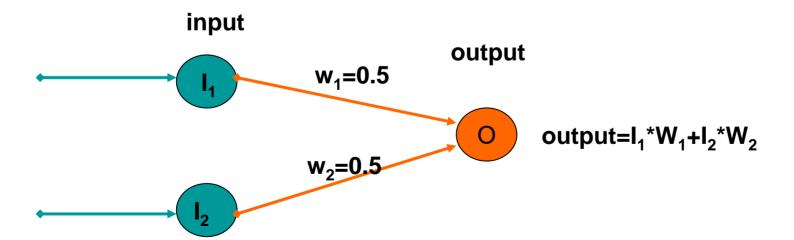
## Single layer network (Perceptron)



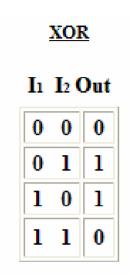
$$\sum_{i=1}^m bias + (w^i x^i)$$

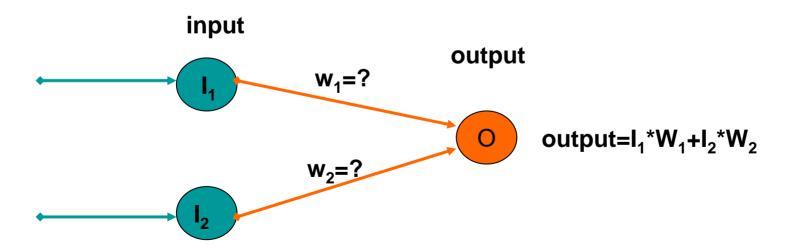
# **AND Problem:**



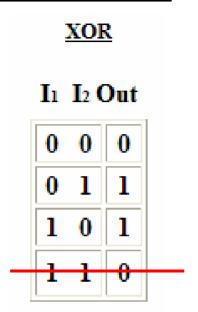


# **The Classic XOR Problem:**

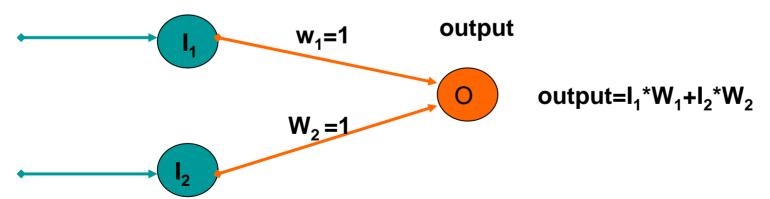




# **The Classic XOR Problem:**



# input



## **The Classic XOR Problem:**

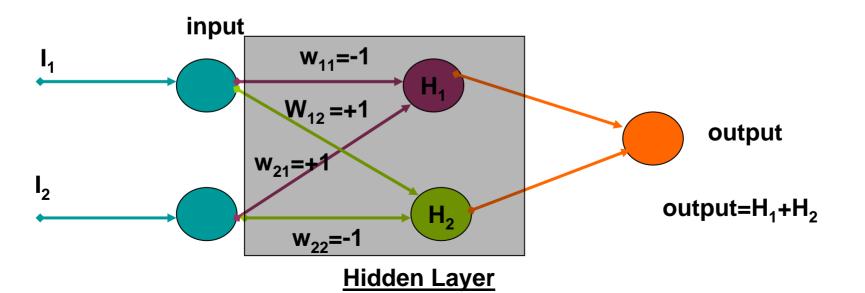
#### XOR

#### I<sub>1</sub> I<sub>2</sub> Out

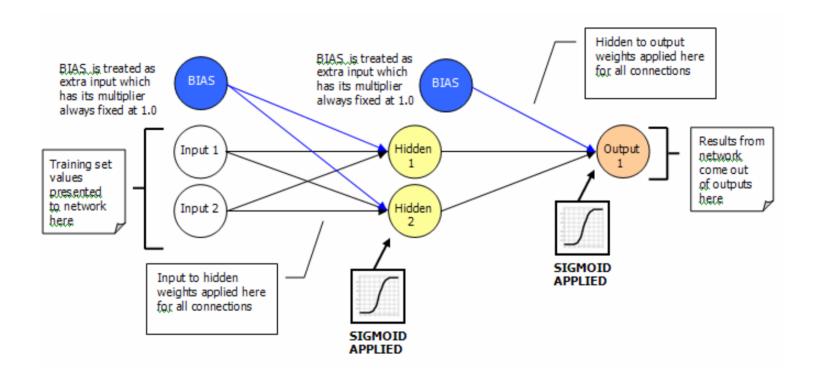
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

$$H_1 = I_1 \times w_{11} + I_2 \times w_{21}$$

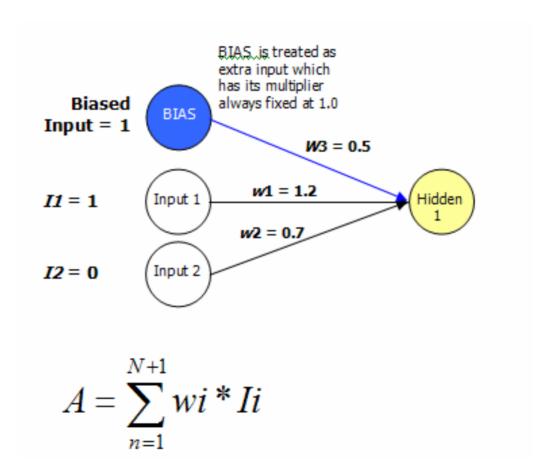
$$H_2 = I_2 \times w_{12} + I_2 \times w_{22}$$



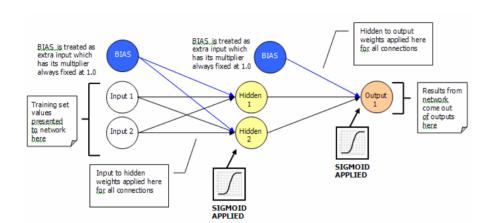
## **Multiple layers**



### **Multiple layers**



#### Solve the XOR problem using Back Propagation algorithm



$$y = g(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\frac{dg}{dx} = g'(x) = g(x)(1 - g(x))$$

delta\_outputs[i] = outputs[i] \* (1.0 - outputs[i]) \* (targets[i] - outputs[i])