Anharmonic Group Elements as Generated by Machine

Ed Rogers

March 2011

$$[-X, H_0] = \lambda^2 (6 \cdot \beta_{21}) (B^6 + A^6) + \lambda^2 (6 \cdot \beta_{15}) (B^6 - A^6)$$

$$+ \lambda^2 (4 \cdot \beta_{22}) (B^5 A + BA^5) + \lambda^2 (4 \cdot \beta_{16}) (B^5 A - BA^5)$$

$$+ \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{23}) (B^4 A^2 + B^2 A^4) + \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{17}) (B^4 A^2 - B^2 A^4)$$

$$+ \lambda (4 \cdot \beta_8) (B^4 + A^4) + \lambda (4 \cdot \beta_5) (B^4 - A^4)$$

$$+ \lambda^2 (4 \cdot \beta_{24}) (B^4 + A^4) + \lambda^2 (4 \cdot \beta_{18}) (B^4 - A^4)$$

$$+ \lambda (2 \cdot \beta_9) (B^3 A + BA^3) + \lambda (2 \cdot \beta_6) (B^3 A - BA^3)$$

$$+ \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{25}) (B^3 A + BA^3) + \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{19}) (B^3 A - BA^3)$$

$$+ \lambda (2 \cdot \beta_{10}) (B^2 + A^2) + \lambda (2 \cdot \beta_7) (B^2 - A^2)$$

$$+ \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{26}) (B^2 + A^2) + \lambda^2 (2 \cdot \beta_{20}) (B^2 - A^2)$$