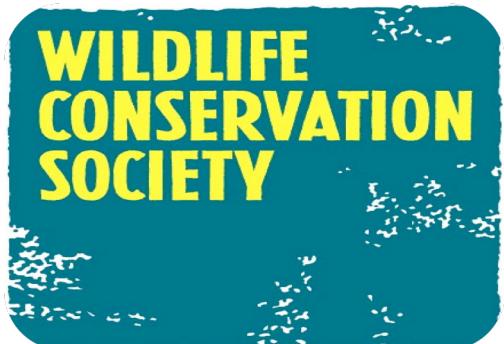

AI-BASED SOLUTIONS FOR WILDLIFE SECURITY

Thanh H. Nguyen
Computer and Information Science
University of Oregon

Collaborations

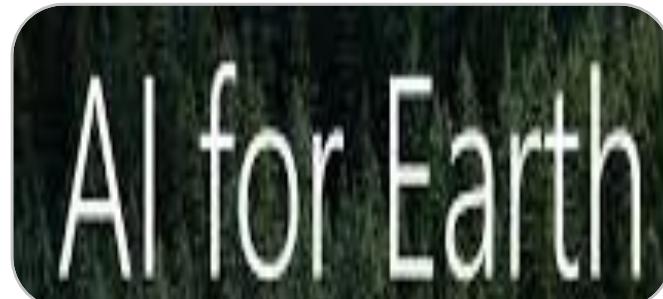


USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck
School of Social Work

USC Viterbi
School of Engineering

USC CENTER FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN SOCIETY

Carnegie Mellon University
School of Computer Science



Deployed AI-based Application: Protection Assistant for Wildlife Security (PAWS)



WCS



WWF



Panthera



Uganda



Indonesia



Malaysia

Field study in Indonesia



Wildlife Protection

Wildlife



Snares for poaching



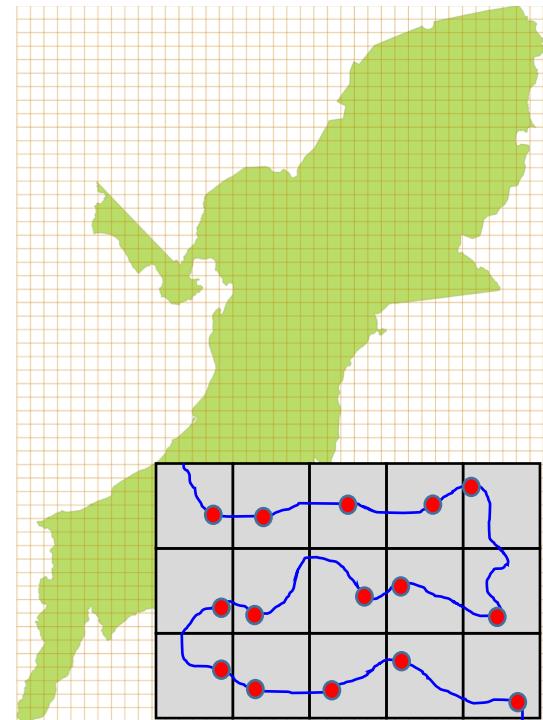
Rangers patrolling



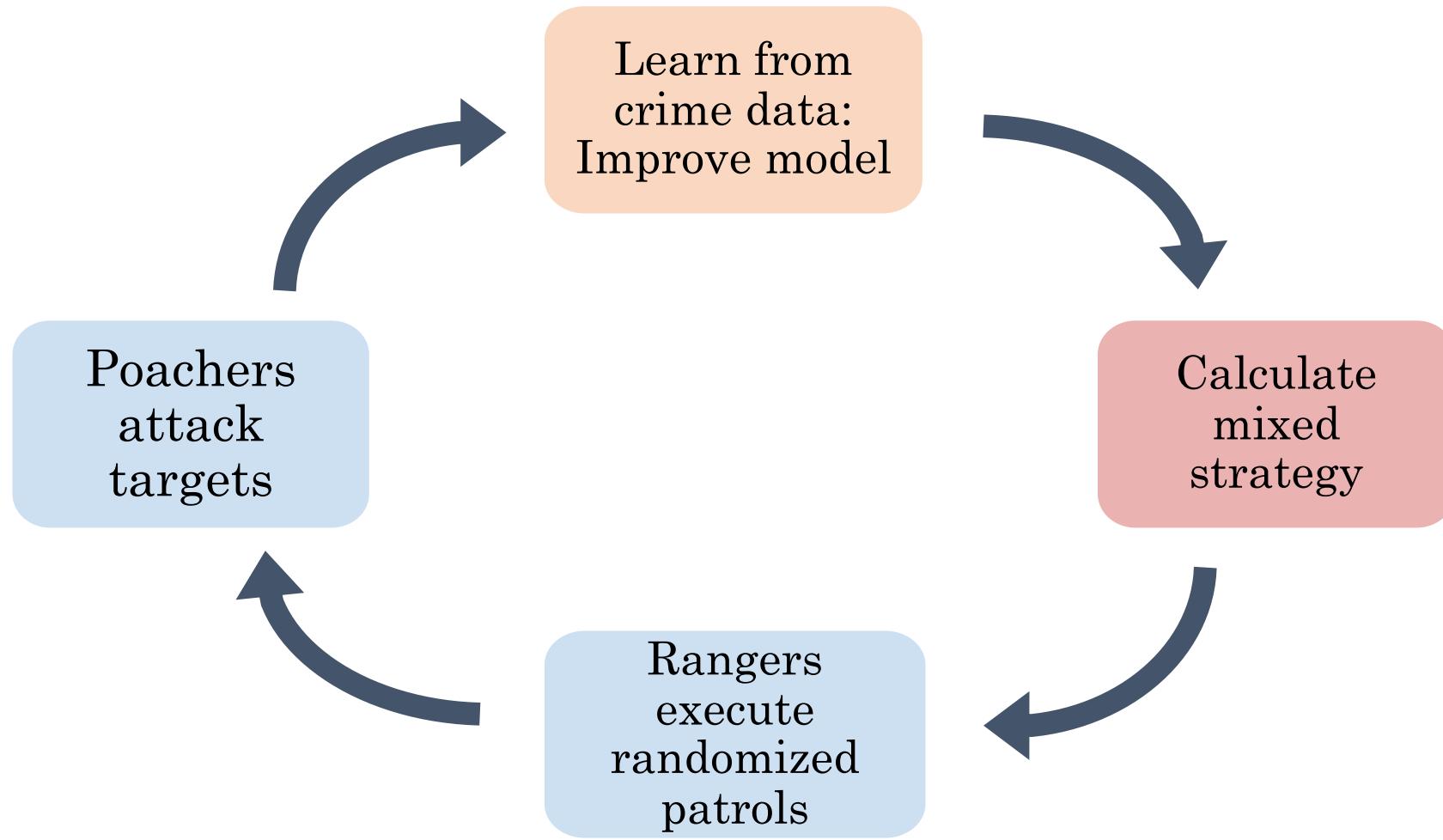
Wildlife Protection: Security Game Model

- Forest area
 - Divided into a grid, cell ~ target
 - Target values: e.g. animal density
- Rangers
 - Conduct patrols
- Poachers
 - Set trapping tools (e.g. snare)

Queen Elizabeth National Park
(QENP)



PAWS: Repeated Security Game Model



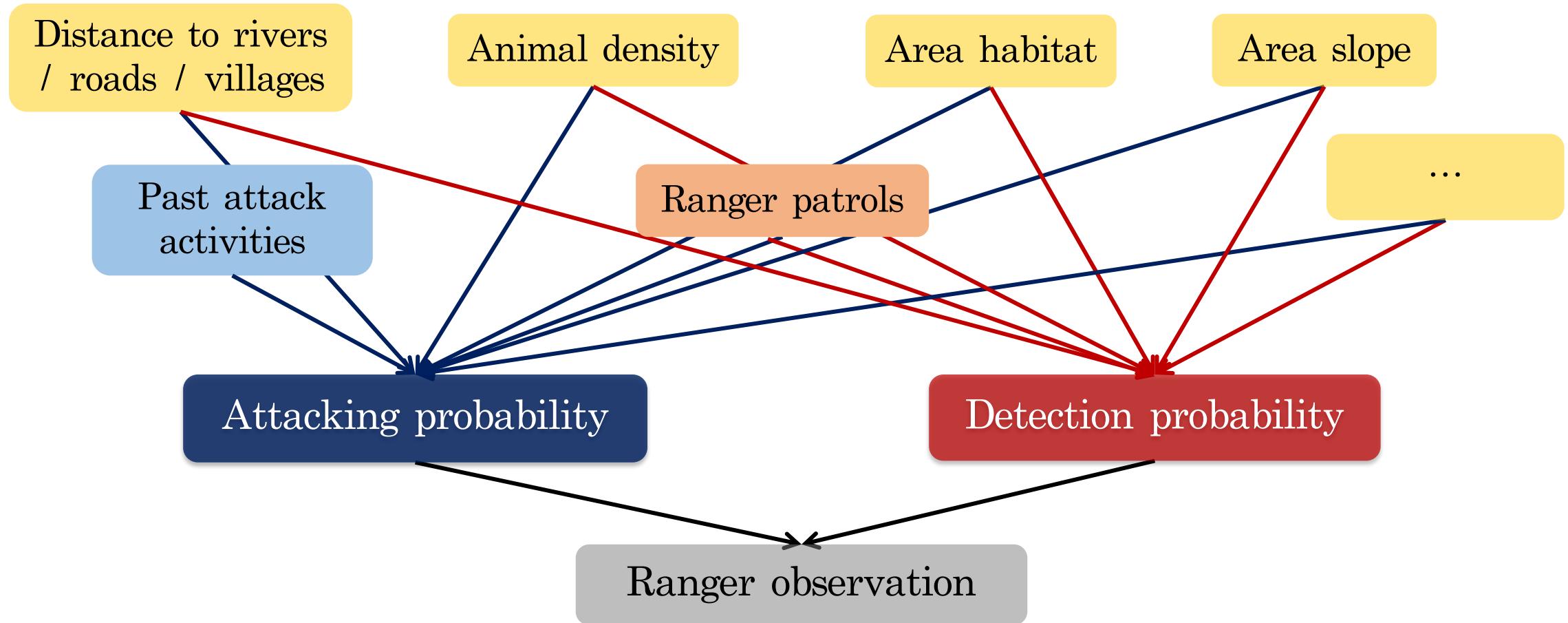
Poacher Behavioral Modeling and Learning: Research Question

How to Model Human Poacher Behavior
in Real World?

CHALLENGE

- Take into account domain features
- Handle complex temporal dependence of behavior
- Cope with imperfect observations of poaching

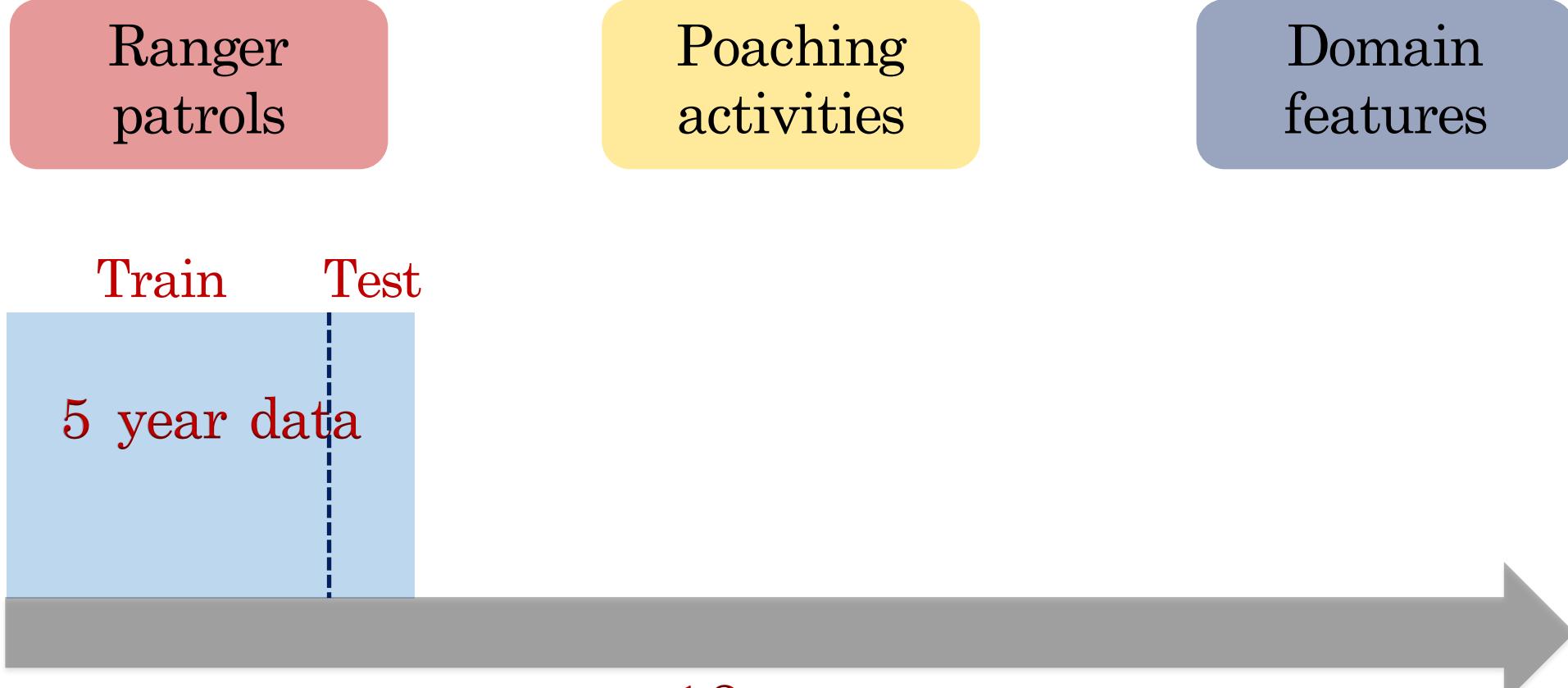
CAPTURE Model



Model Evaluation

- Behavioral models
 - CAPTURE model
 - Machine learning models: Support Vector Machine (SVM), Logistic regression
- Real-world patrol/poaching data
 - Queen Elizabeth National Park (QENP): $\sim 2500 \text{ km}^2$
 - 12-year patrols
 - ~ 125000 observations
 - 6 types of illegal activities

Real-world Data of 12 Years



Model Comparison

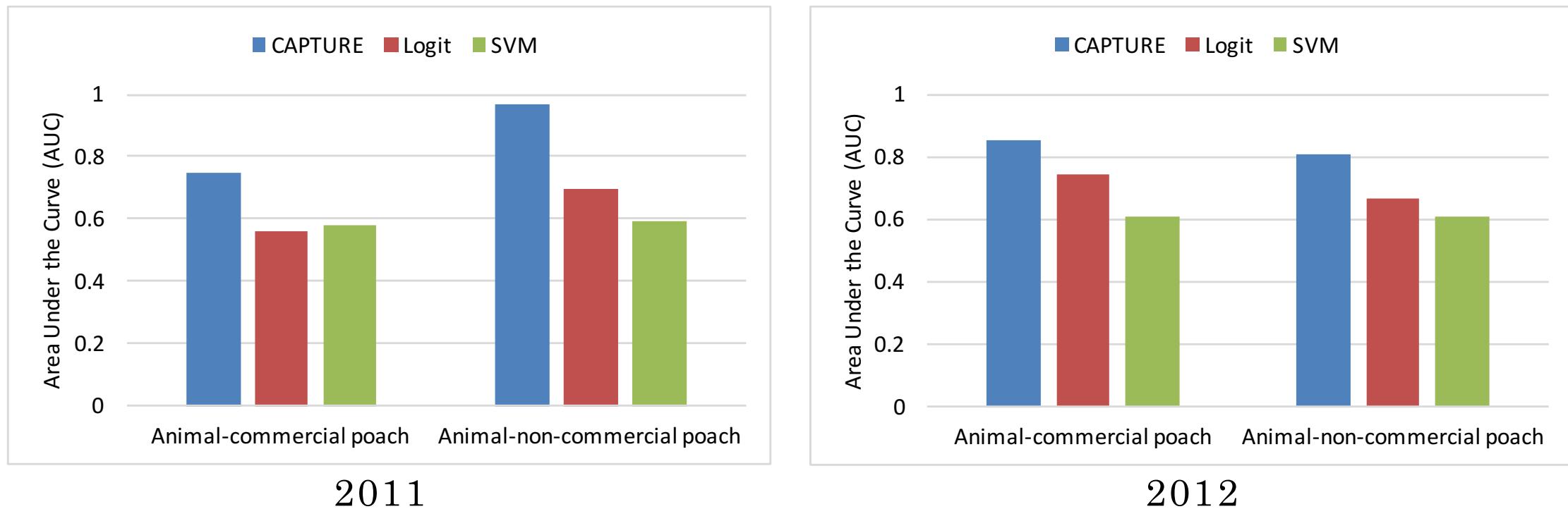
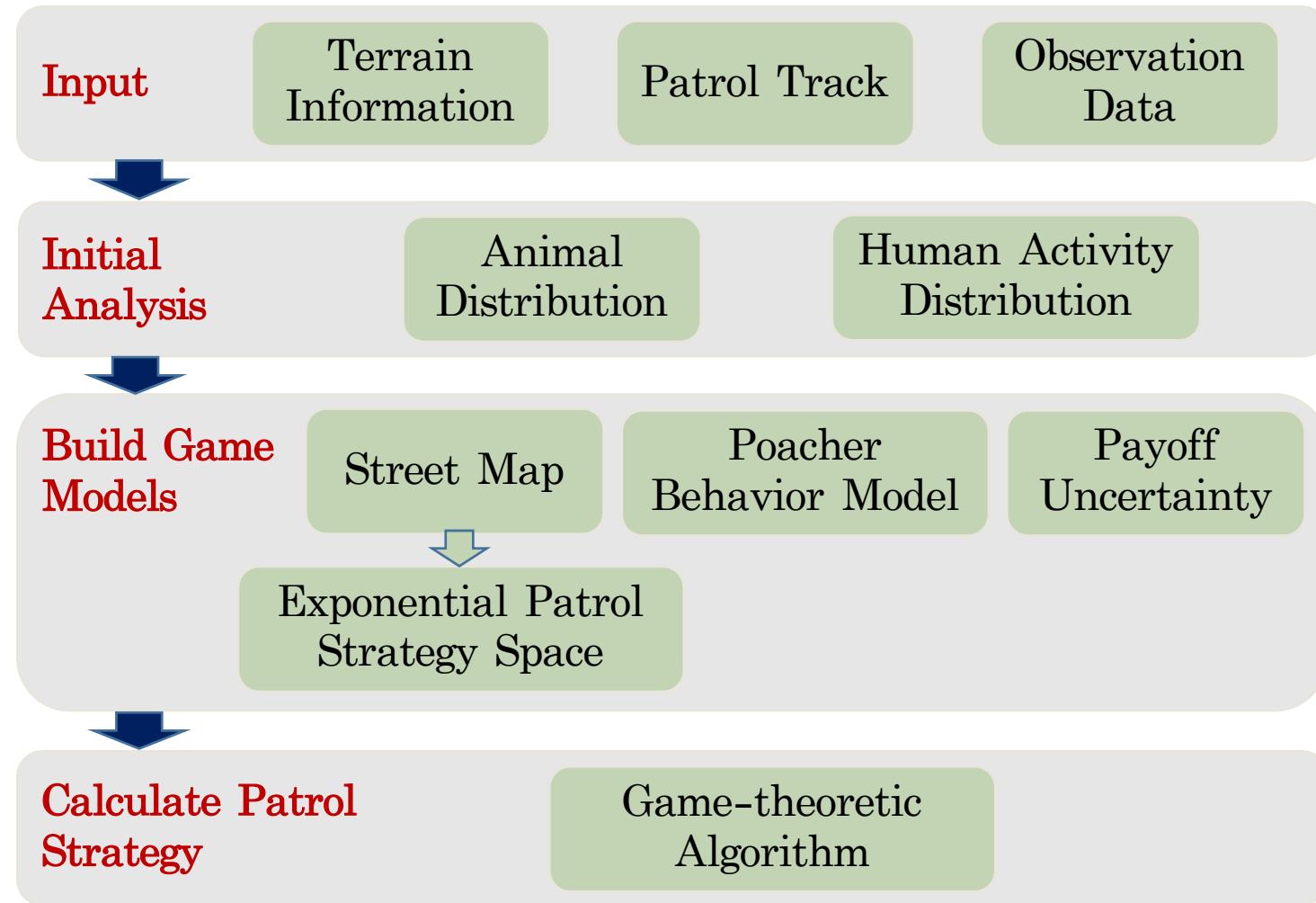


Figure 1: AUC for predicting poaching in dry season

Patrol Planning Overview



PAWS Tested in Malaysia: Build Street Map



PAWS Tested in Malaysia

- Challenges
 - Poacher behavior model
 - Animal density uncertainty
 - Ranger exponential action space
- Tested in Malaysia



Tiger sign (Nov 14)



Human sign (Jul 15)

Patrol Types	All PAWS Patrol	Explorative PAWS Patrol	Previous Patrol
Total Distance (km)	130.11	20.1	624.75
Avg# Human Signs per km	0.86	1.09	0.57
Avg# Animal Signs per km	0.41	0.44	0.18



Human sign (Aug 15)



Human sign (Aug 15)

Latest Results (USC CAIS)

USC Center for
Artificial Intelligence in Society

- Poacher behavior modeling:
 - Imperfect crime observation-aware ensemble model [2016]
- Patrol planning:
 - Integrating real-time “SPOT” information [2018]
 - Drone used to inform rangers [2019]

PAWS Real-world Deployment in Uganda: Two Hot Spots Predicted

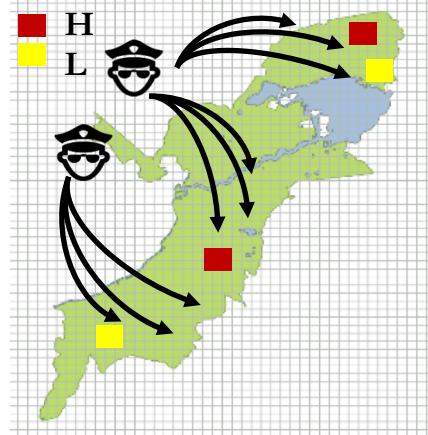
USC Center for
Artificial Intelligence in Society



Historical Base Hit Rate	PAWS Hit Rate
Average: 0.73	3



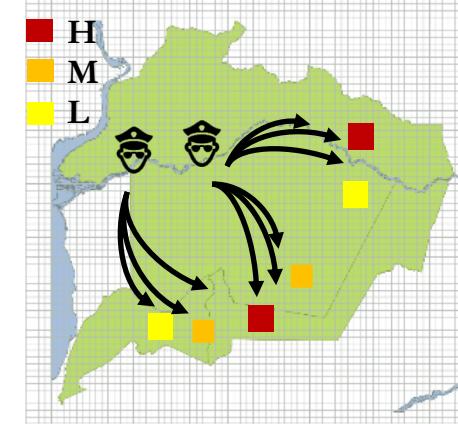
PAWS Predicted High vs Low Risk Areas: 2 National Parks, 24 areas each, 6 months [2017]



Queen
Elizabeth
National
Park

Snares per patrolled sq. KM

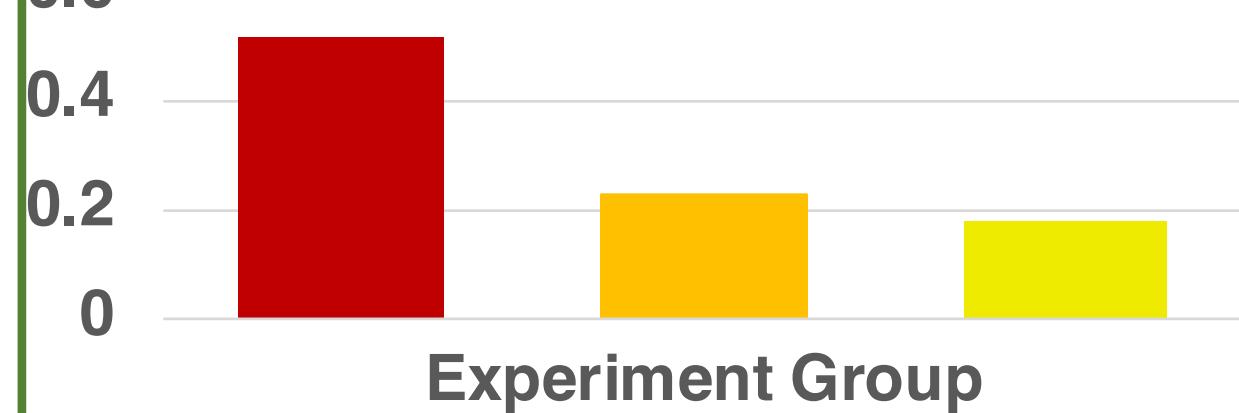
■ High-risk ■ Low-risk



Murchison
Falls
National
Park

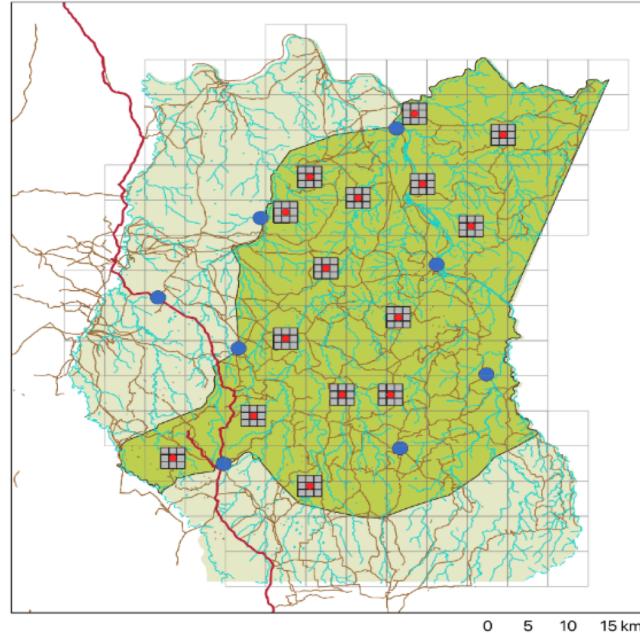
Snares per patrolled sq. KM

■ High-risk ■ Medium-risk ■ Low-risk



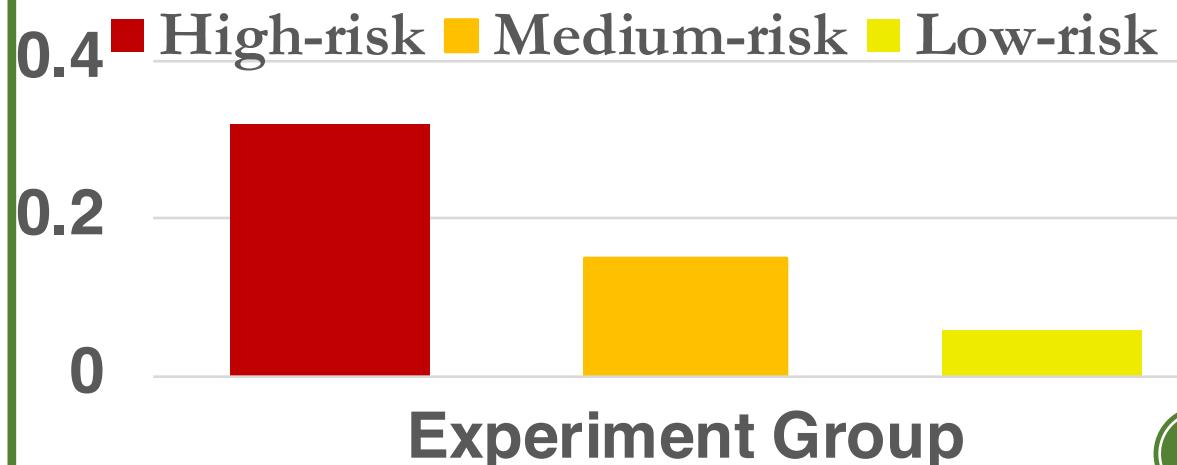
PAWS Real-world Deployment in Cambodia: Srepok Wildlife Sanctuary [2018-2019]

USC Center for
Artificial Intelligence in Society

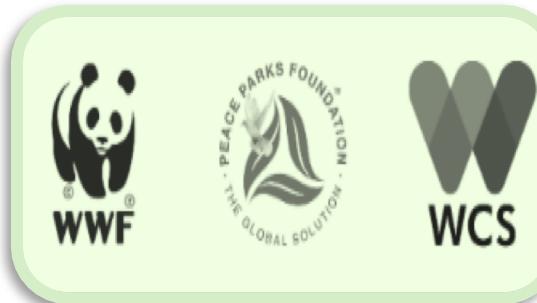


- *521 snares/month PAWS tests*
- vs
- *101 snares/month 2018*

Snares per patrolled sq. KM



Green Security Games: Around the Globe with SMART Partnership [2019]



**Protect Wildlife
600
National Parks
Around the Globe**

Also: Protect Forests, Fisheries...



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