peertube playbook.yaml:

```
- name: Install Peertube
 remote_user: root
 vars_files:
   - vars.yaml
- name: Print all available facts
    var: ansible_facts
- name: install python3-apt and gpg
  apt:
      - python3-apt
      - gpg
- name: Install the gpg key for nodejs LTS
    url: https://deb.nodesource.com/gpgkey/nodesource.gpg.key
    state: present
- name: Install the nodejs LTS repos
  apt_repository:
    repo: "deb https://deb.nodesource.com/node 14.x {{ ansible facts['distribution release'] }} main"
    state: present
    update_cache: yes
- name: Install dependencies
    name: "{{ item }}"
    state: present
  loop: [curl, sudo, unzip, vim, nodejs, python3-dev, python-is-python3, certbot, nginx, ffmpeg, postgresql, postgresql-contrib, openssl, g++,
make, redis-server, git, cron, wget]
- name: Create peertube user
    name: peertube
    home: /var/www/peertube
    password: $6$mysecretsalt$qJbapG68nyRab3gxvKWPUcs2g3t0oMHSHMnSKecYNpSi3CuZm.GbBqXO8BE6EI6P1JUefhA0qvD7b5LSh./PU1
```

```
- name: Install psycopg2
  apt:
   name: python3-psycopg2
   state: present
- name: Create postgres user
 become: yes
 become user: postgres
  community.postgresql.postgresql_user:
   name: "peertube"
   password: "peertube"
   db: peertube_prod
- name: create postgresql db
 become: true
 become_user: postgres
 community.postgresql.postgresql_db:
   name: "peertube prod"
- name: Add postgresql extensions
 become: true
 become_user: postgres
  community.postgresql.postgresql_ext:
   db: peertube_prod
   name: "{{ item }}"
 loop: [pg_trgm, unaccent]
- name: Create directories
 become: true
  become_user: peertube
 file:
   path: "{{ item }}"
   state: directory
 loop:
   - /var/www/peertube/config
   - /var/www/peertube/storage
   - /var/www/peertube/versions
- name: Download peertube zip
 become: true
  become_user: peertube
  get_url:
   url: https://github.com/Chocobozzz/PeerTube/releases/download/v4.1.1/peertube-v4.1.1.zip
   dest: /var/www/peertube/versions
```

```
- name: Extract peertube zip
  become: true
 become_user: peertube
 unarchive:
   src: /var/www/peertube/versions/peertube-v4.1.1.zip
   dest: /var/www/peertube/versions
   remote_src: yes
- name: Link peertube version
  become: true
 become_user: peertube
 file:
   src: /var/www/peertube/versions/peertube-v4.1.1
   dest: /var/www/peertube/peertube-latest
   state: link
- name: Ensure apt-transport-https is installed
 apt:
   name: apt-transport-https
- name: Add Yarn apt key
 apt_key:
   url: https://dl.yarnpkg.com/debian/pubkey.gpg
- name: Add Yarn repository
 apt_repository:
   repo: "deb https://dl.yarnpkg.com/debian/ stable main"
   filename: yarn
- name: Install Yarn
 apt:
   name: yarn
- name: Install yarn dependencies
 become: true
 become user: peertube
  community.general.yarn:
   path: /var/www/peertube/peertube-latest
   production: true
   # --pure-lockfile
- name: Copy default config file
 become: true
  become_user: peertube
  copy:
```

```
src: /var/www/peertube/peertube-latest/config/default.yaml
   dest: /var/www/peertube/config/default.yaml
   remote_src: yes
- name: Copy configuration file
 become: true
 become_user: peertube
 template:
   src: production.yaml.j2
   dest: "/var/www/peertube/config/production.yaml"
   owner: peertube
   group: peertube
   mode: 0644
- name: Copy nginx configuration file
 template:
   src: nginx.conf.j2
   dest: /etc/nginx/sites-available/peertube
- name: Activate nginx peertube site
 file:
   src: /etc/nginx/sites-available/peertube
   dest: /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/peertube
   state: link
- name: Restart NGINX
 service:
   name: nginx
   state: restarted
- name: Copy systemd service config
 template:
   src: peertube.service.j2
   dest: /etc/systemd/system/peertube.service
- name: Restart systemctl service
   name: peertube
   daemon_reload: yes
   enabled: yes
   state: restarted
```

vars.yaml

peertube_domain: peertube.edt

hosts

peertube.edt

nginx.conf.j2

```
# Minimum Nginx version required: 1.13.0 (released Apr 25, 2017)
# Please check your Nginx installation features the following modules via 'nginx -V':
# STANDARD HTTP MODULES: Core, Proxy, Rewrite, Access, Gzip, Headers, HTTP/2, Log, Real IP, SSL, Thread Pool, Upstream, AIO Multithreading.
# THIRD PARTY MODULES: None.
upstream backend {
server 127.0.0.1:9000;
server {
listen 80;
server_name {{ peertube_domain }};
\verb|access_log|/var/log/nginx/peertube.access.log; # reduce I/O with buffer=10m flush=5m|
error_log /var/log/nginx/peertube.error.log;
location ^~ '/.well-known/acme-challenge' {
  default_type "text/plain";
  root /var/www/certbot;
# Application
location @api {
  proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
  proxy_set_header Host
                                  $host;
```

```
proxy_set_header X-Real-IP
                                 $remote_addr;
  client_max_body_size 100k; # default is 1M
  proxy_connect_timeout 10m;
  proxy_send_timeout 10m;
  proxy_read_timeout 10m;
  send_timeout
  proxy_pass http://backend;
location / {
  try_files /dev/null @api;
location = /api/v1/videos/upload-resumable {
 client_max_body_size 0;
 proxy_request_buffering off;
  try_files /dev/null @api;
location ~ ^/api/v1/videos/(upload|([^/]+/studio/edit))$ {
  limit_except POST HEAD { deny all; }
  \sharp This is the maximum upload size, which roughly matches the maximum size of a video file.
  \# Note that temporary space is needed equal to the total size of all concurrent uploads.
  # This data gets stored in /var/lib/nginx by default, so you may want to put this directory
  # on a dedicated filesystem.
  client_max_body_size
                                           12G; # default is 1M
  add_header
                      X-File-Maximum-Size 8G always; # inform backend of the set value in bytes before mime-encoding (x * 1.4 >=
client_max_body_size)
  try_files /dev/null @api;
{\tt location ~ ^/api/v1/(videos|video-playlists|video-channels|users/me) ~ \{}
  client_max_body_size
                                          6M; # default is 1M
  add header
                      X-File-Maximum-Size 4M always; # inform backend of the set value in bytes before mime-encoding (x * 1.4 >=
client_max_body_size)
  try_files /dev/null @api;
```

```
##
# Websocket
location @api_websocket {
 proxy_http_version 1.1;
 proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
 proxy_set_header Host $host;
 proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
 proxy_set_header Connection "upgrade";
 proxy_pass http://backend;
location /socket.io {
 try_files /dev/null @api_websocket;
location /tracker/socket {
  \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Peers send a message to the tracker every 15 minutes
  # Don't close the websocket before then
proxy_read_timeout 15m; # default is 60s
 try_files /dev/null @api_websocket;
# Performance optimizations
# For extra performance please refer to https://github.com/denji/nginx-tuning
root /var/www/peertube/storage;
# Enable compression for JS/CSS/HTML, for improved client load times.
\mbox{\tt\#} It might be nice to compress JSON/XML as returned by the API, but
# leaving that out to protect against potential BREACH attack.
gzip
                on;
gzip_vary
gzip_types
                 # text/html is always compressed by HttpGzipModule
                  text/css
                  application/javascript
                  font/truetype
                  font/opentype
                  application/vnd.ms-fontobject
```

```
image/svg+xml;
 gzip min length 1000; # default is 20 bytes
                                      16 8k;
 gzip buffers
 gzip_comp_level 2; # default is 1
 client_body_timeout
                                                       30s; # default is 60
client_header_timeout 10s; # default is 60
 send timeout
                                                   10s; # default is 60
                                                   10s; # default is 75
10s; # default is 30
 keepalive timeout
 resolver_timeout
 reset timedout connection on;
 proxy_ignore_client_abort on;
                                                       on; # send headers in one piece
 tcp nopush
                                                       on; # don't buffer data sent, good for small data bursts in real time
 tcp_nodelay
 # If you have a small /var/lib partition, it could be interesting to store temp nginx uploads in a different place
  \verb§\# See https://nginx.org/en/docs/http/ngx_http_core_module.html#client_body_temp_path \\
 #client_body_temp_path /var/www/peertube/storage/nginx/;
 # Bypass PeerTube for performance reasons. Optional.
 # Should be consistent with client-overrides assets list in /server/controllers/client.ts
location ~
^/client/(assets/images/(icons/icon-36x36\.png|icons/icon-48x48\.png|icons/icon-72x72\.png|icons/icon-96x96\.png|icons/icon-144x144\.png|icons/icon-1
92 \times 192 \setminus png | icons/icon-512 \times 512 \setminus png | logo \setminus .svg | favicon \setminus .png | default-playlist \setminus .jpg | default-avatar-account \setminus .png | default-avatar-account \cap .png | default-account \cap .png | default-account \cap .png | def
t-avatar-video-channel\.png|default-avatar-video-channel-48x48\.png))$ {
     add_header Cache-Control "public, max-age=31536000, immutable"; # Cache 1 year
     root /var/www/peertube;
    try files /storage/client-overrides/$1 /peertube-latest/client/dist/$1 @api;
 # Bypass PeerTube for performance reasons. Optional.
 add_header Cache-Control "public, max-age=31536000, immutable"; # Cache 1 year
    alias /var/www/peertube/peertube-latest/client/dist/$1;
 # Bypass PeerTube for performance reasons. Optional.
 location ~ ^/static/(thumbnails|avatars)/ {
     if ($request_method = 'OPTIONS') {
         add_header Access-Control-Allow-Origin '*';
         add_header Access-Control-Allow-Methods 'GET, OPTIONS';
```

```
add header Access-Control-Allow-Headers
'Range, DNT, X-CustomHeader, Keep-Alive, User-Agent, X-Requested-With, If-Modified-Since, Cache-Control, Content-Type';
    add_header Access-Control-Max-Age 1728000; # Preflight request can be cached 20 days
    add_header Content-Type
                                           'text/plain charset=UTF-8';
    add header Content-Length
    return 204;
  add_header Access-Control-Allow-Origin
                                            1*1;
  add_header Access-Control-Allow-Methods
                                           'GET, OPTIONS';
  add header Access-Control-Allow-Headers
'Range,DNT,X-CustomHeader,Keep-Alive,User-Agent,X-Requested-With,If-Modified-Since,Cache-Control,Content-Type';
                                           "public, max-age=7200"; # Cache response 2 hours
  add_header Cache-Control
  rewrite ^/static/(.*)$ /$1 break;
  try files $uri @api;
# Bypass PeerTube for performance reasons. Optional.
location ~ ^/static/(webseed|redundancy|streaming-playlists)/ {
  limit rate after
                             5M;
  # Clients usually have 4 simultaneous webseed connections, so the real limit is 3MB/s per client
  set $peertube_limit_rate 800k;
  \# Increase rate limit in HLS mode, because we don't have multiple simultaneous connections
  if ($request_uri ~ -fragmented.mp4$) {
   set $peertube_limit_rate 5M;
  \# Use this line with nginx >= 1.17.0
  #limit_rate $peertube_limit_rate;
  \mbox{\#} Or this line if your nginx < 1.17.0
  set $limit_rate $peertube_limit_rate;
  if ($request_method = 'OPTIONS') {
    add_header Access-Control-Allow-Origin '*';
    add_header Access-Control-Allow-Methods 'GET, OPTIONS';
    add header Access-Control-Allow-Headers
Range,DNT,X-CustomHeader,Keep-Alive,User-Agent,X-Requested-With,If-Modified-Since,Cache-Control,Content-Type';
    add_header Access-Control-Max-Age 1728000; # Preflight request can be cached 20 days
    add_header Content-Type
                                           'text/plain charset=UTF-8';
    add_header Content-Length
                                           0;
    return 204;
```

```
if (Srequest_method = 'GET') {
   add_header Access-Control-Allow-Origin '*';
   add_header Access-Control-Allow-Methods 'GET, OPTIONS';
   add_header Access-Control-Allow-Headers
'Range,DNT,X-CustomHeader,Keep-Alive,User-Agent,X-Requested-With,If-Modified-Since,Cache-Control,Content-Type';

# Don't spam access log file with byte range requests
   access_log off;
}

# Enabling the sendfile directive eliminates the step of copying the data into the buffer
# and enables direct copying data from one file descriptor to another.
   sendfile on;
   sendfile max_chunk lM; # prevent one fast connection from entirely occupying the worker process. should be > 800k.
   aio threads;

rewrite ^/static/webseed/(.*)$ /videos/$1 break;
   rewrite ^/static/webseed/(.*)$ / $1 break;

try_files $uri @api;
}
```

production.yaml.j2

```
listen:
hostname: 'localhost'
port: 9000

# Correspond to your reverse proxy server_name/listen configuration (i.e., your public PeerTube instance URL)
webserver:
https: false
hostname: '{{ peertube_domain}}'
port: 80

rates_limit:
api:
# 50 attempts in 10 seconds
window: 10 seconds
max: 50
login:
```

```
# 15 attempts in 5 min
  window: 5 minutes
  max: 15
  # 2 attempts in 5 min (only succeeded attempts are taken into account)
  max: 2
ask_send_email:
  # 3 attempts in 5 min
  window: 5 minutes
  max: 3
# Proxies to trust to get real client IP
# If you run PeerTube just behind a local proxy (nginx), keep 'loopback'
# If you run PeerTube behind a remote proxy, add the proxy IP address (or subnet)
trust_proxy:
 - 'loopback'
# Your database name will be database.name OR 'peertube'+database.suffix
database:
hostname: 'localhost'
port: 5432
ssl: false
suffix: '_prod'
username: 'peertube'
password: 'peertube'
pool:
# Redis server for short time storage
# You can also specify a 'socket' path to a unix socket but first need to
# comment out hostname and port
redis:
hostname: 'localhost'
port: 6379
auth: null
db: 0
# SMTP server to send emails
smtp:
# smtp or sendmail
transport: smtp
 # Path to sendmail command. Required if you use sendmail transport
sendmail: null
hostname: null
```

```
port: 465 # If you use StartTLS: 587
username: null
password: null
tls: true # If you use StartTLS: false
disable_starttls: false
 ca_file: null # Used for self signed certificates
from_address: 'admin@example.com'
email:
body:
 signature: 'PeerTube'
subject:
  prefix: '[PeerTube]'
# Update default PeerTube values
\ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}} Set by API when the field is not provided and put as default value in client
# Change default values when publishing a video (upload/import/go Live)
publish:
  download enabled: true
  comments_enabled: true
  # public = 1, unlisted = 2, private = 3, internal = 4
  privacy: 1
  \# CC-BY = 1, CC-SA = 2, CC-ND = 3, CC-NC = 4, CC-NC-SA = 5, CC-NC-ND = 6, Public Domain = 7
   # You can also choose a custom licence value added by a plugin
  # No licence by default
  licence: null
  # Enable P2P by default
  \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Can be enabled/disabled by anonymous users and logged in users
  webapp:
    enabled: true
  embed:
    enabled: true
# From the project root directory
storage:
 tmp: '/var/www/peertube/storage/tmp/' # Use to download data (imports etc), store uploaded files before and during processing...
bin: '/var/www/peertube/storage/bin/'
avatars: '/var/www/peertube/storage/avatars/'
```

```
videos: '/var/www/peertube/storage/videos/'
streaming playlists: '/var/www/peertube/storage/streaming-playlists/'
redundancy: '/var/www/peertube/storage/redundancy/'
logs: '/var/www/peertube/storage/logs/'
previews: '/var/www/peertube/storage/previews/'
thumbnails: '/var/www/peertube/storage/thumbnails/'
torrents: '/var/www/peertube/storage/torrents/'
captions: '/var/www/peertube/storage/captions/'
cache: '/var/www/peertube/storage/cache/'
plugins: '/var/www/peertube/storage/plugins/'
# Overridable client files in client/dist/assets/images:
# - logo.svg
# - favicon.png
# - default-playlist.jpg
# - default-avatar-account.png
# - default-avatar-video-channel.png
# - and icons/*.png (PWA)
# Could contain for example assets/images/favicon.png
# If the file exists, peertube will serve it
# If not, peertube will fallback to the default file
client_overrides: '/var/www/peertube/storage/client-overrides/'
object_storage:
enabled: false
# Without protocol, will default to HTTPS
endpoint: '' # 's3.amazonaws.com' or 's3.fr-par.scw.cloud' for example
region: 'us-east-1'
# Set this ACL on each uploaded object
upload_acl: 'public'
credentials:
  # You can also use AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID env variable
  access_key_id: ''
  # You can also use AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY env variable
  secret_access_key: ''
# Maximum amount to upload in one request to object storage
max_upload_part: 2GB
streaming_playlists:
  bucket_name: 'streaming-playlists'
```

```
# Allows setting all buckets to the same value but with a different prefix
  prefix: '' # Example: 'streaming-playlists:'
  \# Base url for object URL generation, scheme and host will be replaced by this URL
  # Useful when you want to use a CDN/external proxy
  base_url: '' # Example: 'https://mirror.example.com'
 # Same settings but for webtorrent videos
videos:
  bucket_name: 'videos'
  prefix: ''
  base_url: ''
log:
level: 'info' # 'debug' | 'info' | 'warn' | 'error'
rotation:
  enabled : true # Enabled by default, if disabled make sure that 'storage.logs' is pointing to a folder handled by logrotate
  max file size: 12MB
 max_files: 20
anonymize ip: false
 log_ping_requests: true
prettify_sql: false
trending:
videos:
  interval days: 7 # Compute trending videos for the last x days
  algorithms:
    enabled:
      - 'best' # adaptation of Reddit's 'Best' algorithm (Hot minus History)
      - 'hot' # adaptation of Reddit's 'Hot' algorithm
      - 'most-viewed' # default, used initially by PeerTube as the trending page
      - 'most-liked'
    default: 'most-viewed'
\# Cache remote videos on your server, to help other instances to broadcast the video
# You can define multiple caches using different sizes/strategies
# Once you have defined your strategies, choose which instances you want to cache in admin -> manage follows -> following
  check interval: '1 hour' # How often you want to check new videos to cache
  strategies: # Just uncomment strategies you want
        size: '10GB'
        # Minimum time the video must remain in the cache. Only accept values > 10 hours (to not overload remote instances)
        min_lifetime: '48 hours'
```

```
strategy: 'most-views' # Cache videos that have the most views
        size: '10GB'
        # Minimum time the video must remain in the cache. Only accept values > 10 hours (to not overload remote instances)
        min lifetime: '48 hours'
        strategy: 'trending' # Cache trending videos
        size: '10GB'
        # Minimum time the video must remain in the cache. Only accept values > 10 hours (to not overload remote instances)
        min_lifetime: '48 hours'
        strategy: 'recently-added' # Cache recently added videos
        min_views: 10 # Having at least x views
\ensuremath{\sharp} Other instances that duplicate your content
remote_redundancy:
videos:
   # 'nobody': Do not accept remote redundancies
  # 'anybody': Accept remote redundancies from anybody
  # 'followings': Accept redundancies from instance followings
  accept from: 'anybody'
csp:
enabled: false
report_only: true # CSP directives are still being tested, so disable the report only mode at your own risk!
report_uri:
security:
 # Set the X-Frame-Options header to help to mitigate clickjacking attacks
frameguard:
  enabled: true
# If you disable the tracker, you disable the P2P aspect of PeerTube
enabled: true
# Only handle requests on your videos
\ensuremath{\,^\#} If you set this to false it means you have a public tracker
# Then, it is possible that clients overload your instance with external torrents
private: true
 # Reject peers that do a lot of announces (could improve privacy of TCP/UDP peers)
reject_too_many_announces: false
history:
  # If you want to limit users videos history
   \# -1 means there is no limitations
```

```
# Other values could be '6 months' or '30 days' etc (PeerTube will periodically delete old entries from database)
  max age: -1
videos:
  \# PeerTube creates a database entry every hour for each video to track views over a period of time
  # This is used in particular by the Trending page
  # PeerTube could remove old remote video views if you want to reduce your database size (video view counter will not be altered)
  # -1 means no cleanup
  # Other values could be '6 months' or '30 days' etc (PeerTube will periodically delete old entries from database)
  remote:
    max_age: '30 days'
  \# PeerTube buffers local video views before updating and federating the video
  local_buffer_update_interval: '30 minutes'
  ip_view_expiration: '1 hour'
plugins:
# The website PeerTube will ask for available PeerTube plugins and themes
 \mbox{\tt\#} This is an unmoderated plugin index, so only install plugins/themes you trust
index:
  enabled: true
  check latest_versions_interval: '12 hours' # How often you want to check new plugins/themes versions
  url: 'https://packages.joinpeertube.org'
federation:
  federate unlisted: false
  # Add a weekly job that cleans up remote AP interactions on local videos (shares, rates and comments)
  \mbox{\tt\#} It removes objects that do not exist anymore, and potentially fix their URLs
  cleanup_remote_interactions: true
peertube:
check latest version:
  # Check and notify admins of new PeerTube versions
  enabled: true
  \# You can use a custom URL if your want, that respect the format behind https://joinpeertube.org/api/v1/versions.json
  url: 'https://joinpeertube.org/api/v1/versions.json'
webadmin:
 configuration:
  edition:
     # Set this to false if you don't want to allow config edition in the web interface by instance admins
```

```
allowed true
\ensuremath{\sharp} From this point, all the following keys can be overridden by the web interface
\# (local-production.json file). If you need to change some values, prefer to
# use the web interface because the configuration will be automatically
# reloaded without any need to restart PeerTube
\# /!\ If you already have a local-production.json file, the modification of the
# following keys will have no effect /!\
previews:
  size: 500 # Max number of previews you want to cache
captions:
  size: 500 # Max number of video captions/subtitles you want to cache
torrents:
  size: 500 \mbox{\#} Max number of video torrents you want to cache
admin:
# Used to generate the root user at first startup
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} And to receive emails from the contact form
email: 'admin@example.com'
contact_form:
enabled: true
signup:
limit: 10 # When the limit is reached, registrations are disabled. -1 == unlimited
minimum_age: 16 # Used to configure the signup form
requires_email_verification: false
filters.
 cidr: # You can specify CIDR ranges to whitelist (empty = no filtering) or blacklist
    whitelist: []
    blacklist: []
# Default value of maximum video bytes the user can upload (does not take into account transcoded files)
# Byte format is supported ("1GB" etc)
\# -1 == unlimited
video_quota: -1
```

```
video_quota_daily: -1
video_channels:
max_per_user: 20 # Allows each user to create up to 20 video channels.
\# If enabled, the video will be transcoded to mp4 (x264) with 'faststart' flag
# In addition, if some resolutions are enabled the mp4 video file will be transcoded to these new resolutions
# Please, do not disable transcoding since many uploaded videos will not work
transcoding:
 enabled: true
# Allow your users to upload .mkv, .mov, .avi, .wmv, .flv, .f4v, .3g2, .3gp, .mts, m2ts, .mxf, .nut videos
allow_additional_extensions: true
 # If a user uploads an audio file, PeerTube will create a video by merging the preview file and the audio file
allow_audio_files: true
 # Amount of threads used by ffmpeg for 1 transcoding job
 # Amount of transcoding jobs to execute in parallel
 concurrency: 1
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} Choose the transcoding profile
# New profiles can be added by plugins
 # Available in core PeerTube: 'default'
profile: 'default'
 resolutions: # Only created if the original video has a higher resolution, uses more storage!
  Op: false # audio-only (creates mp4 without video stream, always created when enabled)
  144p: false
  240p: false
   360p: false
  480p: false
  720p: false
  1080p: false
  1440p: false
  2160p: false
 # Generate videos in a WebTorrent format (what we do since the first PeerTube release)
 \mbox{\tt\#} If you also enabled the hls format, it will multiply videos storage by 2
 # If disabled, breaks federation with PeerTube instances < 2.1
 webtorrent:
   enabled: false
 \# /!\ Requires ffmpeg >= 4.1
```

```
\mbox{\#} Generate HLS playlists and fragmented MP4 files. Better playback than with WebTorrent:
       * Resolution change is smoother
      * Faster playback in particular with long videos
     * More stable playback (less bugs/infinite loading)
\# If you also enabled the webtorrent format, it will multiply videos storage by 2
hls:
  enabled: true
live:
enabled: false
# Limit lives duration
 \# -1 == unlimited
max_duration: -1 # For example: '5 hours'
# Limit max number of live videos created on your instance
 \# -1 == unlimited
max_instance_lives: 20
# Limit max number of live videos created by a user on your instance
 \# -1 == unlimited
max_user_lives: 3
# Allow your users to save a replay of their live
 \ensuremath{\text{\#}} PeerTube will transcode segments in a video file
 # If the user daily/total quota is reached, PeerTube will stop the live
 \# /!\ transcoding.enabled (and not live.transcoding.enabled) has to be true to create a replay
allow_replay: true
\# Allow your users to change latency settings (small latency/default/high latency)
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} Small latency live streams cannot use P2P
 # High latency live streams can increase P2P ratio
latency setting:
  enabled: true
 \mbox{\#} Your firewall should accept traffic from this port in TCP if you enable live
rtmp:
  enabled: true
  port: 1935
  hostname: 'localhost'
 rtmps:
   enabled: false
  port: 1936
   # Absolute path
```

```
key_file: ''
  # Absolute path
  cert_file: ''
  hostname: 'localhost'
\ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}} Allow to transcode the live streaming in multiple live resolutions
transcoding:
  enabled: true
  threads: 2
  # Choose the transcoding profile
  \ensuremath{\text{\#}} 
 New profiles can be added by plugins
  # Available in core PeerTube: 'default'
  profile: 'default'
  resolutions:
    144p: false
    240p: false
    360p: false
    480p: false
    720p: false
    1080p: false
    1440p: false
    2160p: false
video studio:
\# Enable video edition by users (cut, add intro/outro, add watermark etc)
enabled: false
# Add ability for your users to import remote videos (from YouTube, torrent...)
  # Amount of import jobs to execute in parallel
  concurrency: 1
  # Classic HTTP or all sites supported by youtube-dl https://rg3.github.io/youtube-dl/supportedsites.html
    # We recommend to use a HTTP proxy if you enable HTTP import to prevent private URL access from this server
      \texttt{\# See https://docs.joinpeertube.org/maintain-configuration?id=security for more information } \\
    enabled: false
    youtube_dl_release:
      # Direct download URL to youtube-dl binary
      # Github releases API is also supported
      # Examples:
```

```
* https://api.github.com/repos/ytdl-org/youtube-dl/releases
          * https://api.github.com/repos/yt-dlp/yt-dlp/releases
      url: 'https://yt-dl.org/downloads/latest/youtube-dl'
       # youtube-dl binary name
       \# yt-dlp is also supported
      name: 'youtube-dl'
      # Path to the python binary to execute for youtube-dl or yt-dlp
      python_path: '/usr/bin/python3'
     \ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}} IPv6 is very strongly rate-limited on most sites supported by youtube-dl
     force_ipv4: false
  # Magnet URI or torrent file (use classic TCP/UDP/WebSeed to download the file)
  torrent:
     # We recommend to only enable magnet URI/torrent import if you trust your users
     # See https://docs.joinpeertube.org/maintain-configuration?id=security for more information
auto_blacklist:
# New videos automatically blacklisted so moderators can review before publishing
videos:
  of_users:
     enabled: false
# Instance settings
name: 'PeerTube'
 short_description: 'PeerTube, an ActivityPub-federated video streaming platform using P2P directly in your web browser.'
description: 'Welcome to this PeerTube instance!' # Support markdown
 terms: 'No terms for now.' # Support markdown
code_of_conduct: '' # Supports markdown
 # Who moderates the instance? What is the policy regarding NSFW videos? Political videos? etc
moderation_information: '' # Supports markdown
 # Why did you create this instance?
 creation_reason: '' # Supports Markdown
 # Who is behind the instance? A single person? A non profit?
 administrator: '' # Supports Markdown
 # How long do you plan to maintain this instance?
maintenance_lifetime: '' # Supports Markdown
```

```
# How will you pay the PeerTube instance server? With your own funds? With users donations? Advertising?
business_model: '' # Supports Markdown
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} If you want to explain on what type of hardware your PeerTube instance runs
# Example: '2 vCore, 2GB RAM...'
hardware_information: '' # Supports Markdown
\# What are the main languages of your instance? To interact with your users for example
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} Uncomment or add the languages you want
# List of supported languages: https://peertube.cpy.re/api/v1/videos/languages
languages:
   - es
   - fr
# You can specify the main categories of your instance (dedicated to music, gaming or politics etc)
# Uncomment or add the category ids you want
# List of supported categories: https://peertube.cpy.re/api/v1/videos/categories
categories:
   - 1 # Music
   - 2 # Films
   - 3 # Vehicles
    - 4 # Art
   - 5 # Sports
   - 6 # Travels
   - 7 # Gaming
    - 8 # People
   - 9 # Comedy
   - 10 # Entertainment
   - 11 # News & Politics
    - 12 # How To
   - 13 # Education
   - 14 # Activism
    - 15 # Science & Technology
   - 16 # Animals
   - 17 # Kids
   - 18 # Food
default_client_route: '/videos/trending'
# Whether or not the instance is dedicated to NSFW content
# Enabling it will allow other administrators to know that you are mainly federating sensitive content
\# Moreover, the NSFW checkbox on video upload will be automatically checked by default
is_nsfw: false
```

```
# By default, `do_not_list` or `blur` or `display` NSFW videos
 # Could be overridden per user with a setting
default_nsfw_policy: 'do_not_list'
customizations:
  {\tt javascript:~''~\#~Directly~your~JavaScript~code~(without~<script>~tags).~Will~be~eval~at~runtime}
  css: '' # Directly your CSS code (without <style> tags). Will be injected at runtime
 # Robot.txt rules. To disallow robots to crawl your instance and disallow indexation of your site, add `/` to `Disallow:`
robots: |
  User-agent: *
  Disallow:
 # Security.txt rules. To discourage researchers from testing your instance and disable security.txt integration, set this to an empty string
  '# If you would like to report a security issue\n# you may report it to:\nContact:
https://github.com/Chocobozzz/PeerTube/blob/develop/SECURITY.md\nContact: mailto:'
# Cards configuration to format video in Twitter
twitter:
  username: '@Chocobozzz' # Indicates the Twitter account for the website or platform on which the content was published
   \sharp If true, a video player will be embedded in the Twitter feed on PeerTube video share
  # If false, we use an image link card that will redirect on your PeerTube instance
   # Change it to `true`, and then test on https://cards-dev.twitter.com/validator to see if you are whitelisted
followers:
instance:
   # Allow or not other instances to follow yours
  enabled: true
   \# Whether or not an administrator must manually validate a new follower
  manual approval: false
followings:
instance:
   # If you want to automatically follow back new instance followers
   \ensuremath{\sharp} If this option is enabled, use the mute feature instead of deleting followings
   \# /!\ Don't enable this if you don't have a reactive moderation team /!\
  auto follow back:
    enabled: false
   # If you want to automatically follow instances of the public index
   # If this option is enabled, use the mute feature instead of deleting followings
   \# /!\ Don't enable this if you don't have a reactive moderation team /!\
   auto follow index:
    enabled: false
```

```
# Host your own using https://framagit.org/framasoft/peertube/instances-peertube#peertube-auto-follow
     index url: ''
default: 'default'
broadcast message:
enabled: false
message: '' # Support markdown
 level: 'info' # 'info' | 'warning' | 'error'
dismissable: false
# Add ability to fetch remote videos/actors by their URI, that may not be federated with your instance
 # If enabled, the associated group will be able to "escape" from the instance follows
 # That means they will be able to follow channels, watch videos, list videos of non followed instances
  users: true
  anonymous: false
 \mbox{\#} Use a third party index instead of your local index, only for search results
# Useful to discover content outside of your instance
 # If you enable search_index, you must enable remote_uri search for users
 # If you do not enable remote uri search for anonymous user, your instance will redirect the user on the origin instance
 # instead of loading the video locally
search index:
  enabled: false
   # URL of the search index, that should use the same search API and routes
  # than PeerTube: https://docs.joinpeertube.org/api-rest-reference.html
   \verb§# You should deploy your own with https://framagit.org/framasoft/peertube/search-index, \\
  # and can use https://search.joinpeertube.org/ for tests, but keep in mind the latter is an unmoderated search index
  url: ''
  # You can disable local search, so users only use the search index
  disable_local_search: false
  # If you did not disable local search, you can decide to use the search index by default
  is_default_search: false
# PeerTube client/interface configuration
videos.
    # By default PeerTube client displays author username
    prefer_author_display_name: false
    display author avatar: false
  resumable_upload:
```

```
# Max size of upload chunks, e.g. '90MB'
# If null, it will be calculated based on network speed
max_chunk_size: null

menu:
login:
# If you enable only one external auth plugin
# You can automatically redirect your users on this external platform when they click on the login button
redirect_on_single_external_auth: false
```