

Economics

Micro Economics – a whirlwind tour – government policies.

▶ **BFH Business School**, Institute of Sustainable Business

After today's lecture you will

- be able to show the effects of various policy tools
- explain how these tools affect "economic welfare"
- understand how externalities cause market failure (next week)

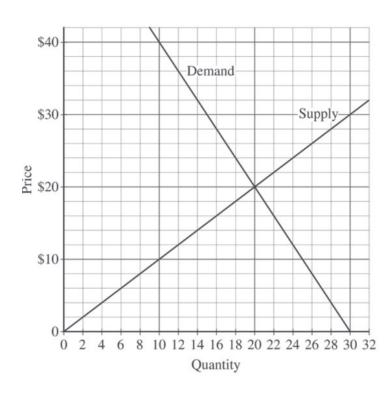
In our market there are several different interventions that governments make for a number of reasons

What are the motivations for governments interviening in markets?

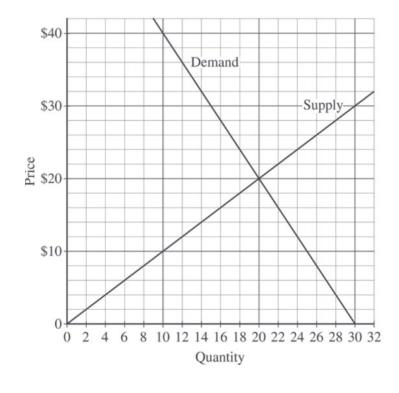
What kinds of interventions to they make?

What do these interventions look like in our model of «the market»?

A price floor



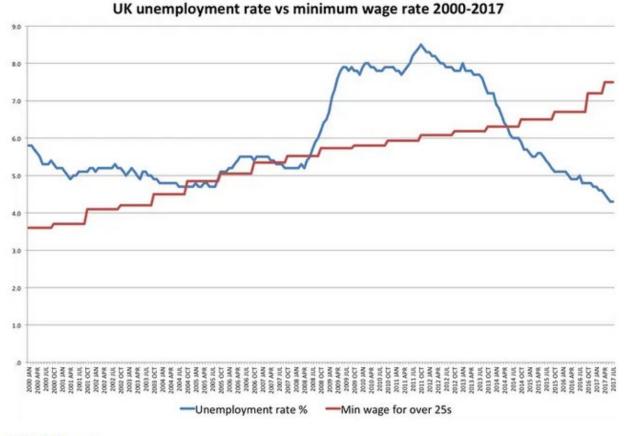
A price ceiling



Minimum alcohol prices Scotland

- Read the article from the «Addiction» answer the questions below (15 minutes)
- Compare the evidence from your textbook (P161 5e) with the findings from the article.
- How to compare –
- What are the assertions from the textbook on price floors about demand, supply and welfare?
- What are findings from the report?
- Are the two sources arguing from the same standpoint?
- Compare what you found/understood with your neighbour. (10 minutes)

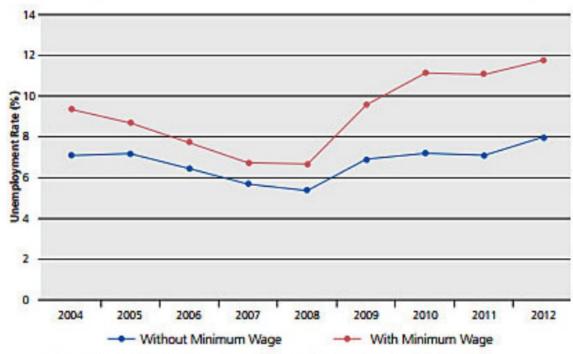
Minimum wages and unemployment



ONS / Gov.uk

https://www.businessinsider.com/britain-doubled-minimum-wage-with-no-effect-on-unemployment-2017-10?r=US&IR=T

Average Unemployment Rate of E.U. Countries With & Without Minimum Wages



Sources: Eurostat (Unemployment rates - Annual Average), and calculations by Prof. Steve H. Hanke, The Johns Hopkins University.

Note: The averages displayed in the chart are arithmetic means.

https://www.cato.org/commentary/let-data-speak-truth-behind-minimum-wage-laws#

Minimum wages

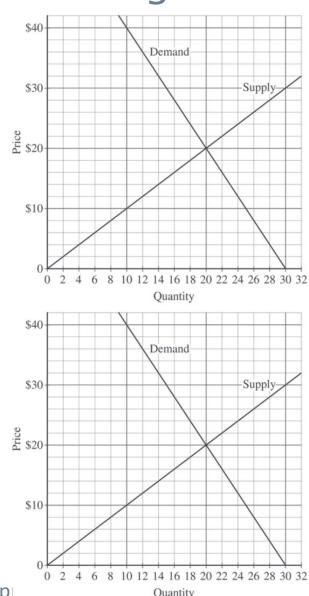
- Read the Atlantic article on minimum wages (15 minutes)
- Answer the following question(10 minutes)
 - Does the article support or oppose the case for the minimum wage (justify your answer - identify supporting argument/counter arguements)?
 - Identify the standard economics argument against the minimum wage in the article.
 - How might a minimum wage actually increase company productivity?
 - What possible trade offs does the article identify?
 - What alternatives to the minimum wage are mentioned in the article?

Taxes - a neoclassical economist's worst nighmare

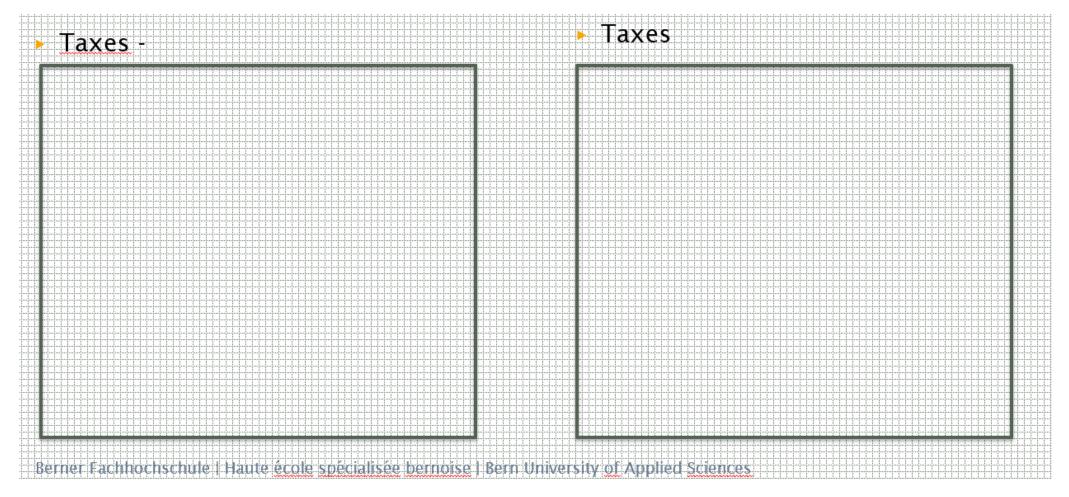
Direct vs indirect taxes

Specific vs ad valorem

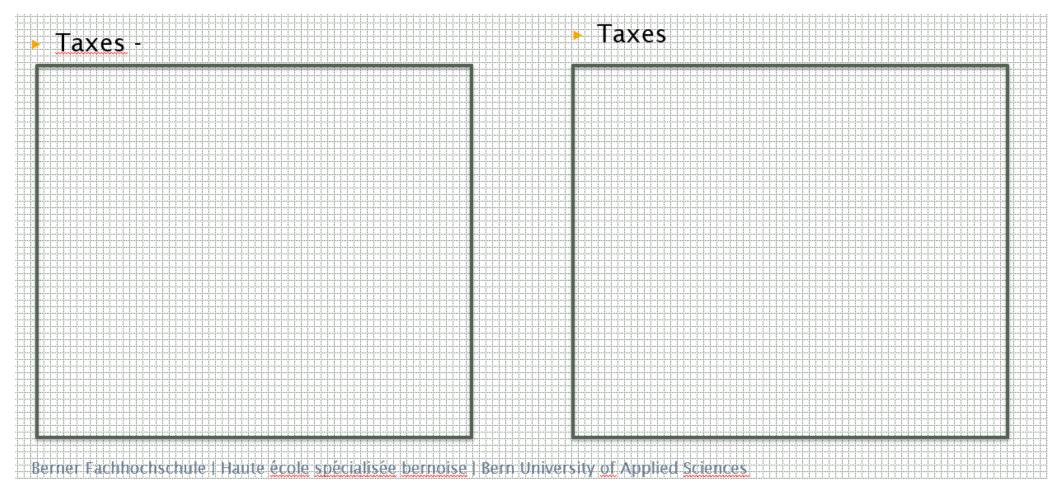
Tax incidence (tax burden)



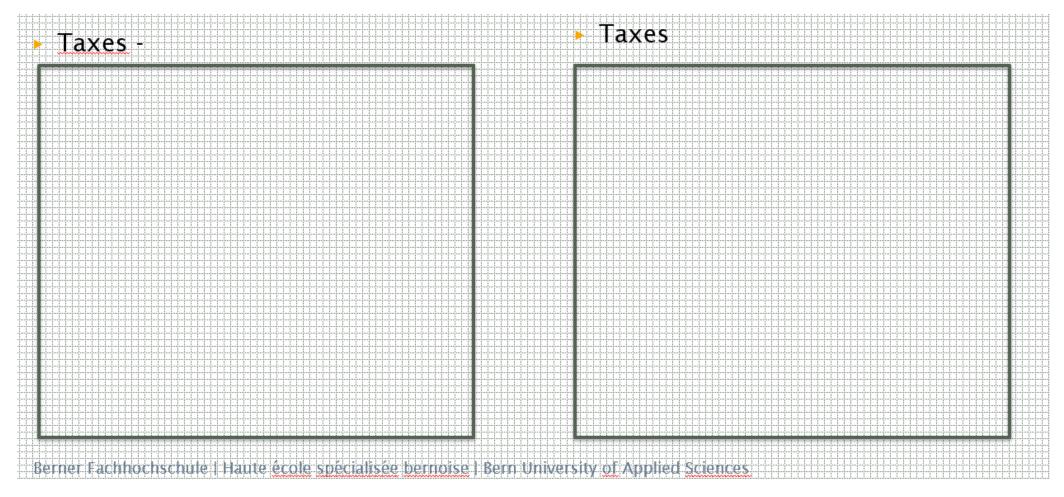
What if a tax is placed on consumers? What if it is placed on producers?



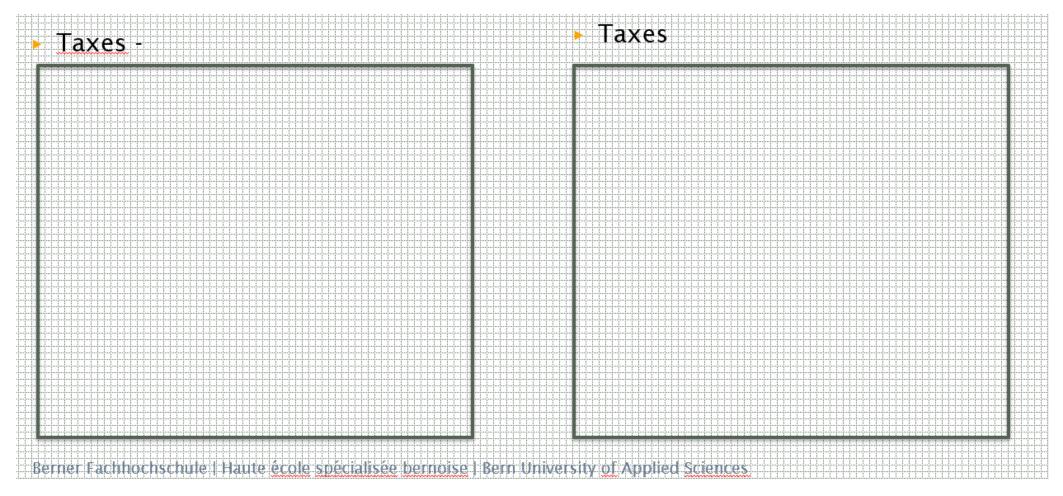
Who pays how much of the tax? (consumers vs producers?)



What if suppliers/consumers can substitute from the good? (keyword: elasticity)



How do taxes affect consumer and producer welfare?

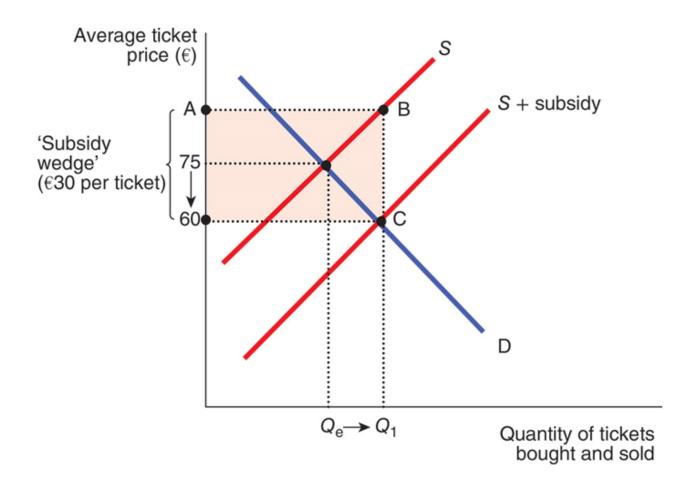


Taxes - discussion

What should be taxed?

Look at this from a purely «textbook» perspective and from your opinions.

Subsidies



- The government is paying 30 Euro per ticket on top of the market price (A = 90)
- Producers receive 90 Euro per ticket.
- > The new market price is 60 Euro
- So the consumers benefit by 15 Euro and the producers by 15 (90-75)
- What is the coloured in area?
- What does the triangle B,C,D represent?

Summary

- Price floors
- Price ceilings
- Taxes
- Subsidies
- Surpluses

Further questions on Moodle

Read Mankiw 7 & 8 (this week's content) & 9 (will come next week on market failure)