GaAlAs-IR-Lumineszenzdiode (880 nm) GaAlAs Infrared Emitter (880 nm) Lead (Pb) Free Product - RoHS Compliant

SFH 485 P



Wesentliche Merkmale

- GaAlAs-LED mit sehr hohem Wirkungsgrad
- Hohe Zuverlässigkeit
- Gute spektrale Anpassung an Si-Fotoempfänger
- Gegurtet lieferbar (im Ammo-Pack)
- Gruppiert lieferbar

Anwendungen

- IR-Fernsteuerung von Fernseh- und Rundfunkgeräten, Videorecordern, Lichtdimmern
- Gerätefernsteuerungen für Gleich- und Wechsellichtbetrieb
- Sensorik
- Diskrete Lichtschranken

Features

- Very highly efficient GaAlAs-LED
- High reliability
- Spectral match with silicon photodetectors
- Available on tape and reel (in Ammopack)
- Available in bins

Applications

- IR remote control of hi-fi and TV-sets, video tape recorders, dimmers
- Remote control for steady and varying intensity
- Sensor technology
- Discrete interrupters

Typ	Bestellnummer	Gehäuse
Type	Ordering Code	Package
SFH 485 P	Q62703Q0516	5-mm-LED-Gehäuse, plan, klares violettes Epoxy-Gießharz, Lötspieße im 2.54-mm-Raster (¹/10"), Anodenkennzeichnung: kürzerer Anschluß 5 mm LED package (T 1 ³/4), plane violet-colored transparent epoxy resin, solder tabs lead spacing 2.54 mm (¹/10"), anode marking: short lead.



Grenzwerte ($T_A = 25$ °C) **Maximum Ratings**

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Betriebs- und Lagertemperatur Operating and storage temperature range	$T_{\sf op};T_{\sf stg}$	- 40 + 100	°C
Sperrspannung Reverse voltage	V_{R}	5	V
Durchlaßstrom Forward current	I_{F}	100	mA
Stoßstrom, $\tau \le 10~\mu s$ Surge current	I_{FSM}	2.5	А
Verlustleistung Power dissipation	P_{tot}	200	mW
Wärmewiderstand, freie Beinchenlänge max. 10 mm Thermal resistance, lead length between package bottom and PC-board max. 10 mm	R _{thJA}	375	K/W

Kennwerte ($T_A = 25$ °C) Characteristics

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Wellenlänge der Strahlung Wavelength at peak emission $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA	λ_{peak}	880	nm
Spektrale Bandbreite bei 50% von $I_{\rm max}$ $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA Spectral bandwidth at 50% of $I_{\rm max}$	Δλ	80	nm
Abstrahlwinkel Half angle	φ	± 40	Grad deg.
Aktive Chipfläche Active chip area	A	0.09	mm ²
Abmessungen der aktiven Chipfläche Dimension of the active chip area	$L \times B$ $L \times W$	0.3 × 0.3	mm²
Abstand Chipoberfläche bis Gehäusevorderseite Distance chip front to case surface	Н	0.5 1	mm



Kennwerte ($T_A = 25$ °C) Characteristics (cont'd)

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol Symbol	Wert Value	Einheit Unit
Schaltzeiten, I_e von 10% auf 90% und von 90% auf 10%, bei I_F = 50 mA, R_L = 50 Ω Switching times, I_e from 10% to 90% and from 90% to 10%, I_F = 100 mA, R_L = 50 Ω	$t_{\rm r},t_{\rm f}$	0.6/0.5	μs
Kapazität, $V_{\rm R}$ = 0 V, f = 1 MHz Capacitance	C_{o}	15	pF
Durchlaßspannung, Forward voltage $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA, $t_{\rm p}$ = 20 ms $I_{\rm F}$ = 1 A, $t_{\rm p}$ = 100 μ s	V_{F}	1.5 (< 1.8) 3.0 (< 3.8)	V
Sperrstrom, Reverse current $V_{\rm R} = 5 \text{ V}$	I_{R}	0.01 (≤ 1)	μА
Gesamtstrahlungsfluß, Total radiant flux $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA, $t_{\rm p}$ = 20 ms	Φ_{e}	25	mW
Temperaturkoeffizient von I_e bzw. Φ_e , I_F = 100 mA Temperature coefficient of I_e or Φ_e , I_F = 100 mA	TC_1	- 0.5	%/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von $V_{\rm F},I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA Temperature coefficient of $V_{\rm F},I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA	TC_{V}	-2	mV/K
Temperaturkoeffizient von λ , $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA Temperature coefficient of λ , $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA	TC_{λ}	+ 0.25	nm/K

Strahlstärke I_e in Achsrichtung¹⁾

gemessen bei einem Raumwinkel Ω = 0.01 sr

Radiant Intensity I_e in Axial Direction

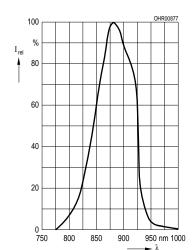
at a solid angle of Ω = 0.01 sr

Bezeichnung Parameter	Symbol	Werte Values		Einheit Unit
		SFH 485 P-1	SFH 485 P-2	
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_{\rm F}$ = 100 mA, $t_{\rm p}$ = 20 ms	$I_{ m e\ min}$ $I_{ m e\ max}$	3.15 5.5	4.5 -	mW/sr
Strahlstärke Radiant intensity $I_{\rm F}$ = 1 A, $t_{\rm p}$ = 100 μ s	I _{e typ} .	48	52	mW/sr

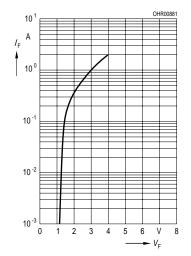
¹⁾ Nur eine Gruppe in einer Verpackungseinheit (Streuung kleiner als der oben angegebene Bereich / Only one group in one packing unit (variation lower than the above group)



Relative Spectral Emission $I_{\rm rel} = f(\lambda)$

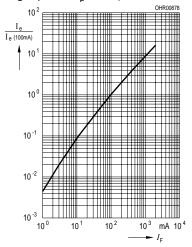


Forward Current $I_{\text{F}} = f(V_{\text{F}})$, Single pulse, $t_{\text{p}} = 20 \ \mu \text{s}$

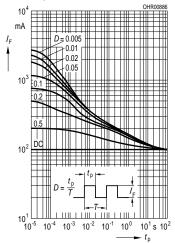


Radiant Intensity $\frac{I_{\rm e}}{I_{\rm e}\,{\rm 100~mA}}$ = f ($I_{\rm F}$)

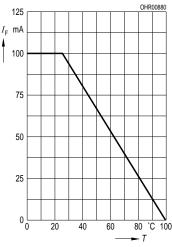
Single pulse, $t_p = 20 \mu s$



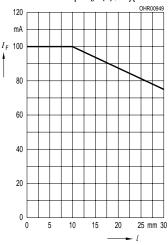
Permissible Pulse Handling Capability $I_{\rm F}$ = f (τ), $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C,duty cycle D = parameter



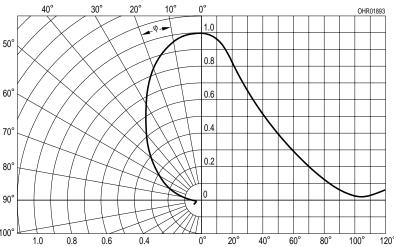
Max. Permissible Forward Current $I_{\rm F} = f\left(T_{\rm A}\right)$



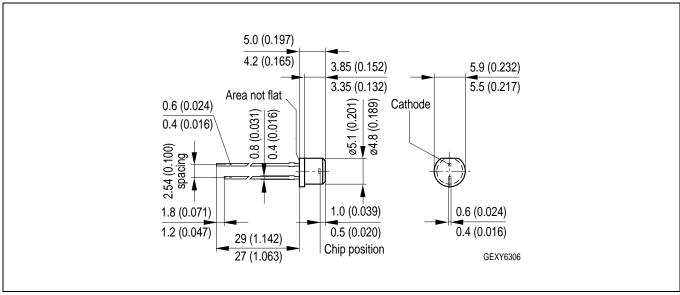
Forward Current vs. Lead Length Between the Package Bottom and the PC-Board $I_F = f(I)$, $T_A = 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$



Radiation Characteristics $I_{rel} = f(\phi)$



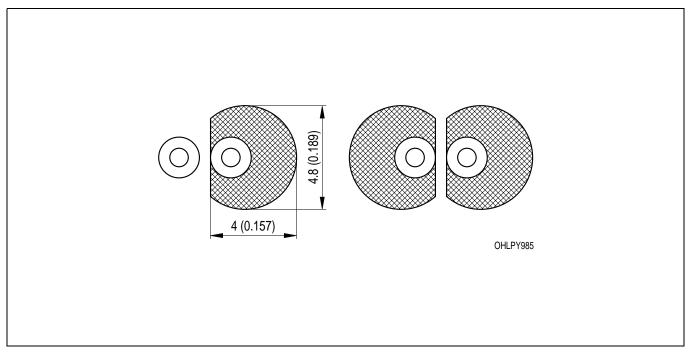
Maßzeichnung Package Outlines



Maße in mm (inch) / Dimensions in mm (inch).

Empfohlenes Lötpaddesign Recommended Solder Pad

Wellenlöten (TTW) TTW Soldering

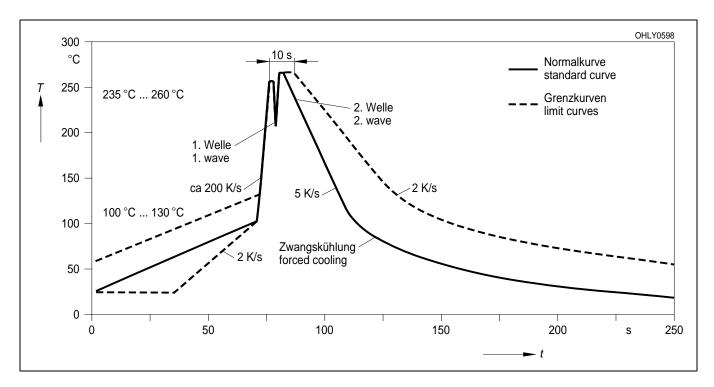


Maße in mm (inch) / Dimensions in mm (inch).



Lötbedingungen Soldering Conditions Wellenlöten (TTW) TTW Soldering

(nach CECC 00802) (acc. to CECC 00802)



Published by OSRAM Opto Semiconductors GmbH Leibnizstrasse 4, D-93055 Regensburg www.osram-os.com

© All Rights Reserved.

EU RoHS and China RoHS compliant product



此产品符合欧盟 RoHS 指令的要求;

按照中国的相关法规和标准,不含有毒有害物质或元素。

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics. Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

Packing

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office. By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose! Critical components ¹, may only be used in life-support devices or systems ² with the express written approval of OSRAM OS. ¹ A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

² Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user may be endangered.

