

MikroTik .rsc Script Writing and Sending Guide

This guide provides step-by-step instructions on writing and sending .rsc (RouterOS Script) files to MikroTik equipment using a serial port and GtkTerm. .rsc scripts are a powerful way to automate configurations on MikroTik routers and switches.

Steps

1. Connect MikroTik Equipment to Computer

- Connect using a serial cable from the computer to the MikroTik Equipment.

2. Open GtkTerm

- Launch GtkTerm on your computer.

3. Configure Serial Port

- Navigate to **File -> Preferences**.
- Under **Port**, select the serial port and change the baud rate to 115200.

4. Open a New .rsc Script

- Create a new .rsc script in your preferred text editor.
- Here is an example .rsc script, which creates a new bridge, and adds ports 23 and 24 to said bridge:

```
/interface bridge add name=bridge1;  
/interface bridge port remove [find where interface=ether23];  
/interface bridge port remove [find where interface=ether24];  
/interface bridge port add bridge=bridge1 interface=ether23;  
/interface bridge port add bridge=bridge1 interface=ether24;  
/interface bridge port print
```

5. Save .rsc Script

- Save the script with a meaningful filename, e.g., `config_script.rsc`.

6. Send .rsc Script to MikroTik

- In GtkTerm, go to **File -> Send RAW File** and select your .rsc script.

7. Monitor Progress

- Check the GtkTerm console for script execution feedback.
- When the terminal stops writing code, press the X in the top right corner of the popup to close the window.

8. Execute Commands

- Press enter to execute commands in the terminal.

9. Check MikroTik Configuration

- Check the MikroTik configuration to ensure the script executed as expected.

Additional Tips

- Double-check .rsc script syntax and commands to avoid errors.
- Running the script multiple times may cause errors, so be sure to check the configuration after each run.

Congratulations! You've successfully written and sent .rsc scripts using GtkTerm and a serial port.