

# Cálculo de Programas

## Resolução - Ficha 04

Eduardo Freitas Fernandes

2025

### Exercício 1

$$\begin{aligned} & [\underline{k}, \underline{k}] = \underline{k} \\ \equiv & \{\text{Universal-+}\} \\ & \begin{cases} \underline{k} = \underline{k} \cdot i_1 \\ \underline{k} = \underline{k} \cdot i_2 \end{cases} \\ \equiv & \{\text{Fusão-+}\} \\ & \begin{cases} \underline{k} = \underline{k} \\ \underline{k} = \underline{k} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

### Exercício 2

$$\begin{aligned} & fac \cdot [\underline{0}, succ] = [\underline{1}, mul \cdot \langle succ, fac \rangle] \\ \equiv & \{\text{Universal-+}\} \\ & \begin{cases} fac \cdot [\underline{0}, succ] \cdot i_1 = \underline{1} \\ fac \cdot [\underline{0}, succ] \cdot i_2 = mul \cdot \langle succ, fac \rangle \end{cases} \\ \equiv & \{\text{Cancelamento-+}\} \\ & \begin{cases} fac \cdot \underline{0} = \underline{1} \\ fac \cdot succ = mul \cdot \langle succ, fac \rangle \end{cases} \\ \equiv & \{\text{Absorção-+, point wise}\} \\ & \begin{cases} \underline{fac \ 0} \ x = \underline{1} \ x \\ (fac \cdot succ) \ n = (mul \cdot \langle succ, fac \rangle) \ n \end{cases} \\ \equiv & \{\text{def. const, def. split, def. composição}\} \\ & \begin{cases} fac \ 0 = 1 \\ fac \ (succ \ n) = mul \ (succ \ n, fac \ n) \end{cases} \\ \equiv & \{\text{def. succ, def. mul}\} \\ & \begin{cases} fac \ 0 = 1 \\ fac \ (n + 1) = (n + 1) * fac \ n \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

### Exercício 3

$$\begin{aligned}
& out \cdot in = id \\
& \equiv \{ \text{def. in, Fusão-+}, \text{Universal-+} \} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} out \cdot \underline{0} = id \cdot i_1 \\ fac \cdot succ = id \cdot i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{ \text{Natural id, Absorção const, def. const} \} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} out \ 0 = i_1 \\ out \cdot succ = i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{ \text{point wise, def. composição, def. succ} \} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} out \ 0 = i_1 \ () \\ out \ (n + 1) = i_2 \ n \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

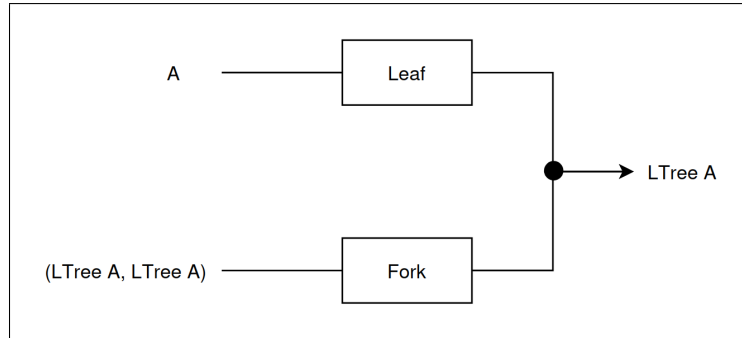
### Exercício 4

```

ghci> succ n = n+1
ghci> mul (a,b) = a*b
ghci> :{
ghci| out 0 = i1 ()
ghci| out n = i2 (n-1)
ghci| :}
ghci> fac = either (const 1) mul . (id -|- (split succ fac)) . out
ghci> fac 4
24
ghci> fac 6
720

```

### Exercício 5



$$\begin{aligned}
& out \cdot in = id \\
& \equiv \{ \text{def. in, Fusão-+}, \text{Universal-+} \} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} out \cdot Leaf = id \cdot i_1 \\ out \cdot Fork = id \cdot i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{ \text{Natural id, point wise, def. composição} \} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} out \ (Leaf \ a) = i_1 \ a \\ out \ (Fork \ (x, y)) = i_1 \ (x, y) \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

### Exercício 6

$$\begin{aligned}
& coassocl \cdot [id + i_1, i_2 \cdot i_2] = id \\
& \equiv \{\text{Fusão-+}, \text{Universal-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} coassocl \cdot (id + i_1) = i_1 \\ coassocl \cdot i_2 \cdot i_2 = i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{def-+}, \text{Fusão-+}, \text{Universal-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} \begin{cases} coassocl \cdot i_1 = i_1 \cdot i_1 \\ coassocl \cdot i_2 \cdot i_1 = i_1 \cdot i_2 \end{cases} \\ coassocl \cdot i_2 \cdot i_2 = i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{????}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} coassocl \cdot i_1 = i_1 \cdot i_1 \\ \begin{cases} coassocl \cdot i_2 \cdot i_1 = i_1 \cdot i_2 \\ coassocl \cdot i_2 \cdot i_2 = i_2 \end{cases} \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{Universal-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} coassocl \cdot i_1 = i_1 \cdot i_1 \\ coassocl \cdot i_2 = [i_1 \cdot i_2, i_2] \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{Universal-+}\} \\
& \quad coassocl = [i_1 \cdot i_1, [i_1 \cdot i_2, i_2]]
\end{aligned}$$

### Exercício 7

```

ghci> undistr (i1 ("CP", True))
("CP",Left True)
ghci> undistr (i2 ("LEI", 1))
("LEI",Right 1)
ghci> (distr . undistr) (i2 ("LEI", 1))
Right ("LEI",1)
ghci> (distr . undistr) (i1 ("LEI", 1))
Left ("LEI",1)

```

### Exercício 8

$$\begin{aligned}
& [\langle f, g \rangle, \langle h, k \rangle] = \langle [f, h], [g, k] \rangle \\
& \equiv \{\text{Universal-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} \langle f, g \rangle = \langle [f, h], [g, k] \rangle \cdot i_1 \\ \langle h, k \rangle = \langle [f, h], [g, k] \rangle \cdot i_2 \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{Fusão-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} \langle f, g \rangle = \langle [f, h] \cdot i_1, [g, k] \cdot i_1 \rangle \\ \langle h, k \rangle = \langle [f, h] \cdot i_2, [g, k] \cdot i_2 \rangle \end{cases} \\
& \equiv \{\text{Cancelamento-+}\} \\
& \quad \begin{cases} \langle f, g \rangle = \langle f, g \rangle \\ \langle h, k \rangle = \langle h, k \rangle \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$

### Exercício 9

```
unglue :: [(Either a b, c)] -> ([(a, c)], [(b, c)])
unglue = split
    (map (\(Left x, m) -> (x, m)) . filter (isLeft . p1))
    (map (\(Right x, m) -> (x, m)) . filter (isRight . p1))

glue :: ([(a, c)], [(b, c)]) -> [(Either a b, c)]
glue = uncurry (++) . (map (i1 >< id) >< map (i2 >< id))
```