

4.

Exercício 4.1

a)

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-] = \{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}\};$$

$$\mathbf{Jf}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-] = \{\mathbf{x} \operatorname{Exp}[\mathbf{y}] + \cos[\mathbf{y}], \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} + \operatorname{Exp}[\mathbf{y}]\};$$

$$\mathbf{Jf}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}) = \begin{pmatrix} e^y & e^y x - \sin[y] \\ 1 & 0 \\ 1 & e^y \end{pmatrix}$$

c)

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-] = \{\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y} \operatorname{Exp}[\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}], \mathbf{x} \sin[\mathbf{y}], 5 \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}^2\};$$

$$\mathbf{Jf}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{xy} y + e^{xy} xy^2 & e^{xy} x + e^{xy} x^2 y \\ \sin[y] & x \cos[y] \\ 5 y^2 & 10 xy \end{pmatrix}$$

d)

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-, \mathbf{z}_-] = \{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{z}\};$$

$$\mathbf{Jf}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{z}) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

e)

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-, \mathbf{z}_-] = \{\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y} + \operatorname{Exp}[\mathbf{z}], \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y}\};$$

$$\mathbf{Jf}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{z}) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & e^z \\ 2xy & x^2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercício 4.2

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-, \mathbf{z}_-] &= \{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}\}; \\ \mathbf{g}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-, \mathbf{z}_-] &= \{\mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}, 2 \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{z}\};\end{aligned}$$

a)

$$D\mathbf{f}((-1, 0, -1); (2, 3, -1)) = \{-2, -3, 3\}$$

$$D\mathbf{g}((-1, 0, -1); (2, 3, -1)) = \{-3, -3, 4, 3\}$$

b)

$$D\mathbf{f}(-1, 0, -1)(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = \{\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{z}, -\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}\}$$

$$D\mathbf{g}(-1, 0, -1)(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) = \{-\mathbf{y}, -\mathbf{y}, 2\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}\}$$

Exercício 4.3

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-] = \{3 \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{y}\};$$

a)

$$J\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Y}) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

A função \mathbf{f} é de classe C^1 .

c)

$$D\mathbf{f}(1, 2)(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \{3 \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{y}\}$$

d)

$$D\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{y}_0)(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}) = \{3 \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} + 2 \mathbf{y}\}$$

Exercício 4.4

$$\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_-, \mathbf{y}_-] = \{2 \mathbf{x}^2, 3 \mathbf{y}, 2 \mathbf{x} \mathbf{y}\};$$

a)

$$Jf(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} 4x & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 2y & 2x \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

A função f é de classe C^1 .

$$Df(1, 1)(x, y) = \{4x, 3y, 2x + 2y\}$$

c)

$$Df(1, 1)(2, 3) = \{8, 9, 10\}$$

Exercício 4.5

a)

$$f(x, y) = 2xy / (x^2 + y^2)^2;$$

$$\text{Hess } f(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{24y(x^3 - xy^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^4} & -\frac{6(x^4 - 6x^2y^2 + y^4)}{(x^2 + y^2)^4} \\ -\frac{6(x^4 - 6x^2y^2 + y^4)}{(x^2 + y^2)^4} & \frac{24xy(-x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^4} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

$$f(x, y) = \cos(xy^2);$$

$$\text{Hess } f(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} -y^4 \cos(xy^2) & -2y(xy^2 \cos(xy^2) + \sin(xy^2)) \\ -2y(xy^2 \cos(xy^2) + \sin(xy^2)) & -2x(2xy^2 \cos(xy^2) + \sin(xy^2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

c)

$$f(x, y) = \exp(-xy^2) + y^3 x^4;$$

$$\text{Hess } f(x, y) =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} y^3 (12x^2 + e^{-xy^2} y) & 2e^{-xy^2} y (-1 + 6e^{xy^2} x^3 y + x y^2) \\ 2e^{-xy^2} y (-1 + 6e^{xy^2} x^3 y + x y^2) & 2e^{-xy^2} x (-1 + 3e^{xy^2} x^3 y + 2x y^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

d)

$$f[x_, y_] = 1 / (\cos[x]^2 + \exp[-y]);$$

$$\text{Hess } f(x, y) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2 e^{2 y} \left(e^y \cos[x]^4 - \sin[x]^2 + \cos[x]^2 (1+3 e^y \sin[x]^2)\right)}{\left(1+e^y \cos[x]^2\right)^3} & \frac{4 e^{2 y} \cos[x] \sin[x]}{\left(1+e^y \cos[x]^2\right)^3} \\ \frac{4 e^{2 y} \cos[x] \sin[x]}{\left(1+e^y \cos[x]^2\right)^3} & -\frac{e^y \left(-1+e^y \cos[x]^2\right)}{\left(1+e^y \cos[x]^2\right)^3} \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercício 4.6

$$g[x_, t_] = 2 + \exp[-t] \sin[x];$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial t}(x, t) = -e^{-t} \sin[x]$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial x^2}(x, t) = -e^{-t} \sin[x]$$

Exercício 4.7

$$f[x, y, z, w] = \exp[x y z] \sin[x w];$$

$$f_{xz w} = e^{x y z} x y ((2 + x y z) \cos[w x] - w x \sin[w x])$$

$$f_{zwx} = e^{x y z} x y ((2 + x y z) \cos[w x] - w x \sin[w x])$$

Exercício 4.8

a)

$$D[2 x^3, y]$$

$$0$$

$$D[x^2 y + x, x]$$

$$1 + 2 x y$$

A função f seria de classe C^2 mas $f_{xy} \neq f_{yx}$

b)

$$D[x \sin[y], y]$$

$$x \cos[y]$$

$D[y \sin[x], x]$

$y \cos[x]$

A função f seria de classe C^2 mas $f_{xy} \neq f_{yx}$

Exercício 4.9

$$f[0, 0] = 0;$$

$$f[x_, y_] = x y^3 / (x^2 + y^2);$$

a)

$$f_x[0, 0] = 0$$

$$f_x[x, y] = \frac{y^3 (-x^2 + y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, \quad (x, y) \neq (0, 0)$$

$$f_y[0, 0] = 0$$

$$f_y[x, y] = \frac{x (3 x^2 y^2 + y^4)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}, \quad (x, y) \neq (0, 0)$$

b)

$$f_{xy}[0, 0] = 1$$

$$f_{yx}[0, 0] = 0$$

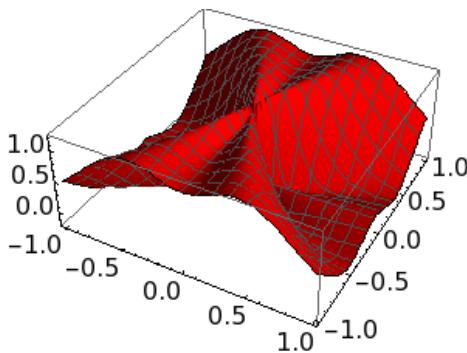
c)

$$f_{xy}[x, y] = \frac{-3 x^4 y^2 + 6 x^2 y^4 + y^6}{(x^2 + y^2)^3}, \quad (x, y) \neq (0, 0)$$

$$\text{Limit}[f_{xy}[x, x], x \rightarrow 0]$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Conclui-se assim que f não é de classe C^2 .

**Exercício 4.10**

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u[x_, y_] = x y;
v[x_, y_] = Sin[x y];
w[x_, y_] = Exp[x];
f[x_, y_, z_] = x^2 y + y^2 z;
h[x_, y_] = f[u[x, y], v[x, y], w[x, y]]

Grad[h[x, y], {x, y}] // Simplify

{x^2 y^3 Cos[x y] + Sin[x y] (2 x y^2 + 2 e^x y Cos[x y] + e^x Sin[x y]),
 x (x^2 y^2 Cos[x y] + 2 x y Sin[x y] + e^x Sin[2 x y])}

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Exercício 4.11

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f[x_, y_, z_] = x^2 y - x z;
h[t_] = {a t^2, a t, t^3};

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a)

$$Df(1, 0, 0)(1, 2, 2) = 0$$

b)

$$g'(t) = 5a(-1 + a^2)t^4$$

$$g'(t) = 0 \Leftrightarrow a \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

Exercício 4.13**a)**

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u[x_, y_] = Log[Sin[x/y]]; x[t_] = 3 t^2;
y[t_] = Sqrt[1 + t^2];

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$$\frac{du}{dt} = \left(-\frac{3t^3}{(1+t^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{6t}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \right) \cot \left[\frac{3t^2}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \right]$$

b)

$$w[r_, s_] = r^2 + s^2; \quad r[p_, q_] = p q^2; \quad s[p_, q_] = p^2 \sin[q];$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial p} = 2p (q^4 + 2p^2 \sin[q]^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial q} = 4p^2 q^3 + p^4 \sin[2q]$$

c)

$$z[x_, y_] = x^2 \sin[y]; \quad x[s_, t_] = s^2 + t^2; \quad y[s_, t_] = 2st;$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 2(s^2 + t^2) (t (s^2 + t^2) \cos[2st] + 2s \sin[2st])$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = 2(s^2 + t^2) (s (s^2 + t^2) \cos[2st] + 2t \sin[2st])$$

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