ML Problem Solving

MAP and Bayesian Risk Minimization Classifier

Consider the following dataset, where each row is an observation. First and second columns are input features and the true output is the last column.

$$D = [[3, 3, 1], [1, 1, 1], [-1, 0, 1], [2, 2, 0], [-2, 2, 0], [-2, -2, 0], [0, -2, 0], [1, 5, 2], [2, 4, 2], [3, 4, 2]]$$

1. Estimate P(class) for each class using the ratio of samples in each class with respect to the dataset size.

2. Estimate the μ mean vector and the Σ covariance matrix for each subset of datapoints, according to their classes. Since this data has 3 classes, you should have a μ , Σ pair for each class.

3. Calculate the likelihood as the probability density of an input X drawn from P(X|class). You should find a density for each class. Write down your equation with only X as a variable.

4.	Write down $P(class)$, $P(X class)$ and $P(class X)$ for test datapoints in $X_0 = [2, 2]$ and $X_1 = [2, 3]$. Remember that
	the probabilities and probability densities depend on X and $class$, so we will have 15 distict probabilities/densities.
	What would the class prediction of the Maximum A-Posteriori classifier be for our test data points?

5. Consider the following cost table, where $\hat{\omega}$ are the predicted classes and ω are the actual classes.

	$\omega = 0$	$\omega = 1$	$\omega = 2$
$\overline{\hat{\omega}=0}$	0.3	0.3	0.3
$\hat{\omega} = 1$	0.3	-0.5	0.3
$\hat{\omega}=2$	0.1	0.1	-0.9

For each test data points X_0 and X_1 and for each class, write down the associated $R(\hat{\omega_i}|X) = \sum_k C(\hat{\omega_i}|\omega_k) P(\omega_k|X)$

6. What would the class predictions of the Bayesian Risk Minimization classifier be for our test data points X_0 and X_1 ?