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càdlàg process

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Defines cadlag Defines rcll

Defines R-process
Defines right-process

Defines càglàd Defines lcrl

Defines L-process

A càdlàg process X is a stochastic process for which the paths $t \mapsto X_t$ are right-continuous with left limits everywhere, with probability one. The word $c\grave{a}dl\grave{a}g$ is an acronym from the French for "continu à droite, limites à gauche". Such processes are widely used in the theory of noncontinuous stochastic processes. For example, semimartingales are càdlàg, and continuous-time martingales and many types of Markov processes have càdlàg modifications.

Given a càdlàg process X_t with time index t ranging over the nonnegative real numbers, its left limits are often denoted by

$$X_{t-} = \lim_{\substack{s \to t, \\ s < t}} X_s$$

for every t > 0. Also, the jump at time t is written as

$$\Delta X_t = X_t - X_{t-}.$$

Alternative terms used to refer to a càdlàg process are rell (right-continuous with left limits), R-process and right-process.

Although used less frequently, a process whose paths are almost surely left-continuous with right limits everywhere are known as $c\grave{a}gl\grave{a}d$, lcrl or L-processes.