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strong law of large numbers

 ${\bf Canonical\ name} \quad {\bf StrongLawOfLargeNumbers}$

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 $Related\ topic \\ Martingale Proof Of Kolmogorovs Strong Law For Square Integrable Variables$

A sequence of random variables $X_1, X_2, ...$ with finite expectations in a probability space is said to satisfy the *strong law of large numbers* if

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} (X_k - \mathrm{E}[X_k]) \xrightarrow{a.s.} 0,$$

where a.s. stands for convergence almost surely.

When the random variables are identically distributed, with expectation μ , the law becomes:

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{n} X_k \xrightarrow{a.s.} \mu.$$

Kolmogorov's strong law of large numbers theorems give conditions on the random variables under which the law is satisfied.