

Fundamentos de Programação

António J. R. Neves João Rodrigues

Departamento de Electrónica, Telecomunicações e Informática Universidade de Aveiro

Summary

- List comprehensions
- Dictionary and set comprehensions.
- Generator expressions.

Building lists

- Quite often, we need to <u>create lists</u> with elements <u>related to</u> those in <u>another list</u>.
- For example: return a list of the squares of the values in lst.

- Another example: return a list of uppercase versions of the strings in lst.
 - What do you need to change?
- These programs always follow the <u>same</u> basic <u>pattern</u>.

List comprehensions

Python provides a more concise way to produce such lists.

- These are **list comprehensions**: <u>expressions</u> that generate lists by operating on the elements of other collections.
- The for..in clause is part of the expression. It is not a statement.

List comprehensions (2)

List comprehensions may also include if clauses.

```
args3 = [ s.upper() for s in args if len(s)>3 ]
#-> ['APPLE', 'DELL']
```

 List comprehensions may include multiple for..in and if clauses.

```
[(a,b) for a in [1,2] for b in nums if b>3]
#-> [(1, 4), (1, 7), (2, 4), (2, 7)]
```

Dictionary and set comprehensions

We may also create dictionaries by comprehension.

- Other variations are possible too, of course.
- Sets (we'll see them later) may also be defined by comprehension.

```
s = \{ 2+x \text{ for } x \text{ in } [3, 4, 5, 4] \}
```

Generator expressions

- **Generator expressions** are identical to the expressions used in list comprehensions, but enclosed in ().
- They create an object that generates items only <u>if and</u> <u>when needed</u>, unlike list comprehensions. This strategy is called *lazy evaluation*.
- They're convenient as arguments to some functions.

```
nums = [4, -5, 3, 7, 2, 3, 1]

sum(x/2 for x in nums if x%2==0) #-> 3.0

all(x>0 for x in nums) #-> False
```

 We may use generator expressions to create other types of sequences, for example.

```
tuple (v for v in nums if v<3) #-> (-5, 2, 1)
```

Iterator objects?

- X...
- T