

Desafio AWS + Terraform

Aluno: Eduardo Wesley Andrade Silva

O desafio consiste em realizar o processo de provisionamento da infra na AWS via Terraform, onde será criado o security group, a EC2 e por último o deploy do site (via o arquivo script.sh) que resultará na imagem abaixo (acessando via browser).

- Conta criada free no provedor de nuvem ([AWS](#)):

Configurações da conta	
ID da conta 442426868863	Provedor de serviços Amazon AWS Serviços Brasil Ltda.
Nome da conta eduardowys	Senha *****

- Instale o [Terraform](#) localmente:

```
C:\Users\eduar>terraform -version
Terraform v1.9.8
on windows_amd64
```

- Adicione um [provedor \(AWS\)](#) localmente:



```
C:\Users\eduar>aws --version
aws-cli/2.18.7 Python/3.12.6 Windows/11 exe/AMD64
```

- Escreva os arquivos de configuração. ([receitinha de bolo](#)):

- Criado o grupo e o usuário IAM:

Detalhes do usuário		
Nome do usuário terraform-aws-desafio02	Tipo de senha do console None	Exigir redefinição de senha Não
Resumo de permissões		
Nome [?]	Tipo	Usado como
desafio-aws	Grupo	Grupo de permissões

- Chave de acesso para vincular ao [AWS CLI na máquina](#):

Chave de acesso	
Se você perder ou esquecer sua chave de acesso secreta, não poderá recuperá-la. Em vez disso, crie uma nova chave de acesso e torne a chave antiga inativa.	
Chave de acesso	Chave de acesso secreta
 AKIAWOAVSIR76FPZKJJG	 GnEUfTcdpiAmCPAgELG+IDxe340JdNnJQOH7kE7w Ocultar
<pre>C:\Users\eduar>aws configure AWS Access Key ID [*****TMJD]: AKIAWOAVSIR76FPZKJJG AWS Secret Access Key [*****oGh]: 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 Default region name [us-east-1]: us-east-1 Default output format [us-east-1]: us-east-1</pre>	

- Criada [instância EC2](#) Ubuntu 24.04 LTS - Terraform:

- Inicialize o Terraform. (# terraform init):

```
PS D:\Documentos\TI\DevOps\Terraform+AWS> terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching "5.72.1"...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v5.72.1...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v5.72.1 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
```

- Visualizar a infraestrutura a ser criada. (# terraform plan):

```
PS D:\Documentos\TI\DevOps\Terraform+AWS> terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the
following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.web-server-2 will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "web-server-2" {
  + ami                    = "ami-0a0e5d9c7acc336f1"
  + arn                   = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone      = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count        = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core   = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop       = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized          = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id                = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile   = (known after apply)
  + id                    = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle     = (known after apply)
  + instance_state         = (known after apply)
  + instance_type          = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses        = (known after apply)
  + key_name               = "desafio02"
  + monitoring             = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn            = (known after apply)
  + password_data          = (known after apply)
  + placement_group        = (known after apply)
  + placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
  + primary_network_interface_id = (known after apply)
  + private_dns            = (known after apply)
  + private_ip             = (known after apply)
  + public_dns             = (known after apply)
  + public_ip              = (known after apply)
  + secondary_private_ips  = (known after apply)
```

- O provisionamento na AWS. (# terraform apply):

```
PS D:\Documentos\TI\DevOps\Terraform+AWS> terraform apply
aws_security_group.bt-avantiSG: Refreshing state... [id=sg-0b54d6bee991d4d61]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
+ create

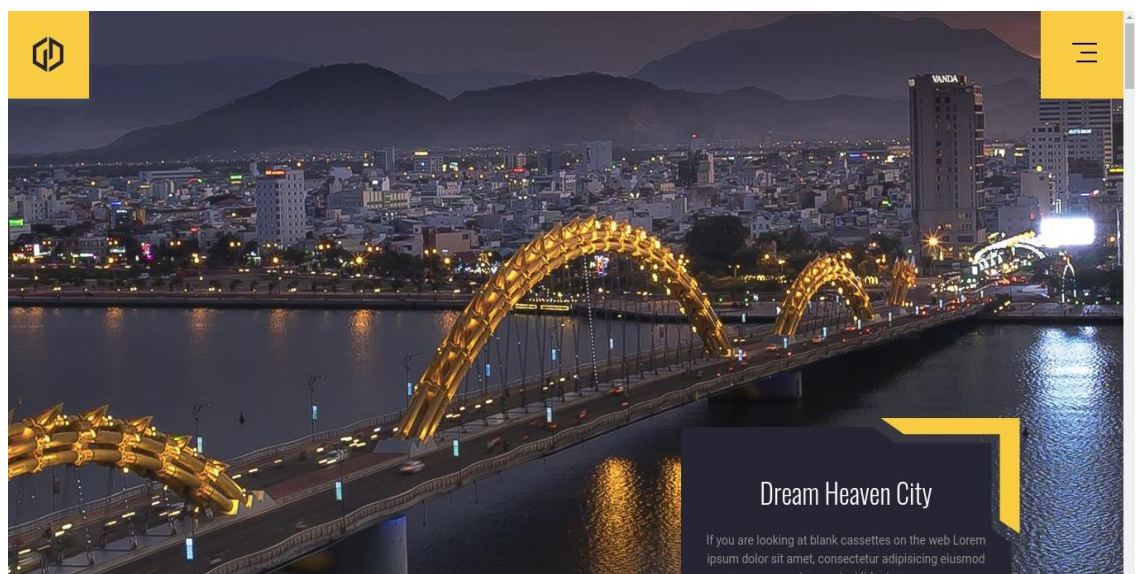
Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.web-server-2 will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "web-server-2" {
  + ami                    = "ami-0a0e5d9c7acc336f1"
  + arn                   = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone      = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count         = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core   = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop       = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized          = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data      = false
  + host_id                = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile   = (known after apply)
  + id                     = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle     = (known after apply)
  + instance_state         = (known after apply)
  + instance_type          = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses        = (known after apply)
  + key_name               = "desafio02"
  + monitoring             = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn            = (known after apply)
  + password_data          = (known after apply)
  + placement_group        = (known after apply)
  + placement_partition_number = (known after apply)
  + primary_network_interface_id = (known after apply)
  + private_dns            = (known after apply)
  + private_ip             = (known after apply)
  + public_dns             = (known after apply)
}
```

i-0B429c2e2c100503c (web-server-2)

Registros de entrada

Fonte	ID do registro de entrada de rede	Intervalo de porta	Protocolo	Origem	Grupo de segurança	Estado
---	sg-2c5da15ce834c510	80	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	bt-avantiSG	81%
---	sg-2f546a907cd5462e1	22	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	bt-avantiSG	55%
---	sg-75a87f084658974e	8443	TCP	0.0.0.0/0	bt-avantiSG	81%



- Para eliminar os recursos provisionados. (# terraform destroy)

```
$ terraform.exe destroy
aws_security_group.bt-avantiSG: Refreshing state... [id=sg-06a88cd8b63e993ea]
aws_instance.web-server-2: Refreshing state... [id=i-0B429c2e2c100503c]
```