Predicting a User's Next Instacart Order

Objective and Problem Setup



TECH STACK

Algorithms

- □ RandomForest
- Grid Search & K-Fold Cross Validation
- Precision/Recall Curves

Python Libraries

- Scikit-learn, StatsModels
- multiprocessing
- pickle
- pandas/numpy

Tools

- PostgreSQL
- Tableau
- Google Cloud Deep Learning VMs
- Jupyter Notebook









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Objective: To predict all of the reorders in a user's next cart

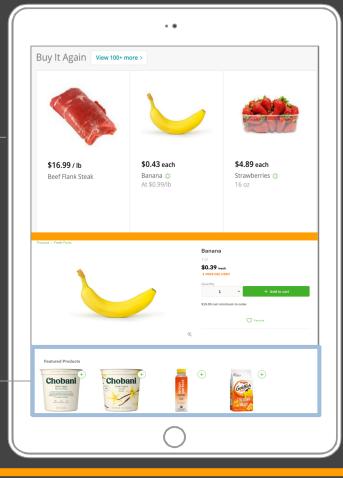
But first... why?

USE CASES

Use Cases:

1) Buy-it-again recommendations

2) Frequently bought with...



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Dataset & Feature Engineering





33,819,106

Total rows (1 per product per order)

3,346,083

Total orders

337,418

Total users

THE DATASET

prior_orders next_orders

Contains prior order details for all users

Contains order details for each user's 'next' order

THE DATASET



Contains prior order details for all users in next_orders

Contains order details for each user's 'next' order

df_features

- Contains user & product statistics from prior_orders
- Contains next_order details
- Modeling done on these inputs

FEATURE ENGINEERING

Some key features (32 total):

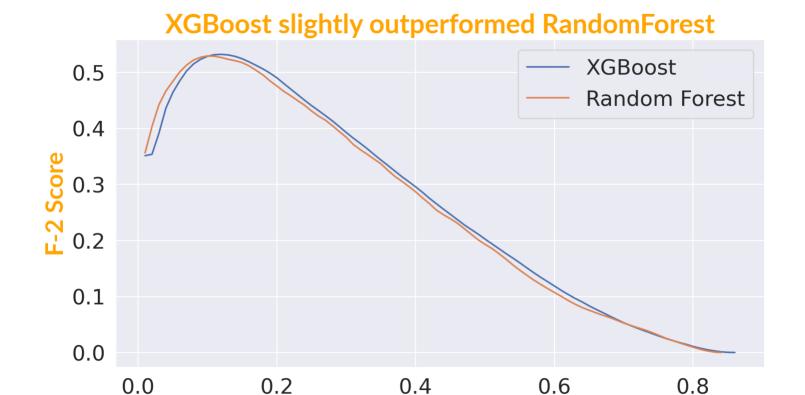
User Features	Product Features	User/Product Features
avg_cart_size	percent_reorders	order_streak
days_since_prior_order	qty_sold	last_five_buys
avg_time_between_orders	qty_reordered	In_last_cart (0/1)

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Model Selection & Results



Model Selection



Probability Threshold

Used grid search to define the optimal XGBoost parameters:

Took over 28 hours using 16 vCPUs and just 25% of the dataset!

learning_rate	0.009
n_estimators	400
max_depth	7
colsample_bytree	0.8
min_child_weight	9



Scoring

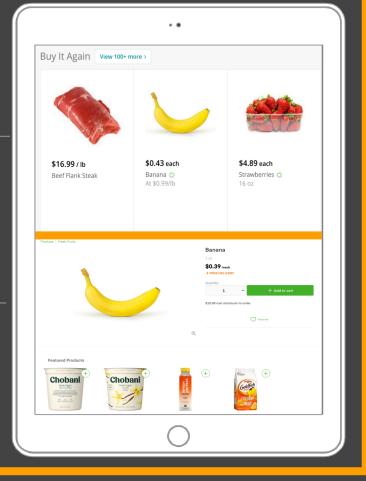
2018 Kaggle competition crowned winner based on resulting F-1 scores

Do you remember our use case?

USE CASES

Use Cases:

- 1) Buy-it-again recommendations
- 2) Frequently bought with...



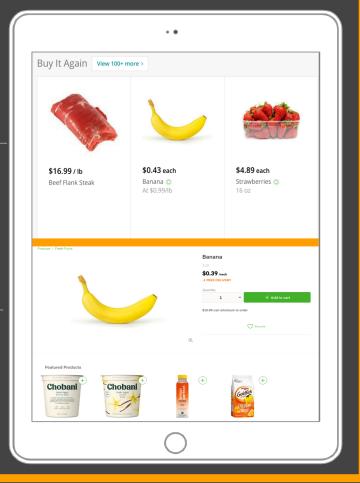
INCREASING CONVERSION RATE

Use Cases:

- 1) Buy-it-again recommendations
- 2) Frequently bought with...

But how do these features help Instacart?

- User ease of use
- 1. Increase product conversion rates



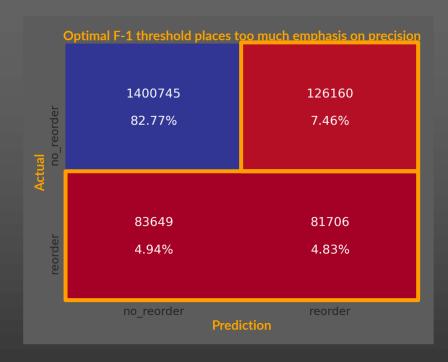
What's Instacart's risk of incorrectly classifying an input as positive?

Not Much.

In fact, we may be better off including items that the user is *less likely to buy* based on their prior orders. This will help Instacart to <u>increase conversion</u>!

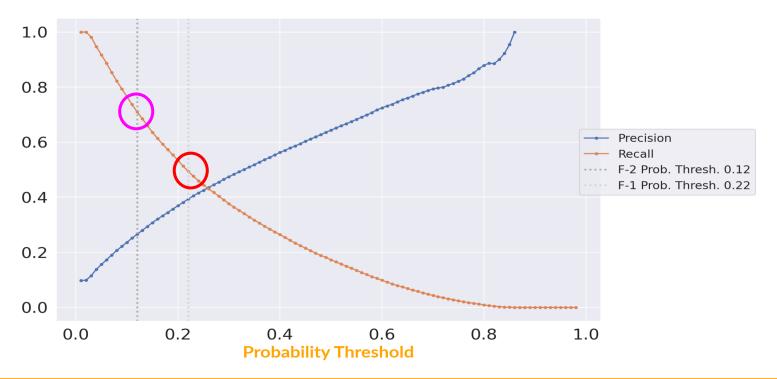
Therefore, we ought to prioritize **recall!**

Recall = True Positives / Actual Positives



EMPHASIZING RECALL

Choosing a threshold with an ideal recall/precision balance using F-2 Scores



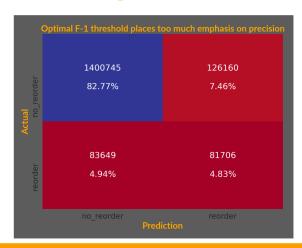
MODEL RESULTS

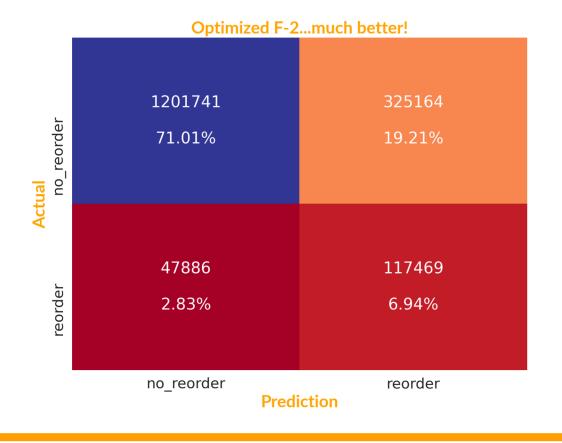
Adjusted F-2 Score

0.53

Probability Threshold

0.12





THANK YOU!

Any questions?

You can find me...

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