Tool Demonstration: Testing JSON Web Services Using jsongen

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Context

How we could test Web services

- 1. Unit tests.
- 2. Integration tests. ¹
- 3. Model checking tests.

And common approaches are:

- Tools for unit testing ²
- Libraries tied to project structure and language.
- Ad-hoc test framework.

Me puedo meter donde no me llaman

^{1*}No me convence usar esto, porque no encuentro fácil el paralelismo con jsongen.

²*¿Mencionamos Postman, RESTclient?

How to use jsongen

What jsongen does:

- Automatic test case generation.
- Trazable errors.
- Extensible library to model service state.
- Property-based testing of web services.

What jsongen needs:

- A JSON Schema specification of the API.
- No programming knowledge needed for basic usage.
- Erlang knowledge for advanced usage.

Tool demonstration testing a custom web service³

- An easy to understand bank web service.
- Operations to create resources and modify state.
- Jsongen's approach by example.

³Diapositiva prescindible mientras se mencione en la siguiente diapositiva

Testing a web service operation

using jsongen

Objectives and example

The main objective of this example is to give a general idea of how to use jsongen to test a simple web service operation.

The web service operation:

Operation	new user	
URI	http://localhost:5000/bank/users/	
Method	POST	
Body	name: string, password: string	
Result	user: string	
Status	201	

Starting out our JSON Schema

Operation	new user	
URI	http://localhost:5000/bank/users/	
Method	POST	

```
{
  "rel": "new_user",
  "href": "http://localhost:5000/bank/users/",
  "title": "new user",
  "method": "POST",
  ...
```

Body generator

Body name: string, password: string

```
"schema": {
 "type": "object",
  "required": ["user", "password"],
  "properties": {
    "user": {
      "quickcheck": { "name": "string" }
   },
    "password": {
      "quickcheck": { "name": "string" }
```

Body generator: self-defined generators

Body name: string, password: string

```
"schema": {
  "type": "object",
  "required": ["user", "password"],
  "properties": {
   "user": {
      "quickcheck": { "name": "bank_generators:gen_user" }
   }.
   "password": {
      "quickcheck": { "name": "bank_generators:gen_password" }
  "additionalProperties": false
```

Response validation

Result	user: string
Status	201

```
{
    "type": "object",
    "required": ["user"],
    "status": 201,
    "properties": {
        "user": { "type": "string" }
    },
    "additionalProperties": false
}
```

Structure

At the end we will have 2 files:

- new_user.jsch which contains the information used in the request generation.
- new_user_response.jsch which contains the information in the response validation.

The last important JSON Schema identifier is:

```
"targetSchema": {
    "$ref": "new_user_response.jsch#"
}
```



Testing a web service protocol

using jsongen

Objectives and API description

The main objective of this example is to give a general idea of how to use the dynamic links descovering habilities of jsongen.

In this example we will test the protocol of the whole bank API.

The API operations:

Operation	Resource identifiers	
new user	/bank/users/	
new account	/bank/users/{user}/accounts/	
consult account	/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{accountid}/	
deposit	/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{accountid}/	
withdraw	$/bank/users/\{owner\}/accounts/\{accountid\}/$	

Operation: new account

Operation	new account	
URI	http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{user}/accounts/	
Method	POST	
Body	empty	

```
"rel": "new_account",
"href": "http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{user}/accounts/",
"title": "new account",
"method": "POST",
"schema": {
  "type": "object",
  "additionalProperties": false,
  "properties": {}
```

Operation: new account

```
Result accountid: string, balance: integer, owner: string
Status 201
```

```
"type": "object",
"required": ["accountid", "balance", "owner"],
"status": 201,
"properties": {
  "accountid": { "type": "string" },
  "balance": { "type": "integer" },
  "owner": { "type": "string" }
},
"additionalProperties": false,
```

Operation: consult account

Operation	consult account
URI	$http://localhost:5000/bank/users/\{owner\}/accounts/\{accountidentification of the context of the$
Method	GET

```
{
   "rel": "consult",
   "href": "http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{ac
   "title": "consult account",
   "method": "GET"
}
```

Operation: consult account

```
Resultaccountid: string, balance: integer, owner: stringStatus200
```

```
"type": "object",
"required": ["accountid", "balance", "owner"],
"status": 200,
"properties": {
  "accountid": { "type": "string" },
  "balance": { "type": "integer" },
  "owner": { "type": "string" }
},
"additionalProperties": false
```

Operation: deposit

```
Operation
           deposit
  URI
           http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{accountid
 Method
           POST
  Body
           operation: "deposit", quantity: integer
"rel": "deposit",
 "href": "http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{ac
 "title": "deposit",
"method": "POST",
 "schema": {
   "type": "object",
   "required": ["operation", "quantity"],
   "properties" : {
     "operation": { "oneOf": [ { "enum" : ["deposit"] } ] },
     "quantity": { "type": "integer" }
   },
                                                                16
   "additionalProperties": false
```

Operation: deposit

```
Result accountid: string, balance: integer, owner: string
Status 201
```

```
"type": "object",
"required": ["accountid", "balance", "owner"],
"status": 201,
"properties": {
  "accountid": { "type": "string" },
  "balance": { "type": "integer" },
  "owner": { "type": "string" }
},
"additionalProperties": false
```

Operation: withdraw

```
Operation
           withdraw
  URI
           http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{accountid
 Method
           POST
  Body
           operation: "withdarw", quantity: integer
"rel": "withdraw",
 "href": "http://localhost:5000/bank/users/{owner}/accounts/{ac
 "title": "withdraw",
 "method": "POST",
 "schema": {
   "type": "object",
   "required": ["operation", "quantity"],
   "properties": {
     "operation": { "oneOf": [ { "enum" : ["withdraw"] } ] },
     "quantity": { "type": "integer" }
   },
                                                                18
   "additionalProperties": false
```

Operation: withdraw

```
Result accountid: string, balance: integer, owner: string
Status 201
```

```
"oneOf" : [
 {
    "type": "object",
    "required": ["accountid", "balance", "owner"],
    "status": 201,
    "properties": {
      "accountid": { "type": "string" },
      "balance": { "type": "integer" },
      "owner": { "type": "string" }
    },
    "additionalProperties": false
 },
```

```
. . .
      "type": "object",
      "required": ["status", "message"],
      "status": 409,
      "properties": {
        "status": { "type": "integer" },
        "message": { "type": "string" }
     },
      "additionalProperties": false
```

Dependencies

Structure



correctness with a jsongen model

Testing a web service state

Objectives and example

The main objective of this example is to give a general idea of how to use jsongen to test the state of a web service.

The web service state:

Operation	Changes the state
new user	yes
new account	yes
consult account	no
withdraw	yes
deposit	yes

The model interface

To use the model we need to implement the next 3 functions in an erlang module:

```
-export([initial_state/0, next_state/4, postcondition/4]).
initial_state() ->
    ...

next_state(Super, State, Result, Call) ->
    ...

postcondition(Super, State, Call, Result) ->
    ...
```

In our API we will model the state as:

```
-record(state, {users, accounts}).
initial_state() ->
    #state
    {
      users = [],
      accounts = #{}
    }.
```

State analysis

Model: next_state

This function changes the model's state and then calls the internal function of jsongen with the same name.

```
next_model_state(Operation, ModelState, {struct, BodyValues},
                 {struct, Values}) ->
  case Operation of
    "new_user" ->
      case proplists:lookup(<<"user">>, Values) of
        { . User} ->
          ModelState#state {
            users = [User|ModelState#state.users]
           };
        none -> ModelState
      end;
```

```
"new account" ->
  case {proplists:lookup(<<"accountid">>, Values),
         proplists:lookup(<<"balance">>, Values)} of
     {{_, AccountId}, {_, Balance}} ->
      ModelState#state {
         accounts = maps:put(AccountId,
                             Balance,
                             ModelState#state.accounts)
       };
     _ -> ModelState
  end;
```

Model: postcondition

This function checks the postcondition properties defined in the model.

Model: postcondition_model_state

```
postcondition_model_state(Operation, ModelState,
                          {struct, Values}) ->
  case Operation of
    "consult account" ->
      case {proplists:lookup(<<"accountid">>, Values),
            proplists:lookup(<<"balance">>, Values)} of
        {{_, AccountId}, {_, Balance}} ->
          Balance == maps:get(AccountId,
                              ModelState#state.accounts);
        _ -> false
      end;
    -> true
  end.
```

