Most schools in England require children to wear a school uniform.

Students' uniform

Long grey or black trousers (short may be worn in summer) White shirt. Black shoes. School tie (choose as you like in most schools)

Jumper or sweater with the school name on.

Girls may wear skirts during the summer term.

There are at least four advantages. Firstly, when they go on a school trip they all look the same and so they can't get lost. Secondly, it stops kids worrying about what to wear each day. Everyone is equal. Thirdly, parents don't have to shop for expensive and different clothes for their children to show off(炫 耀). Fourthly, wearing a uniform gives a sense of being proud and discipline(纪律约束) in them.

51. What colour are the shoes that the English students wear in school?

A. White

B. Grey

C. Black

52. Where can you find the school name?

A. On the tie

B. On the sweater

C. On the shirt

D. On the skirt

53. Which of the following is one of the advantages of wearing a uniform?

A. It gives students a sense of being proud

B. It helps children show off

C. It helps children choose different clothes

D. It makes children strange

Mr. Evens works in Sydney. Last week he had a two--week holiday, but he didn't know where to go. He said to his friend Robert, "I hate the hot weather here, but I can't find a cool place in Australia. How will I take my holiday?"

"That's easy," said Robert. "You'd better go to Moscow. Snow and ice are covering the ground now."

Mr. Evens agreed with his friend. He bought an air ticket and soon arrived in Moscow. He made a happy journey there. But one day He got into trouble. After lunch he went to a park outside the city. He saw a dog following him while he was walking past a house. It was hungry and wished him to give it some food to eat. Bad luck! He had no piece of bread or cake in his pockets. He tried to send it away, but it began to bark at him. He wanted to look for a stick but couldn't find anything except snow and ice. Suddenly he saw a stone in the ground. He tried to pick it up but he failed.

"How strange Russians are!" Mr. Evens said to himself. "They do not tie their dogs, but firmly(牢牢 地) tie the ground!"

54. Mr. Evens wouldn't spend his holiday in Australia because

A. it was very hot in his country

B. he liked to make a long journey

C. he had never been to Moscow before

D. Robert told him to leave his country

55. Mr. Evens went to Moscow

A. by train

B. by car

C. by plane

D. on foot

56. Mr. Evens couldn't find a stick because

A. there weren't any trees in Moscow in winter

B. the ground was covered with snow and ice

C. the Russians had taken all the sticks home

D. the Russians didn't tell him about it

57. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. Russians are all very strange.

B. Russians never ties their dog.

C. Russians always tie the stones firmly.

D. The stone was firmly frozen (冰冻的) on the ground.

Do you like chocolate? Maybe most people do. A box of it can be a great gift. Buy one for a friend and give it as a surprise. See how happy that person gets.

Say you just got a box of chocolate. Which piece do you pick first? A man has studied people's choices (选择). He says they tell something about the person. Did you choose a round piece? You are a person who likes to go to the party. Did you choose an oval shape? You are a person who likes to make things. Picking a square shape shows something else. The person is honest and truthful. You can depend (依靠) on him or her.

What kind of chocolate do you pick? Maybe you like milk chocolate. This shows you have warm feelings about the past. Dark chocolate means something else. A person who chooses it looks toward the future. What about white chocolate? Would you choose it? If so, you may find it hard to make up your mind. Some people like chocolate with nuts. These are people who like to help others.

Do you believe these ideas? Can candy tell all these things? It doesn't really matter. There is one sure thing about eaters of chocolate. They eat it because they like it.

thing about eaters of chocolate. They eat it because they like it.	
58. This passage mainly tells us	
A. why people like chocolate B. almost everyone likes chocolate	
C. about different kinds of chocolate	
D. different choices may show different characters (性格)	
59. Picking a round shape of chocolate shows that a person	
A. likes singing, dancing and drinking B. likes to do something for others	
C. is good at making things D. can be depended on	
60. If you enjoy eating milk chocolate you may	
A. look forward to the future B. like to think of the past	
C. enjoy parties and fun D. have trouble making decisions	
61. From this passage we can say that a helpful man may choose chocolate	
A. in oval shape B. in square shape	
C. with nuts D. with coffee	
D	
When people are dirty, they take a bath or a shower. Animals don't have soap(肥皂), but they	do keep
themselves clean. Many animals with hair, such as dogs and cats, keep themselves clean by licking (i	舔)theii
hair. They also use their teeth to pull out small dirty things from their hair. When they lick their ha	air, it is
almost as if they are using a wet brush to clean themselves.	
Birds take baths to stay clean. First they walk through water that is not deep. Next they beat	
their wings to dry themselves. Birds also take sand baths(沙浴)on the ground. It is thought that	they do
this to drive away parasites(寄生虫).	
Even fish need cleaning. Fish have very little parasites that live in their mouths. Some fish live by	
these parasites off other fish. Such fish are called "cleaner fish". Larger fish will open their mouths	so tha
the cleaner fish can get in to clean.	
Some animals that live in groups clean each other, such as monkeys. They often clean one another	er. One
monkey may clean an area that the other monkey can't reach. How interesting it is!	
62. One way that birds keep clean is to	
A. open their mouths B. take sand baths C. beat their wings D. clean each other	
63. According to the third paragraph, all the following are true EXCEPT	
A. fish need cleaning	
B. some fish are cleaner fish	
C. some parasites live in the fish's mouths	
D. larger fish open their mouths to eat cleaner fish	
64. You may probably read this passage in a	
A. weather report B. school report C. science book D. history book	
65. The best title of the passage is	
A. Animals Keeping Clean B. Different Animals	
C. Driving Away Parasites D. Monkeys Living in Groups	