



Advanced Game Design F2P Economy

Lecture 3. Sessions Design Nikolay Naumenko

Overview

- Session control in general
- Beginning, middle and ending of sessions
- Means to control
- Energy and timers





DISCLAIMER

- Used in some companies
- Open to discussion
- Cover major thumb rules and can be used as guide
- Doesn't work 100% of cases





Session Control

Habit creation

- Create good experience to reinforce habit of player
- Content delivery
 - Too give enough content to player
- Put on friction curve
 - Make progression feel ok
 - Though it slows down





Session Control. Usage in Industry

- Hardcore games don't control much
 - Soft methods as Save Point
 - In MMO games due daily bonuses
- Early F2P done as monetization feature
 - Energy based monetization
 - Finish session before player want to finish
- Now used more and more
 - Create user engagement
 - Less monetization more bonuses





Session Experience (I)

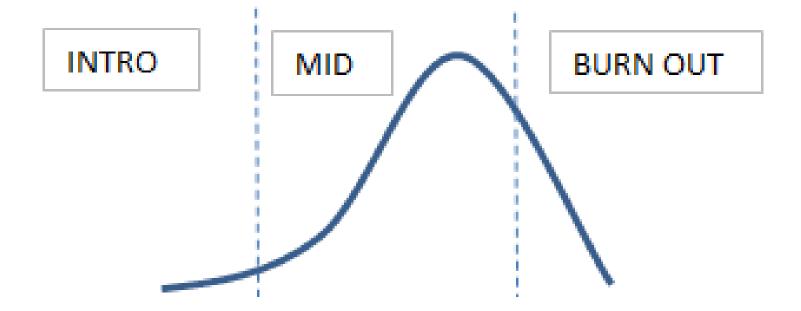
- Thumb rules:
 - Some progression each session
 - Don't "overheat" player (too much to do)
 - Not many drastic changes from previous session
- Different approaches to create experience
 - Catch for next session (early experience)
 - Fulfillment of job done (later experience)
 - Player leave game with goals on





Session Experience (II)

Emotional curve







Intro to session

- Messaging
 - Can be welcome message
 - Summery of things done
- Starting positions
 - Always the same easier to get habit
 - Exception can be done, but can create frustration when long pause has been taken
- Tips
 - During loading as example
 - Re-inforce player





Intro to session, incentive

- Reward for entering
 - Gatcha!
 - Daily/weekly/session reward
- Reward for first action
 - Collecting resources
 - Other bonuses for action
 - Special battle
 - Special level/mission







Core loop

- Must be looped at least once
 - In order to create habit
 - Make clear action-reward feedback for player
- Depended on simplicity number of times
 - More simple game loop is less it should go thru session
 - EXCEPTION: some simple core loops aren't prominent and can be repeated (and need to be) more and more





Non core loop activities

- Control only what relate to progression
- Check if it can exploit progression and session design





Meta game. Out of gameplay

- Should not be considered as part of the session
- But only session result should affect progression stats
- Design should be done accordingly





Burn out(I)

Diagnosis

- While testing (lose focus, no flow)
- If sessions are long and retention is low

Simplicity

- Game could be too repetitive for audience
- Lack of challenge, over-smart the game

Too complicated

 Getting tiered (15 minutes for mobile, 1.5-2 hours for PC and console)





Progression requirements (I)

Not as much session design as progression

 Requirements added to make progression smooth and predictable

Hard Blockers

- No possibility to cross
- Not in the middle of the session
- Player may not come back

Variations

- Requirements to build something
- Paywalls and inviting





Progression requirements (II)







Progression requirements (III)

Soft blockers

- Can give frustration
- Should be crossable next time
- Clear feedback

Examples of Soft blockers

- Boss adapted to be beaten only with some level of items
- Economical balance cannot continue because some resources what depends on real time





Session ending (I)

- Soft. Without conditions
 - No requirements
 - No progression of the player
 - Can be added suggestions as milestone
- Early players can exploit the game
 - Quite before habit is formed
 - Find it repetitive
- Solution don't let progress
 - Player gain less progression resources (XP)
 - Key missions only given in limited amount





Session ending (II)

- Hard ending. Force to finish session
 - Player cannot play (due luck of energy or life)
- Time should be properly estimated
 - Much harder to find good timing
- Monetization of session control
 - Possibility to monetize, usually simple games such as casual puzzles
- Easy to make as designers, but more chances players will hate it





Triggers to come back (I)

In game periodicity with real time







Trigger to come back (II)

- All initial session incentives features
 - Gatcha!
 - Daily/weekly rewards
 - Daily missions
- External timers and obligations
 - Friends request (kind of working)
 - Notifications
 - Activities such clan wars or similar (social)





Energy system. Classic

Old style, but still works some times



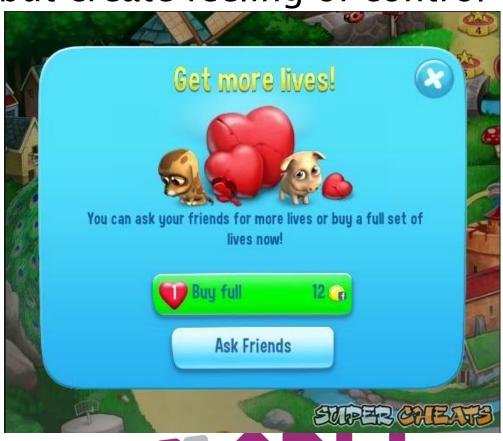




Energy system. Live

Similar to energy, but create feeling of control

over your session





Energy system. Pseudo

- Let's hide energy from player
 - Fallout shelter
 - Chain of resources as energy







Timers. controlled by player

Player set timers. Manage session time and

progression







Timers. fixed

Fixed by designers. These timers are most used currently due it natural feeling, and monetization possibilities







Energy vs Timers

- Evolution
 - Energy -> Timers -> Pseudo Energy
- Usage
 - Most of control build around, can't be removed
- Bad experiences
 - Problems with Energy
 - Feel of control
 - Stressful limitation
 - Problems with Timers
 - Always growing
 - Frustration at last stages of the game





Bad control

- Visible
- Out of theme
- Forced a lot





Comparing with hardcore

- More players freedom
 - Pre-paid games relay on overall experience more then to session-to-session one
 - Deeper gameplay, more things to master
- Trusting player
 - Player learn about game by them self
 - They willing to come back by them self





Idea of toy and meta game

- Toy is forever
- Meta game is long or money



