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SHIPPER
PUREVER INDUSTRIAL SOLUTIONS SA
VALE DO VINAGRE
LUGAR DO POÇO FORRADO - APARTADO 7
3521-909 NELAS
PORTUGAL

CONSIGNEE
VALTRIA ENGINEERING SA DE CV
XOCHICALCO 236 PLANTA ALTA

03020 MEXICO DF MEXICO

RFC: SSI090224V14

NOTIFY

SAME AS CONSIGNEE

B'L Nº: COPIA

193529/23329/52033

COMBINED TRANSPORT OCEAN BILL OF LADING

Issued subjetc to ICC Uniform Rules for a combined transport document Document (ICC Publication 298)

Document (ICC) ublication 290)

PLACE OF RECEIPT PLACE OF DELIVERY

PORT OF LOADING PORT OF DISCHARGE

LEIXOES VERACRUZ

VESSEL № DE VIAJE

No and Kind of Packages **Description of goods** Marks and Numbers Measurement **Gross weight** SHIPPER'S LOAD STOW AND COUNT MEDU8101366 S:EU16782891 40'HC CONSTRUCCION PREFABRICADO, DESARMADA COMPLETA COM SUS PARTES ACCESORIOS 4.039,08kg 6.718,98kg 7 PACKAGES 0 cbm 0 cbm MSCU5485908 S:EU13782831 40'HC 9 PACKAGES PARA SU NORMAL FUNCIONAMIENTO NORMAL 4.860,90kg 0 cbm MSCU7665241 S:EU16782885 40'HC 8 PACKAGES Total:15.618,96 Total: Total: 24 FREIGHT COLLECT PACKAGES CLEAN ON BOARD

SEALAND ILLINOIS

eight and Charges	Delivery Agent SENNI LOGISTICS SA DE CV ANDALUCIA 54 INT 103 COL.LOS ALAMOS C.P.03400 DEL.BENITO JUAREZ 06700 MEXICO DF (MEXICO) TEL: 525570304506 Freight payable at Place and date DESTINATION Alicante 09	SENNI LOGISTICS SA DE CV ANDALUCIA 54 INT 103 COL.LOS ALAMOS C.P.03400 DEL.BENITO JUAREZ 06700 MEXICO DF (MEXICO) TEL: 525570304506	
	Number of original Bs/L 3/THREE Signature Iberoforward AS AGENTS		

Standard Conditions governing. COMBINED TRANSPORTS BILLS OF LADING.

Definitions: "Merchant" means and includes the Shipper, the Consigner, the Consigner, the Holder of this Bill of Lading, the Receiver and the Owner of the Goods. The Freight Forwarder" means the tothe goods, such compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of such goods at the place of it.

8.1. When the Freight Forwarder is liable for compensation in respect of loss of or damage to the goods, such compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of such goods at the place of the contract or should have been so

The headings set forth below are for easy reference only.

Aplicability

this document shall also aply if the transport as described on the face or the Bill of Lading is performed Merchant has declared a higher value for the goods and such higher value has been stated in the CT Bill by one mode of transport only. Notwithstanding the heading "Combined Transport Bill of Lading" the provision set out and referred to in

2 Issuance of the "Combined Transport Bill of Lading"

2.1. By the issuance of this "Combined Transport bill of Lading", the Freight Forwarder:

a) undertakes to perform and or in his own name to procure the performance of the entire transport from the place at which the goods are taken in charge to the place designated for delivery in this Bill of Lading.

b) assumes hability as set out these conditions

2.2.For the purposes and subject the provisions of this Bill of Lading, The Freight Forwarder shall be responsible fro the acts and omissions of any person of whose services he makes use for the performance of the contact evidenced by This Bill of Lading

Negotiability and title to the goods.

3.1. By accepting this Bill of Lading the Merchant and his transferees agree with the Freight Forward In that,unless it is marked "non negociable" it shall constitute title to the goods and the holder,by endorsement of this Bill of Lading shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the goods herem mentioned. endorsement of this Bill of Lading shall be entitled to receive or to transfer the goods herem mentioned. Paragraph 3 of Clause 8 if it is proved that the loos or damage resulted from an act or omission of the 3.2. This Bill of Lading shall be prima facie evidence of the taking in charge by the Freight Forwarder of Freight Forwarder done with intent to cause damage or recklessly and with knowledge that damage the goods as herein described. However,proof to the contrary shall not be admissible when this Bill of would probably result.

Lading has been negotiated or transferred for valuable consideration to a third path certified. 4.Dangerous Goods and indemnity

4.1.The Merchant shall comply with rules which are mandatory according to the national law or by reason 2, such prson shall be entitled to avail himself of the defences and limits of liability which the Freight of international Convention, relating to the carriage of goods of a dangerous nature and shall in any case Forwarder is entitled to invoke under these Conditions.

11.2.However, if it is proved that the loos or damage resulted from an act or omission of this person, inform the Freight Forwarder in writing of the exact nature of the danger before goods of a dangerous of the exact nature of the danger before goods of the danger before goods of the exact nature of the d inform the Freight Forwarder in writting of the exact nature of the danger before goods of a dangerous of the dangerous of the danger before goods of a dangerous of the danger before goods of the da

4.2.In the Merchant fails to provide such information and the Freight Forwarder is unaware of the dangerous nature of the goods and the necesary precautions to be taken and if, at any time, they are aggregate of the amounts recoverable from the Freight Forwarder and the persons referred to in deemed to be a hazard to life or property, they may at any place be unloaded, destroyed or rendered paragraph 2 of clause 2 shall in no case exceed the limits provided for in these conditions harmles, as circumstancesmay require without compensation and the merchant shall be liable for all harmles, as circumstancesmay require without compensation and the inertaining small be inable to the freight forwarder reserves to himself a reasonable liberry to be followed in the handing, storage and transportation of goods.

Forwarder, except to General Average if any.
5.Description of Goods and Merchant's Packing.

the goods were taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder of the description of the goods, marks number, regin tradects of the regint Forwarder against all loss damage and expenses arising or resulting from inaccuracies in or inadequacy such particulars. The right of the Freight Forwarder to such indemnity shall in no way limit his.

14.1.Freight shall be paid in cash without discount and, whether prepayable or payable at destination, quantity, weight and or volume as furnished by him and the Consignor snail incertified and provided against all loss damage and expenses arising or resulting from inaccuracies in or inadequacy such particulars. The right of the Freight Forwarder to such indemnity shall in no way limit his shall be paid in cash without discount and, whether prepayable or payable at destination, shall be considered as earned on receipt of the goods and not to be returned or relinquished in any

responsibility and hability under this Bill of Lading to any person other than the Consignor . shall 5.2.Without prejudice to clause 6 (A) (2) (c),the Merchant shall be liable for any loss, damage or injury event. caused by faulty or insufficient packing of goods or by faulty loading or packing within containers and trailers and on flats when such loading or packing has been performed by the Merchant or on behalf of named in the Bill of Lading or at the Freight forwarder's option in the currency of the country of dispatch the Merchant by a person other than the Freight Forwarder or by the defect or unsuitability or the or destination at the highest rate of exchange for bakers sight bills current for prepayable freight on the containers trailers or flats, when supplied by the Merchant, and Shall indemnify the Freight Forwarder day of dispatch and for freight payable at destination on the day when the Merchants is notified of arrival against any additional expenses so caused. against any additional expenses so caused. 6.Extent of Liability

6.1.1.)The Freight Forwarder shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods ocurring between the time when he takes the goods into his charge and the time of delivery.

of the Merchant or from whom the Freight Forwarder took the goods in charge.
b)insufficiency or defective condition of the packaging or marks and/or numbers.

f)any cause or event of which the Fright Forwarder could not avoid and the consecuences be

whereof he could not prevent by the exercise of reasonable diligence.
g)a nuclear incident if the operator of a nuclear instalation or aperson acting for him is liable for

3)The burden of proving that the loss or damage was due to one or more of the above causes or

be attributed to one or more of the causes or events specified in b) to d)above, it shall be presumed that Forwarder in this connection. it was so caused. The claimant shall, however be entitled to prove that the loss or damage was not in 17.Notice

the provisions contained in any international Convention or national law which provisions

1)cannot be departed from by private contract, to the detriment of the claimant, and

2)would have applied if the Claimant had made a separate and direct contract with the Freight Forwarder in respect of the particular stage of transport where the loss or damage occured

Paramount Clause.

The Hague Rules contained in the international Convention for the unification of certain treat the goods as lost. rules relating to Bills of Lading,dated Brussels 25th August 1924, or in those countries where they are already in force the Hague-Vishy Rules contained in the Protocol of Brussels, date February 23rd, 1968 acted in the Country of Shipment, shall apply to all carriage of goods by sea and where no is mandatory international law

applies to the carriage of goods by inlad waterways also, and such provisions snall apply to all goods whether carried on deck or under deck. 8.Lumitation Amaunt.

8.2. The value of the goods shall be fished according to the current commodity exchange price , or ,if there be no such price , according to the current market price, or, if there be no commodity exchange price or current market price by reference to the normal value of goods of the same kind and quality. 8.3Compensation shall not, however, exceed 2 SDR (SPECIAL DRAWING RIGHTS) per kilo of grss weight of the goods lost or damaged, unless, with the consent of the Freight Forwarder,

case such higher value shall be the limit. However, the Freight Forwarder shall not, in any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim.

9.Delay, Consequential Loss, etc.

Arrival times are not guaranteed by the Freight Forwarder if the Freight Forwarder is held liable in respect of delay, consequentail loss or damage other than loss of damage to the goods, the liability of the Freight Forwarder shall be limited to double the freight for the transport covered by this Bill of Lading, or the value of the goods as determined in clause 8, whichever is the less.

10.Defences

10.1. The defences and limits of liability provided for in these conditions shall aply in any action against the Freight Forwarder for loos of or damage or delay to the goods wether the action be founded contract or in tort.

10.2.The Freight Forwarder shall not be entitled to the benefit of the limitation of liability provided for in

11.Liability of servants and Sub-contractors
11.1.if an actio for loos of or damage to the goods is brought against a person referred to in paragraph

11.3. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 of Clause 10 and paragraph 2 of this Clause, the

12.Method and route of transportation.

The Freight Forwarder reserves to himself a reasonable liberty as to the means, route and procedure

any service incidental thereto.
4.3.If any goods shipperd with the knowledge of the Freight Forwarder as to their dangerous nature shall become a danger to vehicle or cargo, they may in like manner be unloaded or landed at any place or destroyed or rendered innocuous by the Freight Forwarder without liability on the part of the Freight Forwarder is entitled to call upon the Merchant to take delivery thereof, the Freight Forwarder shall be entitled to store the goods or that part thereof at the soler risk of the Merchant or the Foreight Forwarder in respect of the goods or that part thereof stored as any or the first that the foreight Forwarder in respect of the goods or that part thereof stored as any or that part thereof stored as any or that part thereof stored as any or the first that the first f upon the liability of the Freight Forwarder in respect of the goods or that part thereof stored as aforesaid 5.1.The consignor shall be deemed to have guaranteed to the Freight Forwarder the accuracy at the time (as the case may be)shall wholly cease and the cost of such storage (if paid by or payabble by the the goods were taken in charge by the Freight Forwarder of the description of the goods, marks number, Freight Forwarder or any agent or sub-contractor of the Freight Forwarder.) shall for with upon demand be greatly weight and a payable of the property of the freight Forwarder.

14.2.Freight and all other amounts mentioned in this Bill of Lading are to be paid in the currency option of the Freight Forwarder on the date of the Bill of Lading
14.3.All dues, taxes and charges or other expenses in connection with the goods shall be paid by the

when he takes the goods into his charge and the time of delivery.

2)The Freight Forwarder shall, however, be relieved of liability for any loss or damage such loss or

14.4.The Merchant shall reimburse the Freight Forwarder in proportion to the amount of freight for any age was caused by.

14.4.The Merchant shall reimburse the Freight Forwarder in proportion to the amount of freight for any age was caused by.

e was caused by.

a)an act or omission of the merchant or person other than the Freight Forwarder acting on behalf operation epidemics, strikes, government directions or force majeure.

Merchant or from whom the Freight Forwarder took the goods in charge.

14.5.The Merchant warrants the correctness of the declaration of contents, insurance, weight measurements or value of the goods but the Freight forwarder reserves the right to have the contents c)handling, loading, stowage or unloading of the goods by the Merchant or any person acting on inspected and the weight, measurements or value verified. If on such inspection it is found the declaration behalf of the Merchant. Update the content is a greed that a sum equal either to five times the difference between the correct figure and the freight charged, or to double the correct freight less the freight charged, whichever sum is the smaller, shall be payable as liquidated damage to the Freight Forwarder could not avoid by the exercice of reasonable diligence.

f)any cause or event of which the Fright Forwarder and the freight charged, or to double the correct freight less the freight charged, whichever sum is the smaller, shall be payable as liquidated damage to the Freight Forwarder for his inspection cost and looses of freight on other code assertion.

The Freight Forwarder shall have a lien on the goods for any amount due under this Bill of Lading this damage under an applicable international Convention or national law governing liability in respect of including storage fees and for the cost of recovering same and may enforce such lien in any reasonable nuclear energy.

16.General Average

The Merchant shall indemnity the Freight Forwarder in respect of any claims of a General Average events shall rest upon the Freight Forwarder.

The Merchant shall indemnity the Freight Forwarder in respect of any claims of a General Average When the Freight Forwarder establishes that, in the circumstances of the case, the loss or damage coud nature which may be made on him and shall provide such security as may be required by the the Freight

It was so caused. The claimant shall, however be entitled to prove that the loss or damage was not in Unless notice of loss of or damage to the goods and the general nature of it be given in writing to the fact, caused wholly or partly by one or more of these causes or events.

Unless notice of loss of or damage to the goods and the general nature of it be given in writing to the 6.2.When in accordance with clause 6.1.1) the Freight Forwarder is liable to pay compensation in Freight Forwarder or the person referred to in paragraph 2 of Clause 2, at the place of delivery before or respect of loss or damage to the goods and the stage of transport where the loss or damage occurred is at the time of the removal of the goods into the custody of the person entitled to delivery thereof under known, the liability of the Freight Forwarder in respect of such loss or damage shall be determined by this Bill of Lading, or if the loss or damage be no apparent, within seven consecutive days thereafter. such removal shall be prima facie evidence of the delivery by the Freight Forwarder of the goods as described in this Bill of Lading

18.Non delivery

Failure to effect delivery within 90 days after the expiry of a time limit agreed and expressed in a CT and received as evidence thereof any particular stage or transport where the loss or damage occurred and received as evidence thereof any particular document which must be issued in order to make such Bill Of Lading or, where no time limit is ageed and so expressed, failure to effect delivery within 90days international convention or national law applicable. shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, give to the party entitled to receive delivery, the right to

19.Time Bar.

The Freight Forwarder shall be discharged of all liability under the rules of these Conditions unless suit brought within nine month after.

the delivery of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered,or

III.the date when in accordance with Clause 18, failure to deliver the goods would, in the absence of evidence to the contrary give, to the party entitled to receive delivery, the right to treat the goods, as lost.

Actions against the Freight Forwarder may only be instituted in the country where the Freight Forwarder has his principal place of bussines and shall be decided according to the law of such country