

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 24} dx$$

Solution

Since the denominator of $\frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 24}$ factors as $x^2 + 2x - 24 = (x + 6)(x - 4)$, we set up a partial fraction decomposition:

$$\frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 24} = \frac{A}{x + 6} + \frac{B}{x - 4}.$$

Multiply both sides by $(x + 6)(x - 4)$ to get

$$1 = A(x - 4) + B(x + 6)$$

- Using the equation above, substituting $x = 4$, we have $1 = 0 + B(4 + 6)$, and see that $B = \frac{1}{10}$.
- Reusing the above equation, substituting $x = -6$, we get $A = -\frac{1}{10}$.

So

$$\frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 24} = \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{x - 4} - \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{x + 6}.$$

Based on all the algebra above,

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x - 24} dx &= \int \left(\frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{x - 4} - \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{x + 6} \right) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{10} \ln |x - 4| - \frac{1}{10} \ln |x + 6| + C, \end{aligned}$$

where each of the integrals is evaluated using substitution (either $u = x - 4$ or $u = x + 6$).