

INSTRUCCIONES: Plasme la codificación SQL en el workBench MySQL.

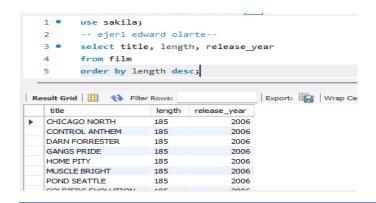
Usando la base de datos Sakila:

- Abrir MySQL Workbench y conectar a su servidor local.
- Seleccionar la base de datos sakila con el siguiente comando:
 USE sakila;
- Comenta con tus palabras cada parte y Guardar el archivo como: TUSAPELLIDOS.sql y enviar a la carpeta compartida.

Parte 1: Consultas simples y filtros (25 minutos)

Consulta de películas disponibles

SELECT title, length, release_year FROM film
ORDER BY length DESC;



Filtrado de actores

SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor WHERE last_name LIKE 'G%';

```
-- ejer2 edward olarte--
         SELECT first_name, last_name
  8 •
         FROM actor
         WHERE last_name LIKE 'G%';
 10
Result Grid | Filter Rows:
  first_name last_name
HUMPHREY GARLAND
  MERYL
             GIBSON
  PARKER GOLDBERG
             GOODING
  EWAN
  GREGORY GOODING
  ADAM
              GRANT
  DENIELODE CLITNIESS
```



Películas de duración específica

SELECT title, length, release_year
FROM film
WHERE length >= 120 AND release_year > 2005;



Parte 2: Manipulación de datos (INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE) (25 minutos)

Agregar un nuevo cliente

INSERT INTO customer (store_id, first_name, last_name, email, address_id, active, create_date)

VALUES (1, 'Luis', 'Torres', 'luis.torres@email.com', 5, 1, NOW());

```
Time Action Output

# Time Action

15:05:07 SELECT title, length, release_year FROM film WHERE length >= 120 AND release_year > 20...

18 Service of title, length, release_year from film order by length desc LIMIT 0, 1000

Tinser in Action Output in the service of title, length, release_year from film order by length desc LIMIT 0, 1000

To release_year in Address_id, active, create_d...

Trow(s) affected

Trow(s) affected
```

20 15:05:09 SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor WHERE last_name LIKE 'G%' LIMIT 0, 1000 12 row(s) returned



Actualizar información del cliente

UPDATE customer
SET email = 'l.torres@email.com'
WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_name = 'Torres';

```
UPDATE customer

SET email = 'l.torres@email.com'

WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_name = 'Torres';

Output

# Time Action

25 15:05:09 SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor WHERE last_name LIKE 'G%' LIMIT 0, 1000

26 15:05:09 SELECT title, length, release_year FROM film WHERE length >= 120 AND release_year > 20...

27 15:05:09 INSERT INTO customer (store_id, first_name, last_name, email, address_id, active, create_d...

28 15:07:29 INSERT INTO customer (store_id, first_name, last_name, email, address_id, active, create_d...

29 15:12:35 UPDATE customer SET email = 1.torres@email.com' WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_na...
```

Eliminar un cliente (simulación de baja)

DELETE FROM customer

WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_name = 'Torres';

-- Nota: Si hay restricciones por llaves foráneas, esta línea puede comentarse.

```
-- ejer6 edward olarte--

27 • DELETE FROM customer

28 WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_name = 'Torres';

Output

# Time Action

26 15:05:09 SELECT title, length, release_year FROM film WHERE length >= 120 AND release_year > 20... 4

27 15:05:09 INSERT INTO customer (store_id, first_name, last_name, email, address_id, active, create_d... 1

28 15:07:29 INSERT INTO customer (store_id, first_name, last_name, email, address_id, active, create_d... 1

29 15:12:35 UPDATE customer SET email = 1.torres@email.com' WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_na... 6

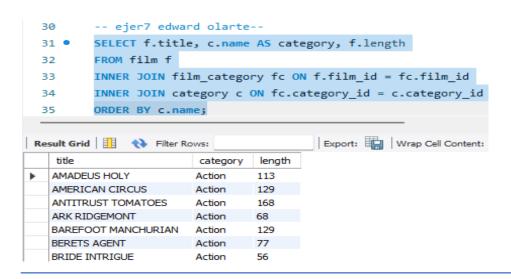
30 15:14:04 DELETE FROM customer WHERE first_name = 'Luis' AND last_name = 'Torres'
```



Parte 3: JOINs entre tablas (40 minutos)

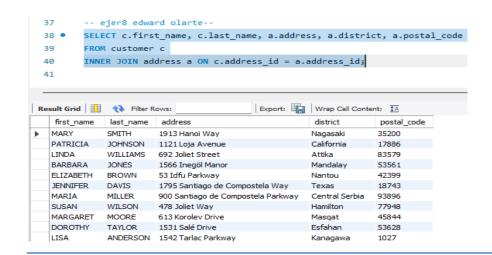
Películas y su categoría

SELECT f.title, c.name AS category, f.length
FROM film f
INNER JOIN film_category fc ON f.film_id = fc.film_id
INNER JOIN category c ON fc.category_id = c.category_id
ORDER BY c.name;



Clientes y su dirección

SELECT c.first_name, c.last_name, a.address, a.district, a.postal_code FROM customer c INNER JOIN address a ON c.address_id = a.address_id;





Películas alquiladas por un cliente específico

SELECT f.title, r.rental_date

FROM customer c

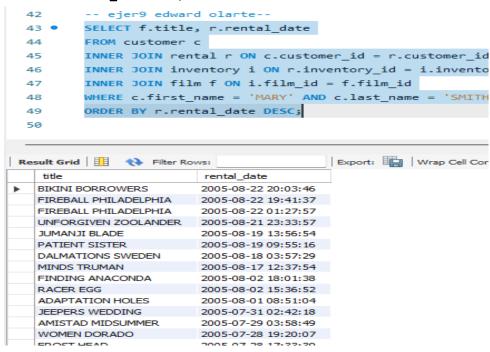
INNER JOIN rental r ON c.customer_id = r.customer_id

INNER JOIN inventory i ON r.inventory_id = i.inventory_id

INNER JOIN film f ON i.film_id = f.film_id

WHERE c.first_name = 'MARY' AND c.last_name = 'SMITH'

ORDER BY r.rental_date DESC;



Instrucciones para los estudiantes

- 1. Abrir MySQL Workbench y conectar a su servidor local.
- 2. Seleccionar la base de datos sakila con el siguiente comando: USE sakila;
- 3. Ejecutar cada una de las instrucciones anteriores.
- 4. Comentar brevemente debajo de cada consulta su propósito.
- 5. Guardar el archivo como: Practica_Sakila_<Apellido>.sql y enviarlo al aula virtual o al correo del docente.