

# Physics 421 / PCSE 503

## Lecture 6

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Fitting Data

$m$

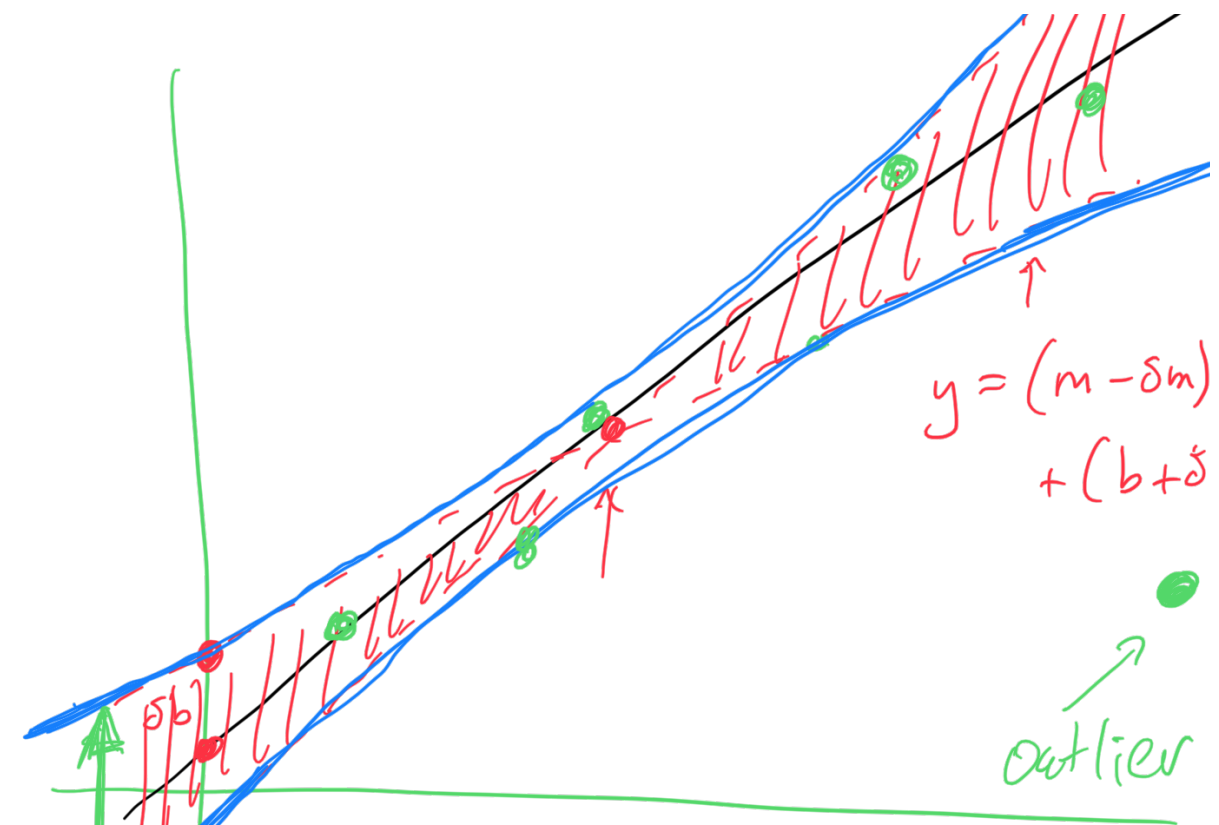
$$A_{\text{dc.}} = \left( 0.3019 \pm .439 \right) T_{\text{db.}}$$

$+ (4.35 \pm 1.607$

Slope is  $b$   
consistent with zero!

$$(.302 + .439, .302 - .439)$$

11/10



$\rightarrow ci$  95%,  $m \pm \delta m$   
 90%,  $b \pm \delta b$

$$y = mx + b$$

①  $m \rightarrow m - \delta m$

$b \rightarrow b + \delta b$

②  $m \rightarrow m + \delta m$

$b \rightarrow b - \delta b$

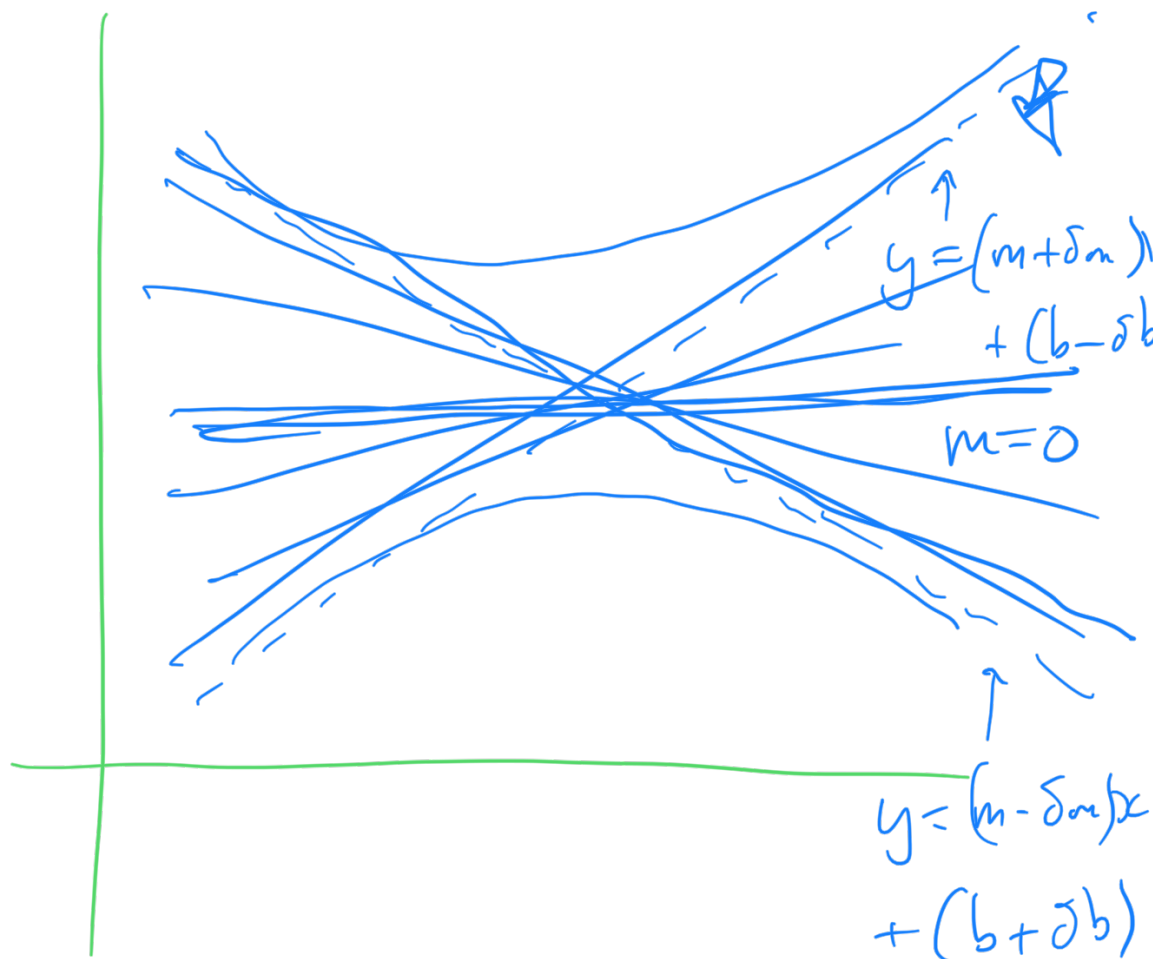
smallest  
 possible  
 largest  
 possible

Seaborn  $\rightarrow$  resplot

(X, Y, df, ci)

↑ ↑

Dataframe



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$$y_{\text{int}} = 2.0412 \pm 1.001$$

$$m = \underline{\underline{1.006 \pm .281}}$$

not consistent  
= with zero !!

95%  $\rightarrow$  1 data pt.  
in 20

resplot  $\rightarrow$  Problem

do not have access to  
the equations of the  
blue band (oo)

# Curve\_fit

→ linear regression

→ non-linear regression.

any function. ! 😊

paramlist [0] → yint  
[1] → m

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non-linear fitting →

MUST : choose starting  
values for the  
4 parameters !

$p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3$

paramlist [0] = 0  
paramlist [1] = 0

popt  $\rightarrow$  array of fit (optimizing) parameters

popt [0] = yint

popt [1] = m

pcov  $\rightarrow$  Covariance matrix

$$\begin{matrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\square} = \delta_{yint} & \\ & \sqrt{\square} = \delta_m \end{bmatrix}$$