

Enterprise Linux Automation and Monitoring Overview

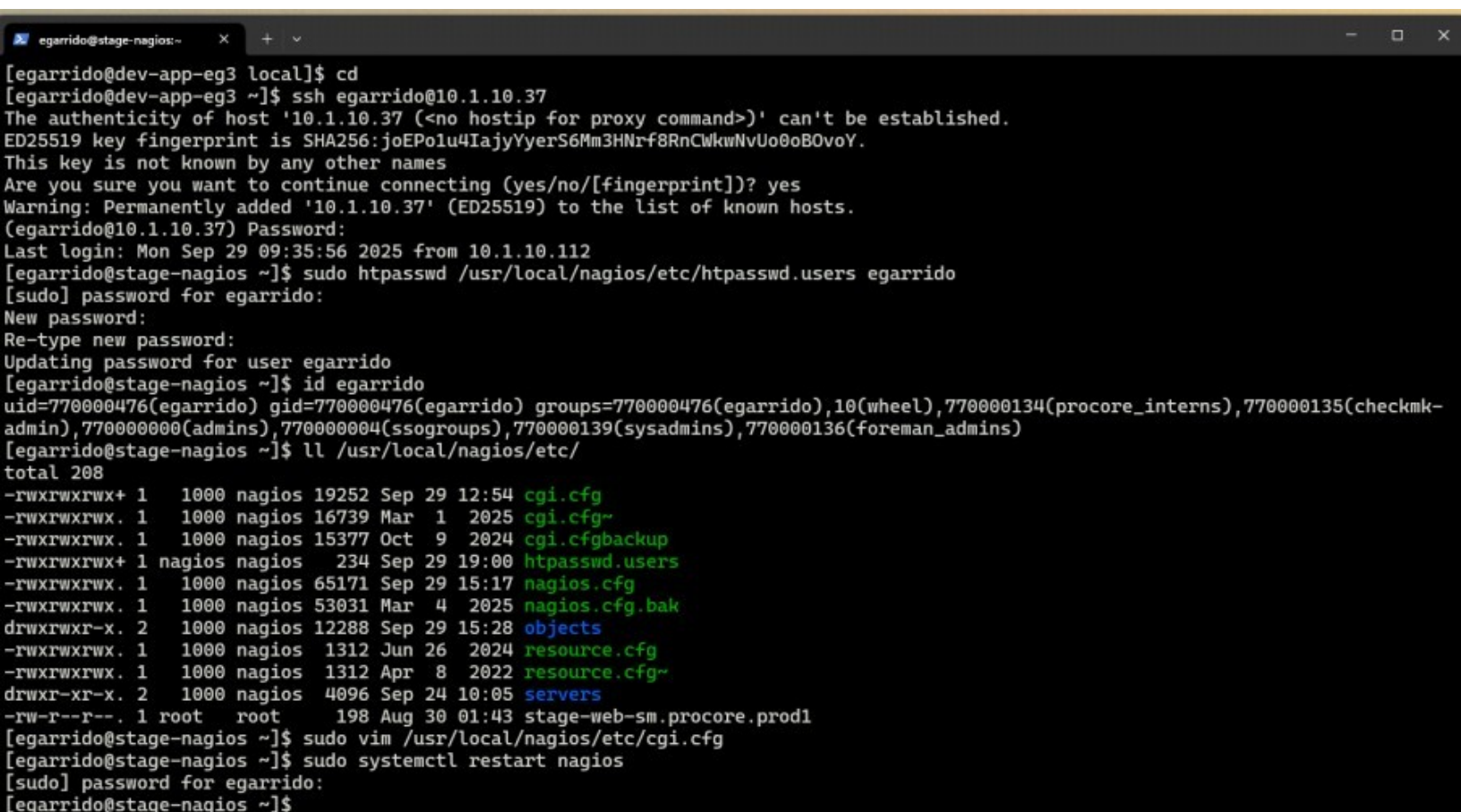
Enterprise Linux systems were administered with a focus on service management, automation, access control, and monitoring. Scheduled cron jobs and delegated sudo access enabled reliable, non-interactive service operations while maintaining least-privilege security.

Monitoring configurations and web interface access controls were validated to ensure accurate visibility into host and service health. Service restarts and configuration updates were applied and confirmed, supporting stable operations and centralized observability across environments.

An SSH connection is initiated from a Windows PowerShell session to a remote Linux host, prompting verification of the host's authenticity and adding the server's SSH key to the local known hosts file. Multiple failed authentication attempts occur for one user account, followed by a successful SSH login using a different user. Upon successful authentication, the system automatically creates the user's home directory, confirming first-time login and successful remote access to the server.

```
egarrido@stage-nagios:~  
Windows PowerShell  
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.  
  
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows  
  
PS C:\Users\edward> ssh ipauser@10.1.10.37  
The authenticity of host '10.1.10.37 (10.1.10.37)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:joEPo1u4IajyYyerS6Mm3HNrf8RnCWkwNvUo0oBOvoY.  
This key is not known by any other names.  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added '10.1.10.37' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.  
(ipauser@10.1.10.37) Password:  
(ipauser@10.1.10.37) Password:  
(ipauser@10.1.10.37) Password:  
ipauser@10.1.10.37's password:  
Permission denied, please try again.  
ipauser@10.1.10.37's password:  
Permission denied, please try again.  
ipauser@10.1.10.37's password:  
PS C:\Users\edward> ssh egarrido@10.1.10.37  
(egarrido@10.1.10.37) Password:  
Creating home directory for egarrido.  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$
```

An SSH connection is established to a monitoring server, with host key verification confirming trust on first connection. Administrative actions are performed to manage the monitoring application, including updating a web authentication password file, verifying user identity and group memberships, and reviewing configuration files within the application directory. Configuration changes are inspected using a text editor, followed by restarting the monitoring service to apply updates, confirming successful access control and service management.



```
egarrido@stage-nagios:~  
[egarrido@dev-app-eg3 local]$ cd  
[egarrido@dev-app-eg3 ~]$ ssh egarrido@10.1.10.37  
The authenticity of host '10.1.10.37 (<no hostip for proxy command>)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:joEP0lu4IajyYyerS6Mm3HNrf8RnCWkwNvUo0oBOvoY.  
This key is not known by any other names  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added '10.1.10.37' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.  
(egarrido@10.1.10.37) Password:  
Last login: Mon Sep 29 09:35:56 2025 from 10.1.10.112  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$ sudo htpasswd /usr/local/nagios/etc/htpasswd.users egarrido  
[sudo] password for egarrido:  
New password:  
Re-type new password:  
Updating password for user egarrido  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$ id egarrido  
uid=770000476(egarrido) gid=770000476(egarrido) groups=770000476(egarrido),10(wheel),770000134(procure_interns),770000135(checkmk-admin),770000000(admins),770000004(ssogroups),770000139(sysadmins),770000136(foreman_admins)  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$ ll /usr/local/nagios/etc/  
total 208  
-rwxrwxrwx+ 1 1000 nagios 19252 Sep 29 12:54 cgi.cfg  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 16739 Mar 1 2025 cgi.cfg~  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 15377 Oct 9 2024 cgi.cfgbackup  
-rwxrwxrwx+ 1 nagios nagios 234 Sep 29 19:00 htpasswd.users  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 65171 Sep 29 15:17 nagios.cfg  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 53031 Mar 4 2025 nagios.cfg.bak  
drwxrwxr-x. 2 1000 nagios 12288 Sep 29 15:28 objects  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 1312 Jun 26 2024 resource.cfg  
-rwxrwxrwx. 1 1000 nagios 1312 Apr 8 2022 resource.cfg~  
drwxr-xr-x. 2 1000 nagios 4096 Sep 24 10:05 servers  
-rw-r--r--. 1 root root 198 Aug 30 01:43 stage-web-sm.procore.prod1  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$ sudo vim /usr/local/nagios/etc/cgi.cfg  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$ sudo systemctl restart nagios  
[sudo] password for egarrido:  
[egarrido@stage-nagios ~]$
```

The configuration file for the monitoring web interface is shown open in edit mode, displaying authorization settings that control which authenticated users are permitted to view host and service status information and execute monitoring commands. Comma-delimited user lists are defined for global host/service visibility and command execution access, demonstrating role-based access control within the monitoring application.

```
The configuration file for the monitoring web interface is shown open in edit mode, displaying authorization settings that control which authenticated users are permitted to view host and service status information and execute monitoring commands. Comma-delimited user lists are defined for global host/service visibility and command execution access, demonstrating role-based access control within the monitoring application.

# egarrido@staging-nagios:~$ vi /usr/share/nagios/cgi-bin/authorized.cfg

# GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE VIEW ACCESS
# These two options are comma-delimited lists of all usernames that
# can view information for all hosts and services that are being
# monitored. By default, users can only view information
# for hosts or services that they are contacts for (unless you
# choose to not use authorization). You may use an asterisk (*)
# to authorize any user who has authenticated to the web server.

authorized_for_all_services=tdexter,cdavis,mflint,dsalters,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,mdavis,egalloway,kreblora,jcooke,nhines,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,ttchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,chorimbere,aegah,kbetancourt,dskins,aclark,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila, ahead,devans,amustafalic,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,smirchandani,aclauchar,kgates,jkeown, egarrido
authorized_for_all_hosts=tdexter,cdavis,dsalters,mflint,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,mdavis,egalloway,jcooke,kreblora,nhines,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,kmarceus,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,ttchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,sdollison,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,cturcios,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,nkhandelwal,chorimbere,aegah,ddskins,kbetancourt,rcharles,mcaraballo,aclark,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,mvann,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila,ahead,devans,rfyneface,amustafalic,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,smirchandani,aclauchar,kgates, egarrido

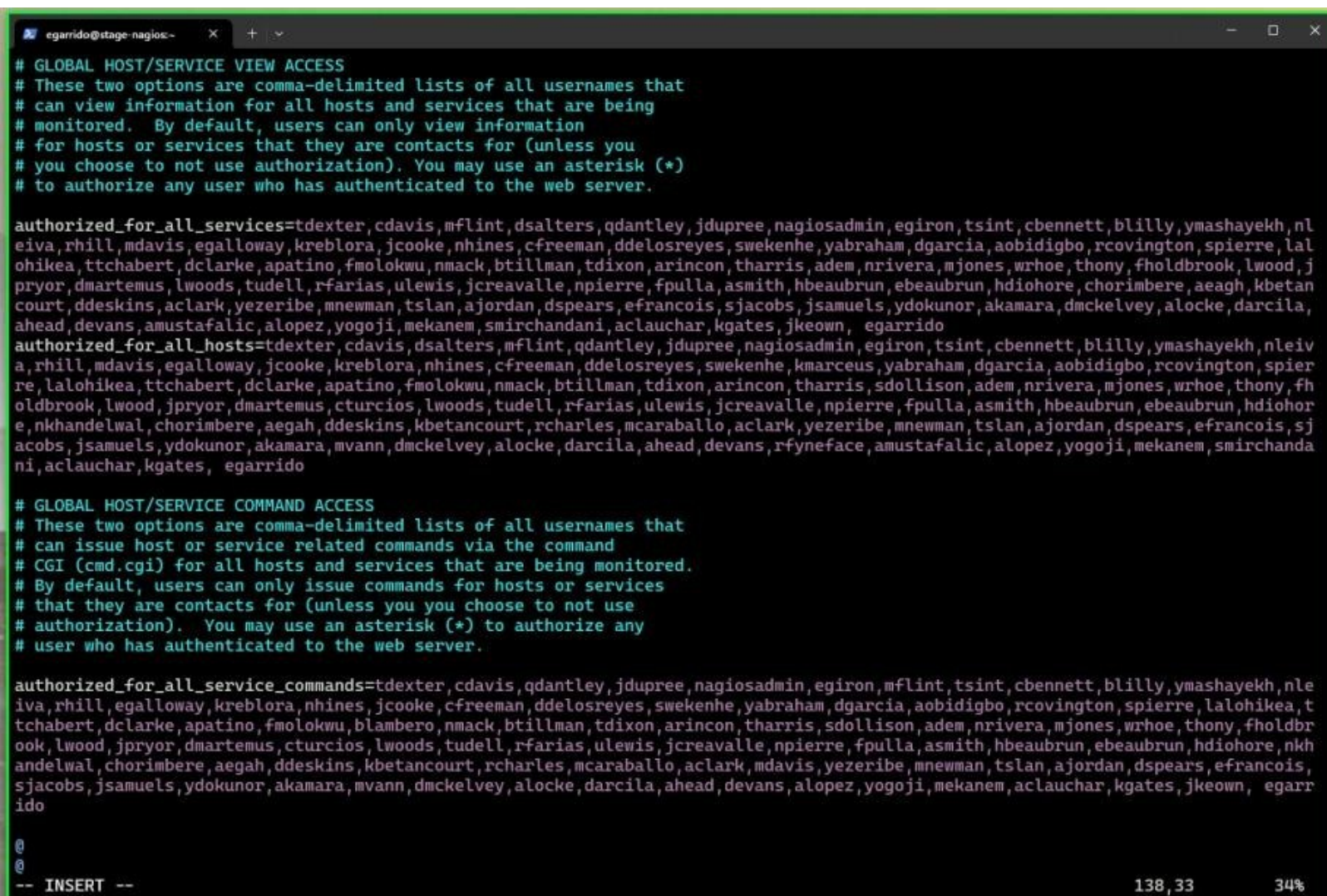
# GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE COMMAND ACCESS
# These two options are comma-delimited lists of all usernames that
# can issue host or service related commands via the command
# CGI (cmd.cgi) for all hosts and services that are being monitored.
# By default, users can only issue commands for hosts or services
# that they are contacts for (unless you choose to not use
# authorization). You may use an asterisk (*) to authorize any
# user who has authenticated to the web server.

authorized_for_all_service_commands=tdexter,cdavis,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,mflint,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,egalloway,kreblora,nhines,jcooke,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,ttchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,blamero,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,sdollison,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,cturcios,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,nkhandelwal,chorimbere,aegah,ddskins,kbetancourt,rcharles,mcaraballo,aclark,mdavis,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,mvann,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila,ahead,devans,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,aclauchar,kgates,jkeown, egarrido

@
@
-- INSERT --
```


The editor view shows a monitoring application authorization configuration file open in insert mode, with settings that define global host and service visibility as well as command execution permissions. Comma-separated user lists are configured to grant authenticated users access to view monitored resources and execute monitoring commands, illustrating role-based access control within the monitoring web interface.

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A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background and light green text. The window title is 'egarrido@stage-nagios:~'. The terminal shows a configuration file being edited in insert mode. The configuration is for Nagios and defines user permissions for viewing and executing commands. It includes two main sections: 'GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE VIEW ACCESS' and 'GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE COMMAND ACCESS'. Each section has a list of authorized users separated by commas. The terminal is in insert mode, indicated by '-- INSERT --' at the bottom left. The bottom right shows the cursor position '138, 33' and the percentage '34%'.

```
# GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE VIEW ACCESS
# These two options are comma-delimited lists of all usernames that
# can view information for all hosts and services that are being
# monitored. By default, users can only view information
# for hosts or services that they are contacts for (unless you
# you choose to not use authorization). You may use an asterisk (*)
# to authorize any user who has authenticated to the web server.

authorized_for_all_services=tdexter,cdavis,mflint,dsalters,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,mdavis,egalloway,kreblora,jcooke,nhines,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,tchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,chorimbere,aegah,kbetancourt,ddeskins,aclark,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila, ahead,devans,amustafalic,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,smirchandani,aclauchar,kgates,jkeown, egarrido

authorized_for_all_hosts=tdexter,cdavis,dsalters,mflint,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,mdavis,egalloway,jcooke,kreblora,nhines,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,kmarceus,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,tchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,sdollison,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,cturcios,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,nkhandelwal,chorimbere,aegah,ddeskins,kbetancourt,rcharles,mcaraballo,aclark,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,mvann,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila,ahead,devans,rfyneface,amustafalic,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,smirchandani,aclauchar,kgates, egarrido

# GLOBAL HOST/SERVICE COMMAND ACCESS
# These two options are comma-delimited lists of all usernames that
# can issue host or service related commands via the command
# CGI (cmd.cgi) for all hosts and services that are being monitored.
# By default, users can only issue commands for hosts or services
# that they are contacts for (unless you you choose to not use
# authorization). You may use an asterisk (*) to authorize any
# user who has authenticated to the web server.

authorized_for_all_service_commands=tdexter,cdavis,qdantley,jdupree,nagiosadmin,egiron,mflint,tsint,cbennett,blilly,ymashayekh,nleiva,rhill,egalloway,kreblora,nhines,jcooke,cfreeman,ddelosreyes,swekenhe,yabraham,dgarcia,aobidigbo,rcovington,spierre,lalohikea,tchabert,dclarke,apatino,fmolokwu,blambero,nmack,btillman,tdixon,arincon,tharris,sdollison,adem,nrivera,mjones,wrhoe,thony,fholdbrook,lwood,jpryor,dmartemus,cturcios,lwoods,tudell,rfarias,ulewis,jcreavalle,npierre,fpulla,asmith,hbeaubrun,ebeaubrun,hdiohore,nkhandelwal,chorimbere,aegah,ddeskins,kbetancourt,rcharles,mcaraballo,aclark,mdavis,yezeribe,mnewman,tslan,ajordan,dspears,efrancois,sjacobs,jsamuels,ydokunor,akamara,mvann,dmckelvey,alocke,darcila,ahead,devans,alopez,yogoji,mekanem,aclauchar,kgates,jkeown, egarrido

@
@
-- INSERT --
```

The configuration file for the monitoring web interface is displayed, showing system information authorization settings that grant specific users access to view system-level details. The file also defines core CGI parameters, including the path to the main configuration file, physical HTML directory, and URL mappings used by the web interface to locate configuration data and render monitoring pages.

```
egarrido@stage-nagios:/usr/l X + v
#####
#dd nagiosadmin to authorized users
authorized_for_system_information=nagiosadmin,egarrido

# CGI.CFG - Sample CGI Configuration File for Nagios 4.4.5
#
#
#####

# MAIN CONFIGURATION FILE
# This tells the CGIs where to find your main configuration file.
# The CGIs will read the main and host config files for any other
main_config_file=/usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg

# PHYSICAL HTML PATH
# This is the path where the HTML files for Nagios reside. This
# value is used to locate the logo images needed by the statusmap
# and statuswrl CGIs.
physical_html_path=/usr/local/nagios/share




















# URL HTML PATH
# This is the path portion of the URL that corresponds to the
# physical location of the Nagios HTML files (as defined above).
# This value is used by the CGIs to locate the online documentation
# and graphics. If you access the Nagios pages with an URL like
# http://www.myhost.com/nagios, this value should be '/nagios'
# (without the quotes).
url_html_path=/nagios
```

The terminal session shows an attempted service restart that initially fails due to insufficient permissions, followed by successful administrative actions using elevated privileges. The Nagios service is restarted, enabled at boot, and its status is verified, confirming the service is active and running. Process details and recent log entries are displayed, indicating successful worker initialization and active monitoring checks after the service restart.

```
egarrido@stage-nagios:/usr/ + v
== AUTHENTICATING FOR org.freedesktop.systemd1.manage-units ==
Authentication is required to manage system services or units.
Authenticating as: Edward Garrido (egarrido)
Password:
polkit-agent-helper-1: pam_authenticate failed: Authentication failure
== AUTHENTICATION FAILED ==
Failed to restart nagios.service: Access denied
See system logs and 'systemctl status nagios.service' for details.
egarrido@stage-nagios etc]$ clear
egarrido@stage-nagios etc]$ sudo systemctl restart nagios
egarrido@stage-nagios etc]$ sudo systemctl enable nagios
egarrido@stage-nagios etc]$ sudo systemctl status nagios
• nagios.service - Nagios Core 4.4.14
   Loaded: loaded (/etc/systemd/system/nagios.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2025-09-30 12:24:33 EDT; 17s ago
 Main PID: 3051 (nagios)
  CGroup: /system.slice/nagios.service
          └─3051 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg
            └─3052 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
              └─3053 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
                └─3054 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
                  └─3055 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios --worker /usr/local/nagios/var/rw/nagios.qh
                    └─3056 /usr/local/nagios/bin/nagios /usr/local/nagios/etc/nagios.cfg
                      └─3074 /usr/local/nagios/libexec/check_ping -H 10.1.31.205 -w 3000.0,80% -c 5000.0,100% -p 5
                        └─3075 /usr/bin/ping -n -U -W 30 -c 5 10.1.31.205
                          └─3112 /usr/bin/ping -n -U -W 30 -c 5 10.1.30.145
                            └─3118 /usr/local/nagios/libexec/check_ping -H 10.1.30.76 -w 3000.0,80% -c 5000.0,100% -p 5
                              └─3119 /usr/bin/ping -n -U -W 30 -c 5 10.1.30.76

Sep 30 12:24:33 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3051]: Successfully launched command file worker with pid 3056
Sep 30 12:24:33 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3051]: Successfully launched command file worker with pid 3056
Sep 30 12:24:39 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3051]: HOST NOTIFICATION: nagiosadmin;dev-app-ad2.procore.prod1;DOWN ... 188)
Sep 30 12:24:39 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3054]: job 1 (pid=3065): read() returned error 11
Sep 30 12:24:43 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3051]: HOST NOTIFICATION: nagiosadmin;dev-app-ah5.procore.prod1;DOWN ... 180)
Sep 30 12:24:43 stage-nagios.procore.prod1 nagios[3053]: job 1 (pid=3099): read() returned error 11
```


The monitoring dashboard displays a list of hosts with their current status, showing a mix of UP and DOWN states highlighted in green and red. Each entry includes the hostname, status indicator, last check timestamp, and duration in the current state, providing a real-time overview of system health across multiple environments.

0:17:32 Jibble - Dashboard						Board - Edward Garrido - Pro-Core-IT						Nagios: 10.1.10.37											
< > ↺						🔖 ⚠️ Not secure 10.1.10.37/nagios/						🔗 📄 📱 🔍 ⚙️ ☰											
stage-web-rf.procore.prod1												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:53					
stage-web-rf1												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:55					
stage-web-rt.procore.prod1												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:57					
stage-web-sd.procore.prod1-228												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:59					
stage-web-sj1.procore.prod1												UP						09-30-2025 12:54:01					
stage-web-sl.procore.prod1												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:55:34					
stage-web-sm.procore.prod1												UP						09-30-2025 12:54:06					
stage-web-td.procore.prod1-153												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:08					
stage-web-td3												UP						09-30-2025 12:54:10					
stage-web-ts2.procore.prod1												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:12					
stage-web-tu.procore.prod1-174												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:14					
stage-web-ul-procore.prod1-216												UP						09-30-2025 12:54:16					
stage-web-er.procore.prod1-171												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:18					
stage-web-yo.procore.prod1												UP						09-30-2025 12:54:20					
{dev-app-eg3.procore.prod1}												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:22					
{dev-app-nl@procore.prod1}												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:24					
{stage-web-eg3.procore.prod1}												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:53:26					
{stage-web-lg.procore.prod1-40}												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:54:28					
{stage-web-nl.procore.prod1}												DOWN						09-30-2025 12:55:04					

The Nagios web interface is shown displaying a comprehensive host status summary across all host groups. The dashboard includes overall network health metrics, host and service status totals, and a detailed list of monitored hosts with their current state, last check time, duration in state, and status information, providing centralized visibility into system availability and monitoring results.

19:47 | Jibble - Dashboard

Board - Edward Gamido - Pro-Core V

Nagios user servers - Procore-Plus V

N Nagios: 10.1.10.37

< > ↺

🔖 ⚠️ Not secure 10.1.10.37/nagios/

↻ 🛡️ 🔒

Nagios®

General

Home

Documentation

Current Status

Tactical Overview

Map (Legacy)

Hosts

Services

Host Groups

Summary

Grid

Service Groups

Summary

Grid

Problems

Services (Unhandled)

Hosts (Unhandled)

Network Outages

Quick Search:

Reports

Availability

Trends (Legacy)

Alerts

History

Summary

Histogram (Legacy)

Notifications

Event Log

System

Comments

Downtime

Process Info

Performance Info

Scheduling Queue

Configuration

Current Network Status

Last Updated: Mon Sep 29 19:29:58 EDT 2025

Updated every 50 seconds

Nagios® Core™ 4.4.5 - www.nagios.org

Logged in as agamido

Host Status Totals

Up Down Unreachable Pending

65 95 0 0

All Problems All Types

95 150

Service Status Totals

OK Warning Unknown Critical Pending

29 1 0 49 0

All Problems All Types

50 79

Host Status Details For All Host Groups

Limit Results: 100

Results 0 - 100 of 150 Matching Hosts

Host ♦♦	Status ♦♦	Last Check ♦♦	Duration ♦♦	Status Information
dev-app-die.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:25:27	3d 11h 6m 20s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.83 ms
dev-app-nr.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:25:27	3d 11h 6m 19s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.19 ms
dev-app-ac3.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:25:29	3d 11h 6m 17s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.53 ms
dev-app-as.procore.prod1	UP	11-11-2024 16:41:25	343d 2h 34m 26s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.52 ms
dev-app-as2.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:31	26d 2h 45m 2s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.188)
dev-app-ac.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:58	160d 4h 35m 9s	(Host check timed out after 30.01 seconds)
dev-app-ah5.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:35	33d 9h 48m 32s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.180)
dev-app-aj1.procore.prod1	UP	05-30-2025 02:14:47	145d 9h 25m 10s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.70 ms
dev-app-al.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:37	28d 9h 16m 25s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.253)
dev-app-am.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:39	28d 9h 16m 23s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.145)
dev-app-amt.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:25:42	3d 11h 6m 4s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.89 ms
dev-app-ar.procore.prod1-202	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:00	308d 8h 55m 49s	(Host check timed out after 30.01 seconds)
dev-app-es.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:46	216d 22h 38m 36s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.96)
dev-app-at1.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:48	28d 9h 11m 14s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.150)
dev-app-tf1.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:25:50	3d 11h 5m 56s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 4.61 ms
dev-app-bp.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:25:52	314d 10h 27m 38s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.54)
dev-app-bl.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:02	179d 9h 20m 19s	(Host check timed out after 30.01 seconds)
dev-app-db2.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:04	28d 9h 11m 6s	(Host check timed out after 30.02 seconds)
dev-app-cd.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:26:59	0d 1h 40m 58s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.75 ms
dev-app-cf.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:01	131d 8h 52m 38s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.39)
dev-app-ch.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:03	2d 20h 18m 12s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.32)
dev-app-da1.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:26:05	3d 11h 5m 40s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.76 ms
dev-app-dg.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:07	143d 23h 50m 16s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.173)
dev-app-dm.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:09	179d 9h 10m 0s	(Host check timed out after 30.01 seconds)
dev-app-dm4.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:11	28d 8h 55m 50s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.172)
dev-app-dp.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:26:13	3d 11h 5m 32s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.76 ms
dev-app-ds1.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:27:46	0d 1h 32m 12s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 2.93 ms
dev-app-el.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:16	9d 8h 34m 18s	(Host check timed out after 30.01 seconds)
dev-app-eq2.procore.prod1	UP	09-29-2025 19:26:20	0d 0h 18m 38s	PING OK - Packet loss = 0%, RTA = 0.88 ms
dev-app-fh	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:22	26d 9h 12m 41s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.91)
dev-app-gr.procore.prod1	DOWN	09-29-2025 19:26:24	252d 9h 32m 12s	CRITICAL - Time to live exceeded (10.1.30.113)

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