# Google Data Analytics Capstone Project

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### Case Study Scenario

In 2016, Cyclistic launched a successful bike-share offering. Since then, the program has grown to a fleet of 5,824 bicycles that are geotracked and locked into a network of 692 stations across Chicago. The bikes can be unlocked from one station and returned to any other station in the system anytime. Until now, Cyclistic's marketing strategy relied on building general awareness and appealing to broad consumer segments. One approach that helped make these things possible was the flexibility of its pricing plans: single-ride passes, full-day passes, and annual memberships. Customers who purchase single-ride or full-day passes are referred to as casual riders. Customers who purchase annual memberships are Cyclistic members.

Cyclistic's finance analysts have concluded that annual members are much more profitable than casual riders. Although the pricing flexibility helps Cyclistic attract more customers, Moreno believes that maximizing the number of annual members will be key to future growth. Rather than creating a marketing campaign that targets all-new customers, Moreno believes there is a very good chance to convert casual riders into members. She notes that casual riders are already aware of the Cyclistic program and have chosen Cyclistic for their mobility needs. Moreno has set a clear goal: Design marketing strategies aimed at converting casual riders into annual members. In order to do that, however, the marketing analyst team needs to better understand how annual members and casual riders differ, why casual riders would buy a membership, and how digital media could affect their marketing tactics. Moreno and her team are interested in analyzing the Cyclistic historical bike trip data to identify trends.

#### Goal

Better understand how annual members and casual riders differ

#### **Data Source**

Data license: https://ride.divvybikes.com/data-license-agreement
Data source: https://divvy-tripdata.s3.amazonaws.com/index.html

The data is organized in .csv formats and are grouped by month, and consists of x columns, which are:

"ride\_id", "rideable\_type", "started\_at", "ended\_at", "start\_station\_name", "start\_station\_id", "end\_station\_name", "end\_st

Notes: 12 months of recent data were used from this source (November 2021 - October 2022)

### **Data Preparation**

Load the necessary libraries

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6
                  v purrr
                               0.3.5
## v tibble 3.1.8
                               1.0.10
                      v dplyr
## v tidyr 1.2.1
                    v stringr 1.4.1
## v readr 2.1.3
                    v forcats 0.5.2
                                        ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## -- Conflicts -----
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
library(dplyr)
library(readr)
library(janitor)
## Warning: package 'janitor' was built under R version 4.2.2
##
## Attaching package: 'janitor'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
      chisq.test, fisher.test
library(tidyr)
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
      date, intersect, setdiff, union
library(ggplot2)
```

#### Load the file path

Loading the directory to the datasets that have been downloaded and checking all 12 files.

```
folder <- "/Users/Jason/Downloads/Data Analyst/Capstone/Cyclistic Data/Csv files/" # path to folde
file_list <- list.files(path=folder, pattern="*.csv") # create list of all .csv files in folder
print(file_list)</pre>
```

#### Combining all 12 files into a single dataframe

## **Data Cleaning**

#### Cleaning the column names

Cleaning the column names with clean\_names() function from janitor library. This helps us make sure that all column names follow the same syntax.

#### Changing ambiguous column names

I changed 'member\_casual' column to be 'membership\_type' to make it easier to understand.

```
colnames(data)[colnames(data) == "member_casual"] = "membership_type"
glimpse(data)
```

```
## Rows: 5,828,235
## Columns: 13
                   <chr> "620BC6107255BF4C", "4471C70731AB2E45", "26CA69D43D~
## $ ride_id
## $ rideable_type
                   <chr> "electric_bike", "electric_bike", "electric_bike", ~
## $ started_at
                   <chr> "2021-10-22 12:46:42", "2021-10-21 09:12:37", "2021~
                   <chr> "2021-10-22 12:49:50", "2021-10-21 09:14:14", "2021~
## $ ended_at
## $ start_station_id
## $ end_station_name
                   ## $ end_station_id
## $ start lat
                   <dbl> 41.88919, 41.93000, 41.92000, 41.92000, 41.89000, 4~
                   <dbl> -87.63850, -87.70000, -87.70000, -87.69000, -87.710~
## $ start_lng
## $ end lat
                   <dbl> 41.89000, 41.93000, 41.94000, 41.92000, 41.89000, 4~
## $ end lng
                   <dbl> -87.63000, -87.71000, -87.72000, -87.69000, -87.690~
## $ membership_type
                   <chr> "member", "member", "member", "member", "member", "~
```

#### Removing duplicate datas

```
data<-distinct(data)</pre>
```

#### Checking for cells with 'NA' values

```
colSums(is.na(data))
                                                                           ended_at
##
              ride_id
                            rideable_type
                                                    started_at
##
                                                              0
## start_station_name
                         start_station_id
                                              end_station_name
                                                                    end_station_id
##
##
            start_lat
                                 start_lng
                                                       {\tt end\_lat}
                                                                            end_lng
                                                                               5844
##
                                                          5844
##
      membership_type
##
```

#### Checking for cells with NULL values

```
colSums(data=="")
##
              ride_id
                           rideable_type
                                                                       ended_at
                                                 started_at
##
                                                                 end_station_id
## start_station_name
                        start_station_id
                                           end_station_name
##
               895032
                                  895032
                                                    958227
                                                                        958227
##
            start_lat
                               start_lng
                                                    end_lat
                                                                        end_lng
##
                                       0
                                                         NA
                                                                             NA
##
      membership_type
##
                    0
```

### Filling NULL values with NA and deleting rows that contains NA values

```
data[data==""] <- NA
df <- na.omit(data)</pre>
```

Converting every data in each columns to follow their respective data types.

```
df <- type.convert(df, as.is = TRUE)</pre>
sapply(df, class)
##
              ride_id
                           rideable_type
                                                  started_at
                                                                         ended at
          "character"
##
                              "character"
                                                  "character"
                                                                     "character"
## start_station_name
                        start_station_id
                                            end_station_name
                                                                  end_station_id
                              "character"
          "character"
                                                  "character"
                                                                      "character"
##
```

```
## start_lat start_lng end_lat end_lng
## "numeric" "numeric" "numeric"
## membership_type
## "character"
```

Checking the columns and its datatype

```
glimpse(df)
## Rows: 4,474,141
## Columns: 13
## $ ride id
                        <chr> "614B15BC42810184", "ADCC6E3CF9C04688", "6184CC5724~
## $ rideable_type
                        <chr> "docked_bike", "classic_bike", "docked_bike", "dock~
## $ started at
                        <chr> "2021-10-05 10:56:05", "2021-10-06 13:55:33", "2021~
                        <chr> "2021-10-05 11:38:48", "2021-10-06 13:58:16", "2021~
## $ ended_at
## $ start_station_name <chr> "Michigan Ave & Oak St", "Desplaines St & Kinzie St~
                        <chr> "13042", "TA1306000003", "13042", "13042", "KA15030~
## $ start_station_id
                        <chr> "Michigan Ave & Oak St", "Kingsbury St & Kinzie St"~
## $ end_station_name
                        <chr> "13042", "KA1503000043", "13042", "13042", "TA13060~
## $ end_station_id
## $ start_lat
                        <dbl> 41.90096, 41.88872, 41.90096, 41.90096, 41.88918, 4~
## $ start_lng
                        <dbl> -87.62378, -87.64445, -87.62378, -87.62378, -87.638~
## $ end_lat
                        <dbl> 41.90096, 41.88918, 41.90096, 41.90096, 41.88872, 4~
## $ end_lng
                        <dbl> -87.62378, -87.63851, -87.62378, -87.62378, -87.644~
## $ membership_type
                        <chr> "casual", "member", "casual", "casual", "member", "~
```

Formatting date&time column to follow date&time datatypes, and adding day and month columns

```
df2 = df %>%
  mutate(
    started_at = ymd_hms(as_datetime(started_at)),
    ended_at = ymd_hms(as_datetime(ended_at))
)

df2 = df2 %>%
  mutate(
    day = wday(started_at, label = T, abbr = F),
    month = month(started_at, label = T, abbr = F),
)
glimpse(df2)
```

```
## $ end station name
                        <chr> "Michigan Ave & Oak St", "Kingsbury St & Kinzie St"~
                        <chr> "13042", "KA1503000043", "13042", "13042", "TA13060~
## $ end_station_id
                        <dbl> 41.90096, 41.88872, 41.90096, 41.90096, 41.88918, 4~
## $ start lat
                        <dbl> -87.62378, -87.64445, -87.62378, -87.62378, -87.638~
## $ start_lng
## $ end_lat
                        <dbl> 41.90096, 41.88918, 41.90096, 41.90096, 41.88872, 4~
## $ end lng
                        <dbl> -87.62378, -87.63851, -87.62378, -87.62378, -87.644~
## $ membership_type
                        <chr> "casual", "member", "casual", "casual", "member", "~
                        <ord> Tuesday, Wednesday, Saturday, Sunday, Saturday, Mon~
## $ day
## $ month
                        <ord> October, October, October, October, October, Octobe~
```

Checking each unique values of the bike type column

```
unique(df2$rideable_type)
## [1] "docked_bike" "classic_bike" "electric_bike"
```

Checking each unique values of the membership type column

```
unique(df2$membership_type)
```

```
## [1] "casual" "member"
```

### Data Analysis

#### **Dataframe Summary**

```
summary(df2)
```

```
##
     ride_id
                      rideable_type
                                           started at
##
                      Length: 4474141
                                                 :2021-10-01 00:00:09.00
  Length: 4474141
                                         Min.
  Class :character
                      Class : character
                                         1st Qu.:2022-03-05 17:30:24.00
  Mode :character Mode :character
                                         Median :2022-06-09 21:24:53.00
##
##
                                         Mean
                                                :2022-05-08 21:27:11.38
##
                                         3rd Qu.:2022-08-02 08:44:21.00
##
                                         Max.
                                                :2022-09-30 23:59:56.00
##
##
       ended_at
                                    start_station_name start_station_id
           :2021-10-01 00:03:51.00
                                    Length: 4474141
                                                       Length: 4474141
   1st Qu.:2022-03-05 17:57:15.00
                                    Class : character
                                                       Class :character
   Median :2022-06-09 21:42:17.00
                                    Mode :character
                                                       Mode :character
## Mean
           :2022-05-08 21:44:41.74
   3rd Qu.:2022-08-02 08:57:25.00
          :2022-10-01 14:22:35.00
## Max.
##
## end_station_name
                      end_station_id
                                           start_lat
                                                           start_lng
## Length:4474141
                      Length: 4474141
                                         Min.
                                                :41.65
                                                         Min.
                                                               :-87.83
                                         1st Qu.:41.88
## Class:character Class:character
                                                         1st Qu.:-87.66
```

```
Mode :character Mode :character
                                        Median :41.90
                                                       Median :-87.64
##
                                             :41.90
                                                       Mean
                                                             :-87.64
                                        Mean
                                                       3rd Qu.:-87.63
##
                                        3rd Qu.:41.93
##
                                              :45.64
                                                              :-73.80
                                        Max.
                                                       Max.
##
##
      end lat
                      end_lng
                                   membership_type
                                                            day
         :41.65
                         :-87.83
                                   Length: 4474141
                  Min.
                                                     Sunday
                                                              :616483
   1st Qu.:41.88
                  1st Qu.:-87.66
##
                                   Class :character
                                                     Monday
                                                              :583331
##
   Median :41.90
                  Median :-87.64
                                   Mode :character
                                                     Tuesday :631349
         :41.90 Mean :-87.64
## Mean
                                                     Wednesday: 629556
   3rd Qu.:41.93
                   3rd Qu.:-87.63
                                                     Thursday :637192
## Max. :42.06 Max. :-87.53
                                                     Friday
                                                              :637055
##
                                                     Saturday:739175
##
         month
## July
            : 642680
##
   June
            : 620350
           : 605325
## August
## September: 535145
## May
           : 502545
## October : 477972
##
  (Other) :1090124
```

#### Splitting the dataframes for easier analysis

```
dataframe <- df2[, c('rideable_type', 'membership_type', 'day', 'month')]
stationdata<- df2[, c('ride_id', 'start_station_name', 'end_station_name')]</pre>
```

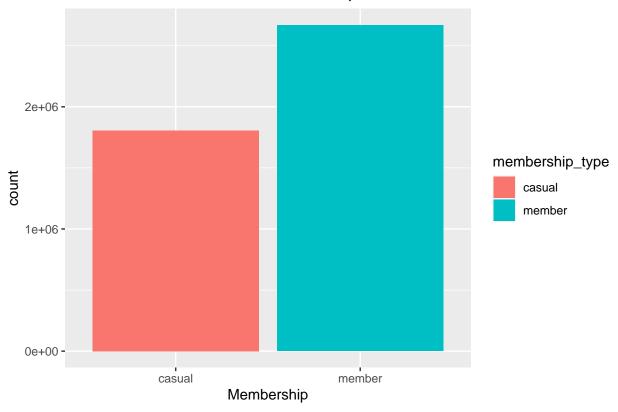
#### 1st dataframe

```
## 'data.frame': 4474141 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ rideable_type : chr "docked_bike" "classic_bike" "docked_bike" "docked_bike" ...
## $ membership_type: chr "casual" "member" "casual" "casual" ...
## $ day : Ord.factor w/ 7 levels "Sunday"<"Monday"<..: 3 4 7 1 7 2 6 5 6 1 ...
## $ month : Ord.factor w/ 12 levels "January"<"February"<..: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</pre>
```

#### Visualization of Number of Users for each membership

```
plot1<-ggplot(dataframe,aes(x = membership_type,fill=membership_type))+
   geom_bar()+
   labs(
       title = "Number of Users of each membership",
       x = "Membership")
plot1</pre>
```

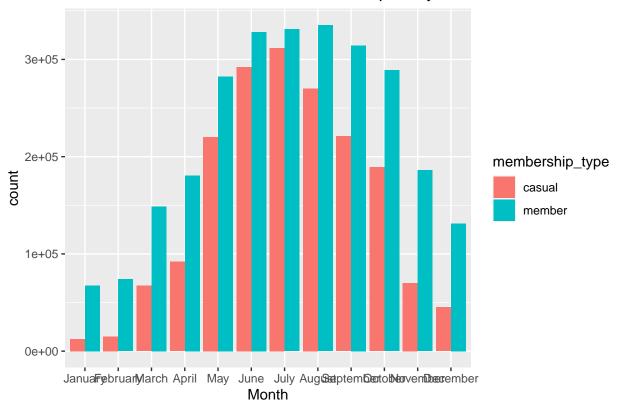
## Number of Users of each membership



### Visualization of Number of Bike rides of each membership by month

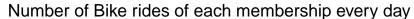
```
plot2 <- ggplot(dataframe, aes(x = month, fill = membership_type)) +
  geom_bar(position = "dodge")+
  labs(
    title = "Number of Bike rides of each membership every month",
    x = "Month")
plot2</pre>
```

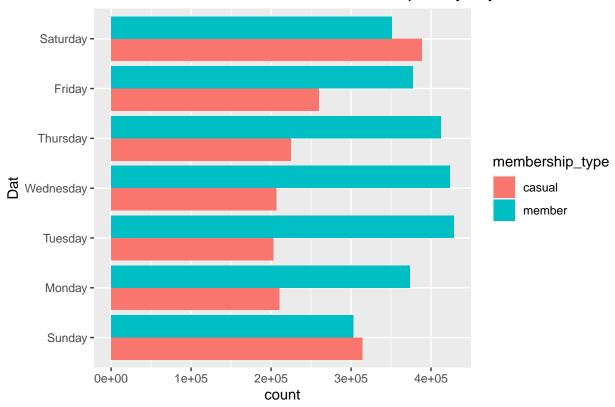
## Number of Bike rides of each membership every month



### Visualization of Number of Bike rides of each membership by day

```
plot3 <- ggplot(dataframe, aes(x = day, fill = membership_type)) +
  geom_bar(position = "dodge")+coord_flip()+
  labs(
    title = "Number of Bike rides of each membership every day",
    x = "Dat")
plot3</pre>
```

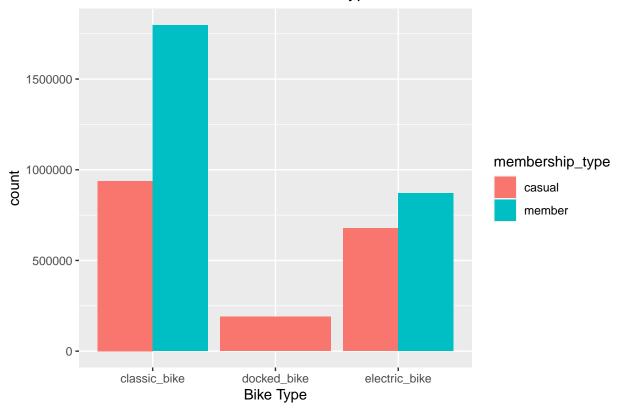




## Visualization of Number of Bike rides of each bike type

```
plot4 <- ggplot(dataframe, aes(x = rideable_type, fill = membership_type)) +
    geom_bar(position = "dodge")+
    labs(
    title = "Number of Bike rides of each bike type",
    x = "Bike Type")
plot4</pre>
```

## Number of Bike rides of each bike type



Counting each unique starting station and display the 10 most crowded station

```
startcount<-stationdata %>%
  group_by(start_station_name)%>% summarize(count = n_distinct(ride_id))

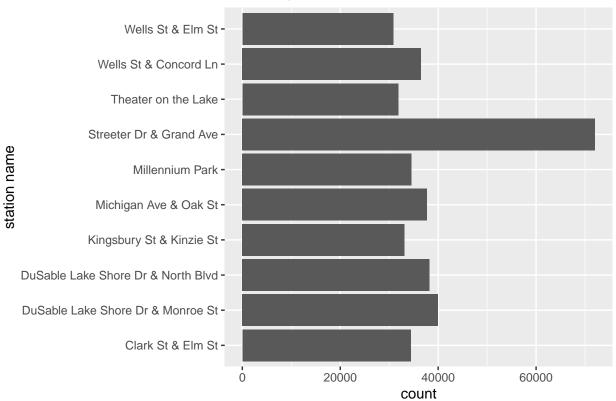
startcount<- startcount[order(startcount$count,decreasing=TRUE),]
startcount<-head(startcount,10)
head(startcount)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##
     start_station_name
                                         count
     <chr>
##
                                         <int>
## 1 Streeter Dr & Grand Ave
                                        72044
## 2 DuSable Lake Shore Dr & Monroe St 39951
## 3 DuSable Lake Shore Dr & North Blvd 38236
## 4 Michigan Ave & Oak St
                                        37716
## 5 Wells St & Concord Ln
                                        36489
## 6 Millennium Park
                                        34554
```

Visualization of the 10 most popular start stations

```
plot5 <- ggplot(startcount, aes(x=start_station_name, y=count)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity")+ coord_flip()+
   labs(
       title = "Most Popular Start Stations",
       x = "station name"
   )
plot5</pre>
```

## Most Popular Start Stations



## Counting each unique end station and display the 10 most crowded station

```
## 3 DuSable Lake Shore Dr & Monroe St 39017
## 4 Michigan Ave & Oak St 38801
## 5 Wells St & Concord Ln 36519
## 6 Millennium Park 35549
```

### Visualization of the 10 most popular end stations

```
plot6 <- ggplot(endcount, aes(x=end_station_name, y=count)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity")+ coord_flip()+
  labs(
    title = "Most Popular end Stations",
    x = "station name"
  )
plot6</pre>
```

# Most Popular end Stations

