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Probability and Random Variables (AI1110) Assignment-1

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Q- 12.13.6.6 In a hurdle race, a player has to cross 10 hurdles. The probability that he will clear each hurdle is $\frac{5}{6}$. What is the probability that he will knock down fewer than 2 hurdles?

Solution: We can assign the following probabilities for whether the player clears the hurdle or not.

$$Pr(Cleared) = \frac{5}{6}$$
 (1)

Pr (Not Cleared) =
$$1 - \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6}$$
(2)

Let X be the random variable that denotes the number of hurdles not cleared by the player. This is a binomial distribution where not clearing a hurdle is considered a success.

The probability of getting r successes in a binomial distribution having n independent Bernoulli trials and probability of success in each trial being p is

$$\Pr(X = r) = {}^{n}C_{r}p^{r}(1 - p)^{n-r}$$
(3)

Here, $p = \Pr(\text{Not Cleared}) = \frac{1}{6}$ and n = 10. So, we can write

$$X \sim Bin\left(10, \frac{1}{6}\right)$$
 (4)

$$\Pr(X = r) = {}^{10}C_r \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^r \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10-r} \tag{5}$$

The probability that the player knocks down less

than two hurdles can be written as

$$Pr(X < 2) = Pr(X = 0) + Pr(X = 1)$$
(6)

$$= {}^{10}C_0 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^0 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10} + {}^{10}C_1 \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^1 \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^9 \quad (7)$$

$$= 1 \cdot 1 \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10} + 10 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{1} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{9} \tag{8}$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{10} + 10 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{1} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^{9} \tag{9}$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^9 \cdot \left[\frac{5}{6} + \frac{10}{6}\right] \tag{10}$$

$$= \left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^9 \cdot \left[\frac{5}{2}\right] \approx 0.48452 \tag{11}$$

Table 1: Parameters

Parameter	Description	Value
p	Probability of clearing hurdle	0.833333333333
X	R.V. denoting no. of knocked down hurdles	{0, 1, 10}
n	Number of hurdles	10
Pr(X=0)	Probability that 0 hurdles knocked down	0.16150558289
Pr (X = 1)	Probability that 1 hurdle knocked down	0.32301116578
Pr (X < 2)	Probability that < 2 hurdles knocked down	0.48451674867
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