REVIEW QUESTIANS

- PS) Processes induceront hosts communicate by exchanging nessages.
 Incorder to receive mossing es, a process must have an identifier.
 In identifier is the invariant hat is used by a process i inimination one hast to identify a process remains among the host, which includes both the IP address and port numbers associated with the process on the best.
- PG) You would want to use. UDP-to do a tronsaction from a remote overt to a server as first as possible, to appearing a single transaction you don't need to schop up an initial. Connection to the chart and server; there wouldn't need to be any handstown before sending any add which would take up more time to do
- RII) HTTP, FTP, SMTP, and POPS run on top of TOP tatter than on UPP primarily because TOP provides reliable data transfer, guaranteeing that all data will exembly got to its destination.
- RIS) Well owall when Web codring, Here and overlichen the delay in receiving a received object of thing how the blowing process. When a web server receives the identifier of the reverted object, it can cache the morphing lang information a many in the refly in its local nemary. So when that some alred is requested, the webserver can now deep the desired information of that object, even if it is not outlier that he for the affect, which in turn an reduce the deay in receiving that requested object.

 Web aching will only reduce the deay for some of the object, because of feet that have not received want expensions of the information had delay because the lich server has set toget a hold of that information had delay because the lich server has set toget a hold of that information had delay for reasoning that requested object, has not yet teen stored in the delay for reasoning that requested object, has not yet teen stored in the Web servers laad nervorg.

ProHems

PG) Figure 2.12: An Institutional Network Corrected to the Internet

Average Object Size = 850,000 bits
Average Reguest Rate = 16 requests/second
(Inchitetions Brawas -> original Servers)
Average Response Time = 5 seconds
(Internal Side -> Harword HTTP Recycent)

B = Amilal Rate of Objects-to-the Access Link

Total Average Rasparse Time = Average Access Deby + Average Internet Delay
Deby From Internet rower to Institution rower

Average Acces Delay = $\Delta / (1 - \Delta \beta)$ $\Delta = Average Time Regulared to Solid Object over Acces lank$

a) Total Average Response Time = ?

Δ = 850,000 = 0.0567 seconds

Δβ - (00567)(3) = 0.17 seconds

Average Arress Delay = 0.0567 = 0.0683 seconds

Alterage Internet Delay = 3 seconds

Total Average Response Time = 3.068 seconds

6) Cachetrstalled Mass Rate = 0.4 total response time = ?

60% Reduction of Delay 40% Mass Rate

B = (16)(1-0.4) = 9.6 requests/second

DB = (0.0567)(9.6) = 0.544

Average Acres Debuy - (0.0567) = 0.124 seconds

Average Internet Deby = 3 seconds

total Average Response Time - 3. 124 seconds

- P20) A way to roughly determine the Webservers that are most papular among the way to roughly determine the Webservers are to the caches in the local them. The way of the way in the local the way of the way of them webservers and passibly not only how often, but also are requested among the wers. And possibly not only how often, but also are requested, and then how many times certain traction to support this determination being explored some how doornent such a way to support this determination being explored.
- P22) F = 15 Gb9ts

 N peers

 Server upload rate = Us = 30 Mbps

 download rate = dn = 2 Mbps

 peer upload rate = u

N=10,100, and 1000 11 = 300 Kbps, 700 Kbps, and 2Mbps

A Chart grung warmum distribution time for each continuation.

N and 11 for both disent-senier distribution and Pardistribution.

Des 7 max & (1600.18.1024)/30, (18.1024)/2}=

	I CONTRACTOR AND SERVICE	
Horrework #2	(S 372	Rhea Mae Edwards
Dap Degraphico		
		1000
11 -001	050 3	17559s 21525s
		7680 5
Drap > max & (15.1024) 130, (15.1024) / 2, (10.15.1024) / (300/1024) / 3= max & 512, 760, 5070 &= 1680 5		
DPAP > MOX & (15-1024)/30, (15-1024)/2, (10-15-1024)/(30-(100)/024)/5"		
DAD > MOX & (15.1024)/30, (15.1024)/2, (10.15.1024)/(30+2)5=		
DIRP > max & (15.1024)/30, (15.1024)/2, (100.15.1024)/(30+(30)/1024)/5		
DBP > 17045 (15-1024)/30, (15-1034)/2, (100-15-1024)/(30+(100/1024))3-		
DASP > MOX & (15.1024) 30, (15.1024) 2, (100.15.1029) 1(30+2)5=		
DPAP > max { (15.1024) 130, (15.1024) 12, (1000 · 15.1024) 1(30+(300/1024)) } =		
DAP > max & (15.1024)/30, (15.1024)/2, (1000.15.1024)/(30+(700/1626))3=		
DP2P > max & (15.102-1) 80, (15.1024) 12, (1000.15.1021) (30+2) 5=.		
DOG BOLGOANG ESTT	oment toment La unhad anna data to (any other mers (free-raction)
a) yes, at is possible for Bob to claim that he am receive a complete copy of the file that is shared by the suarm, because it Bob wards around you enough, all the parts of the file an have teen chumbad and shared throughout the swarm, later giving Bob a complete file.		
6) Berry a truldon	m, Bobancontine differ ipovergnus a single con	ent parts of the file from each oplet file.

Rhea Mae Edwards Howemark #3 CS 372 Additional Questions Chant sends HTTP GET MESCAGE to Web Server - Requesting Easic HTLLL object - Size = 5×10 - Redictives 3 tree objects - Round-Trip = SFRE = 5×100 bets Round-trip = 0.75 3 Mbps ps Transmission Rate = 2 x 108 bps (1) Thre rection you-besident) Total Non-Response Time PEROBJECT: 2RTT + 1918 transmission time 4(2(0.75) + (5 ×100) (2×100)) = [160] 6) RTT + 4 (RTT + Transmission Trive) = [13.75s] (Persistent and No Propering) P Estuditioning connection c) RTT + 2(RTT + Transmission time) = [2.75s] (Personent and Perpension)