

Assignment #6 Written Questions

Give an example of two words that would hash to the same value using `stringHash1()` but would not using `stringHash2()`.

“car” and “arc”

Why does the above make `stringHash2()` superior to `stringHash1()`?

Because the order matters with `stringHash2()`, whereas the order of the letter with words does not matter with `stringHash1()`.

When you run your program on the same input file but one run using `stringHash1()` and on the other run using `stringHash2()`. Is it possible for your `size()` function to return different values?

It is not possible for your `size()` function to return different values, because the hash functions don't increment the count.

When you run your program on the same input file using `stringHash1()` on one run and using `stringHash2()` on another, is it possible for your `tableLoad()` function to return different values?

It is not possible for your `tableLoad()` function to return different values, because the same amount of links and resizes are added to the array.

When you run your program on the same input file with one run using `stringHash1()` and the other run using `stringHash2()`, is it possible for your `emptyBuckets()` function to return different values?

It is possible for your `emptyBuckets()` function to return different values, because with `stringHash1()` there can be more possible collisions than with `stringHash2()` so the number of collisions can vary.

Is there any difference in the number of 'empty buckets' when you change the table size from an even number, like 1000 to a prime like 997?

Yes, because of random distribution.

Using the timing code provided to you, run your code on different size hash tables. How does changing the hash table size affect your performance? Please show results as a graph for various table sizes. For this test, remove the "resize" capability of the table. Be sure to use a large text file. You can find many online (e.g. <http://norvig.com/big.txt>)

(1, 41.330002)

(2, 6.53)

(3, 1.82)

(4, .8)

(5, .39)

(6, .23)

(7, .13)

(8, .07)

(9, .05)

(10, .04)

(11, .03)

(12, .02)

(13, .02)

(14, .02)

(15, .01)

(16, .00)

