

### Additional Exercise 6

1. An application is required to enter marks of an assessment for a tutorial group of students. Design the following classes, followed by a console based menu that allows marks to be entered.
  - a. A user defined exception `InvalidMarkException` that subclass from `Exception`.
  - b. A `Student` class with the following requirements:
    - i. A constructor that has 2 parameters that initialises the id and name. It also has an instance variable for mark set to 0.
    - ii. Properties for id, name and mark.
    - iii. A setter for mark. Raise `InvalidMarkException` with message 'Mark must be between 0 and 100' if the mark is out of the range 0 to 100.
    - iv. A `__str__` that returns the id, name and mark.
  - c. A `TutorialGroup` class that consists of students and manages the search, add, reset of marks for students. It has the following requirements:
    - i. A constructor with 1 parameter to initialize the tutorial group name as instance variable. It also has a dictionary of students initially set to empty.
    - ii. Property for name.
    - iii. `Search(id)` method that searches the dictionary using the id and if found, returns the `Student` object, else returns `None`.
    - iv. `addStudent(id, name)` adds a `Student` object in the dictionary. The key is the id, and value is a `Student` object. Raise an `InvalidMarkException` 'id already exists', where id is the passed as parameter if a student with the id is already in the dictionary.
    - v. `addMark(id, mark)` adds a mark only if id is in the dictionary (raise an exception if not in dictionary). A mark is assigned only when the current mark is 0. If it is not 0, that means a mark has already been entered, in which case, raise an `InvalidMarkException` 'Mark has already been assigned'.
    - vi. `resetMark(id)` resets a mark to 0 only if id is in the dictionary( raise exception similar to part v). A mark is reset to 0 only when the current mark is not 0. If the mark is already 0, raise and `InvalidMarkException` 'Mark is already 0!'. Return the mark before it was set to 0.
    - vii. `getStudentMarks(option)` that returns a formatted string of the student marks. If option is "Fail", return only students with marks < 50. If option is "All", return all marks. The returned string should be in the following format:

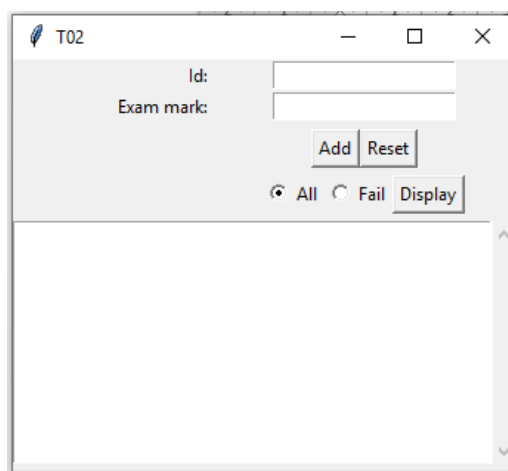
Id	Name	Mark
s1	John	50
s2	Peter	75
...		
  - d. Create a main function with the following:
    - i. Create a tutorial Group object for 'T02'.
    - ii. Add 3 students to the tutorial group:

`S1 John`  
`S2 Peter`  
`S3 Joe`
    - iii. Create a menu as follows:
      1. Add mark

2. Reset mark
3. Display marks
4. Quit

Enter option:

- iv. Add option. Create a `addMark(tg)` function that has the tutorial group `tg` as parameter. Prompt the user for id, and mark and add the mark to the tutorial group. If successful, display 'Marks entered'. All exceptions must be caught and messages displayed.
  - v. Reset option. Create a `resetMark(tg)` function, and prompt for id. If reset is successful, display 'Mark reset for XXX from 99 to 0 successful!' where XXX is the name of the student, and 99 is the original mark.
  - vi. Display option(`tg`). Prompt user to enter All or Fail, and display the output.
2. Create the following AssessmentGUI to enter marks for an assessment:



Make use of the Student and TutorialGroup classes in the previous question. Requirements are as follows:

- a. The constructor of the GUI has a parameter to initialise the tutorial group. Populate the tutorial group with 3 students before passing the object to the GUI.
- b. The title of the GUI has the tutorial group name.
- c. The Add, Reset and display buttons are self explanatory and work the same way as the requirements of the previous question.

