

Decorator Examples

Decorator with Parameter syntax

```
def decorators(*args, **kwargs):  
    def inner(func):  
        '''  
        do operations with func  
        '''  
        return func  
    return inner #this is the fun_obj mentioned in the above content
```

```
@decorators(params)  
def func():  
    '''  
    function implementation  
    '''
```

Example 1

```
# Python code to illustrate
# Decorators basic in Python

def decorator_fun(func):
    print("Inside decorator")

    def inner(*args, **kwargs):
        print("Inside inner function")
        print("Decorated the function")
        # do operations with func

        func()

    return inner

@decorator_fun
def func_to():
    print("Inside actual function")

func_to()
```

Example 2

```
# Python code to illustrate  
# Decorators with parameters in Python
```

```
def decorator_fun(func):  
    print("Inside decorator")  
  
    def inner(*args, **kwargs):  
        print("Inside inner function")  
        print("Decorated the function")  
  
        func()  
  
    return inner  
  
def func_to():  
    print("Inside actual function")  
  
# another way of using decorators  
decorator_fun(func_to)()
```

Example 3

```
# Python code to illustrate
# Decorators with parameters in Python

def decorator(*args, **kwargs):
    print("Inside decorator")

    def inner(func):

        # code functionality here
        print("Inside inner function")
        print("I like", kwargs['like'])

        func()

    # returning inner function
    return inner

@decorator(like = "geeksforgeeks")
def my_func():
    print("Inside actual function")
```

Example 4

Python code to illustrate

Decorators with parameters in Python

```
def decorator_func(x, y):  
    def Inner(func):  
        def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):  
            print("I like Geeksforgeeks")  
            print("Summation of values - {}".format(x+y) )  
            func(*args, **kwargs)  
        return wrapper  
    return Inner
```

Not using decorator

```
def my_fun(*args):  
    for ele in args:  
        print(ele)
```

another way of using decorators

```
decorator_func(12, 15)(my_fun)('Geeks', 'for', 'Geeks')
```