

Meaning of Testing

In []: Meaning of Testing --> Testing **is** a process by which we can validate,verify **and** check our applications/softwarees.
--> it **is** basically used to check how much your software **is** upto mark.

Types of Testing

In []: Types of Testing:

Unit Testing	--> It focuses on the smallest unit of software design. In this, we test an individual unit or group of interrelated units.
Integration Testing	--> The objective is to take unit-tested components and build a program structure that has been dictated by design.
System Testing	--> Integration testing is testing in which a group of components is combined to produce output. System testing is testing conducted on a complete integrated system to evaluate the system's compliance with its specified requirements.
Smoke Testing	--> Smoke Testing is a software testing method that determines whether the employed build is stable or not
Acceptance Testing	--> Acceptance Testing is the last phase of software testing performed after System Testing and before making the system available for actual use.

assert keyword

In []: **assert** keyword --> Assert **is** a keyword that **is** used **for** debugging the code.
--> Assert will check the condition **if** condition **is** true then **assert** will **return True** **else** **assert** will **return** an Assertion Error
--> You can write a message **with** assertion error **as** well **if** the **assert** will **return False**

Example

In [5]: x="Aman"
assert x=="Aman1","x is not Aman"

```
-----
AssertionError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Input In [5], in <cell line: 2>()
      1 x="Aman"
----> 2 assert x=="Aman1","x is not Aman"

AssertionError: x is not Aman
```

In [1]: x="Aman"
assert x=="Aman"

Framework Present in Python for Testing

In []: Frameworks that are present **in** Python:

```
1.Unittest
2.pytest
3.Doctest
4.Testify
...
...
...
...
```

About Pytest

In []: --> pytest **is** framework **in** python that **is** used to write our own test cases based on certain inputs **or** criteria using python programming language.

Why pytest

In []: Why pytest :

- > very easy to start beacuse it has very simple syntax
- > Skip Test
- > Open source
- > Automatically detetct tests

Important Note

In []: --> You cannot directly use pytest **for** using pytest you need to use either teriminal **or** command prompt
--> Command --> pytest file_name.py

Example -1

In []: **def** add(x,y):
 return x+y
def product(x,y):
 return x*y

def test_add():
 assert add(7,3)==10
 assert add(9)==10
 assert add(5)==7

def test_product():
 assert product(5,5)==25
 assert product(5)==25
 assert product(7)==35

Example -2

In [10]: **def** factorial(n):
 if n<0:
 return "Negative Number"
 elif n==0:
 return 1
 elif n==1:
 return 1
 else:
 fact=1
 for i **in** range(2,n+1):
 fact=fact*i
 return fact
def test_factorial():
 assert factorial(0)==1
 assert factorial(1)==1
 assert factorial(5)==120
 assert factorial(-9) == "Negative Number"

Command Prompt Output

In []: (base) C:\Users\praty>pytest pythontest.py

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.9.12, pytest-7.1.1, pluggy-1.0.0
rootdir: C:\Users\praty
plugins: anyio-3.5.0
collected 2 items

pythontest.py .F

===== FAILURES =====
_____ test_product _____

    def test_product():
        assert product(0,1) ==0
>       assert product(10,8) ==90
E       assert 80 == 90
+       where 80 = product(10, 8)

pythontest.py:13: AssertionError

===== short test summary info =====
FAILED pythontest.py::test_product - assert 80 == 90
===== 1 failed, 1 passed in 0.22s =====

(base) C:\Users\praty>pytest pythontest.py
```

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.9.12, pytest-7.1.1, pluggy-1.0.0
rootdir: C:\Users\praty
plugins: anyio-3.5.0
collected 2 items

pythontest.py ..

===== 2 passed in 0.04s =====

(base) C:\Users\praty>pytest pythontest.py
```

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.9.12, pytest-7.1.1, pluggy-1.0.0
rootdir: C:\Users\praty
plugins: anyio-3.5.0
collected 1 item

pythontest.py E

===== ERRORS =====
_____ ERROR at setup of test_factorial _____

file C:\Users\praty\pythontest.py, line 12
    def test_factorial(x):
>         fixture 'x' not found
>         available fixtures: anyio_backend, anyio_backend_name, anyio_backend_options, cache, capfd, capfdbinary, caplog, capsys, capsysbinary, doctest_namespace
>         use 'pytest --fixtures [testpath]' for help on them.

C:\Users\praty\pythontest.py:12

===== short test summary info =====
ERROR pythontest.py::test_factorial
===== 1 error in 0.08s =====

(base) C:\Users\praty>pytest pythontest.py
```

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.9.12, pytest-7.1.1, pluggy-1.0.0
rootdir: C:\Users\praty
plugins: anyio-3.5.0
collected 1 item

pythontest.py F

===== FAILURES =====
_____ test_factorial _____

>       assert factorial(-1) == "Negative factorial is not possible"
E       AssertionError: assert 1 == 'Negative factorial is not possible'
+       where 1 = factorial(-1)

pythontest.py:13: AssertionError

===== short test summary info =====
FAILED pythontest.py::test_factorial - AssertionError: assert 1 == 'Negative factorial is not possible'
===== 1 failed in 0.22s =====

(base) C:\Users\praty>pytest pythontest.py
```

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.9.12, pytest-7.1.1, pluggy-1.0.0
rootdir: C:\Users\praty
plugins: anyio-3.5.0
collected 1 item

pythontest.py .

===== 1 passed in 0.03s =====

(base) C:\Users\praty>
```

pdb (Python Debugger)

In []: pdb --> It **is** also a module of python that will help you to debug your.py file. Internally it makes(basic debugger functions)
and cmd. pdb **is** stand **for** Python debugger.
--> Command **for** start debugger --> python -m pdb pdbdemo.py

Example

In []: **import** pdb
def add(x,y):
 return x+y
x=int(input("Enter a Number :"))
y=int(input("Enter a Number :"))
z=add(x,y)
print(z)

On Command Prompt:

In []: (base) C:\Users\praty>python pythonpdb.py

```
Enter a Number :10
Enter a Number :20
30

(base) C:\Users\praty>python -m pdb pythonpdb.py
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(1)<module>()
-> import pdb
(Pdb) help

Documented commands (type help <topic>):
=====
EOF    c          d          h          list        q          rv         undisplay
a      cl         debug     help        ll          quit       s          unt
alias  clear      disable  ignore      longlist    r          source    until
args   commands  display  interact    n          restart   step      up
b      condition down     j          next        return      tbreak    w
break cont     enable   jump        p          retval    u         whatis
bt      continue exit      l          pp          run        unalias   where

Miscellaneous help topics:
=====
exec  pdb

(Pdb) n
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(2)<module>()
-> def add(x,y):
(Pdb) n
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(4)<module>()
-> x=int(input("Enter a Number :"))
(Pdb) n
Enter a Number :10
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(5)<module>()
-> y=int(input("Enter a Number :"))
(Pdb) n
Enter a Number :20
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(6)<module>()
-> z=add(x,y)
(Pdb) n
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(7)<module>()
-> print(z)
(Pdb) n
30
--Return--
> c:\Users\praty\pythonpdb.py(7)<module>()->None
-> print(z)
(Pdb) n
--Return--
> <string>(1)<module>()->None
(Pdb) exit
```