

Configuring Behavior of Mocks



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Overview



Configure the mocks we created in the previous module

Write tests using different types of mocks

Use argument matchers

Configure exception throwing in mocks



The Three Stages of Using Mocks in EasyMock



Create mocks: instantiate the actual mock objects



Record mocks: register expected behavior (expected method calls)



Replay mocks: check that the expected 'recordings' actually happened during the test's execution



Demo



This module is mostly demo

We'll kick off with configuring some mocks, so that we can finalize the test we started in the previous module



Strict Mock vs. Nice Mock

Strict Mock

Throws an exception for any unexpected method calls it experiences

Nice Mock

Allows all method calls by default, without throwing an exception

Returns appropriate empty values when its methods are called, such as 0, null, or false



Demo



Let's write an annotation-based test!



Demo



We'll now test the scenario where PensionReady approves an account opening



Demo



We'll add a new collaborator to the `AccountOpeningService` and handle its effects on the existing tests



Argument Matchers



Increased flexibility for configuring mock expectations



EasyMock compares arguments of actual method calls with the ones from mock expectations using `equals()` (and `Arrays.equals()`)



Argument matchers allow you to perform that argument matching in a more flexible manner. Predefined matchers include *same*, *isA*, *isNull*, or, you can write your own custom matcher.



Demo



Let's see argument matchers in action!



Demo



This demo focuses on configuring exception throwing on mocks



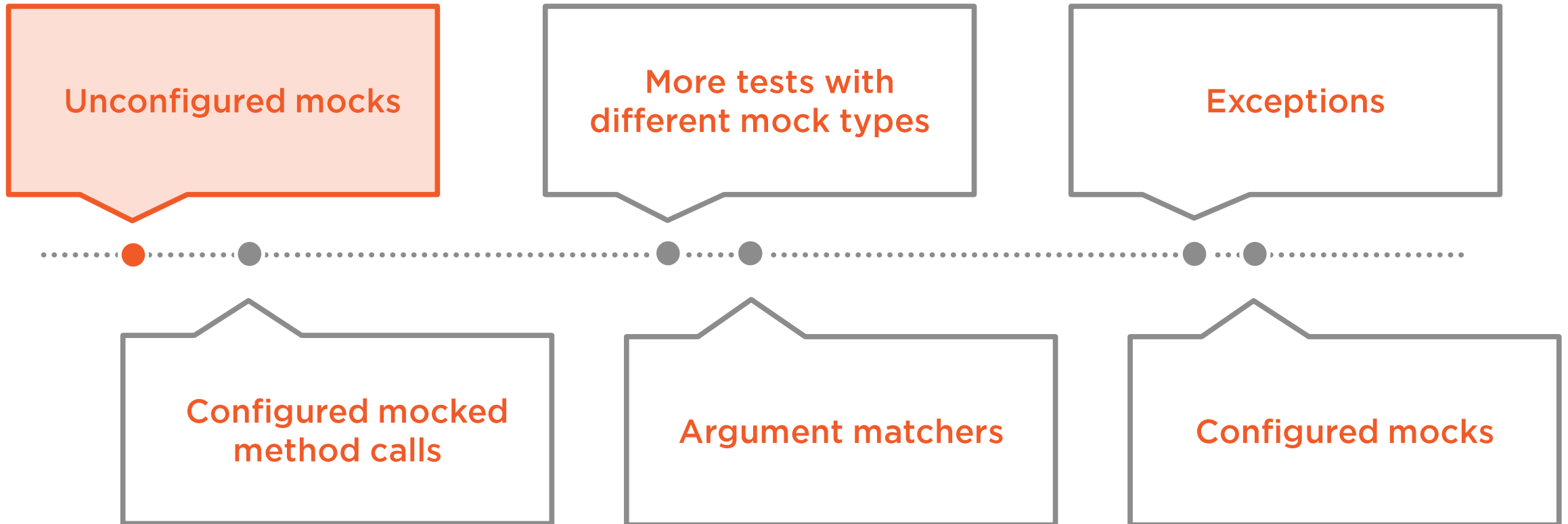
Demo



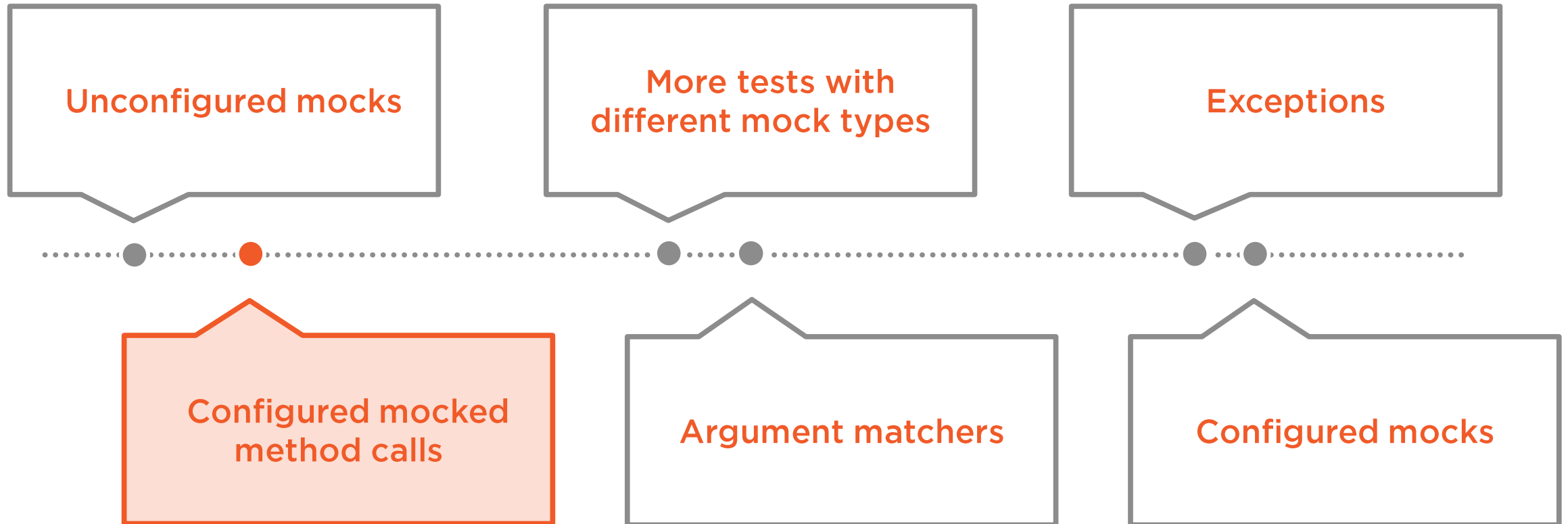
This final demo is about configuring expectations and exception throwing on void methods



Demo Concepts Recap



Demo Concepts Recap



Recap: Configuring Mocked Methods



`expect...andReturn`



EasyMock supports different types of mocks



One nice mock type and two strict mock types are available



Recap: EasyMock's Mock Types



MockType.NICE is a nice mock: *niceMock(...)*



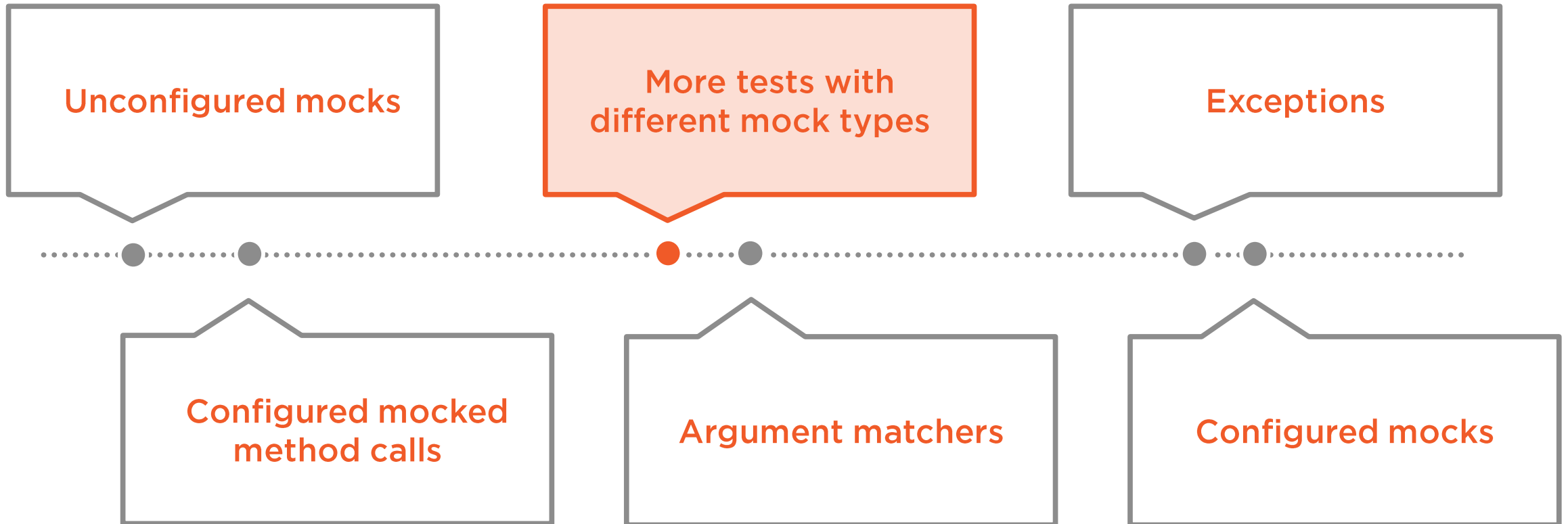
MockType.DEFAULT is a strict mock: *mock(...)*



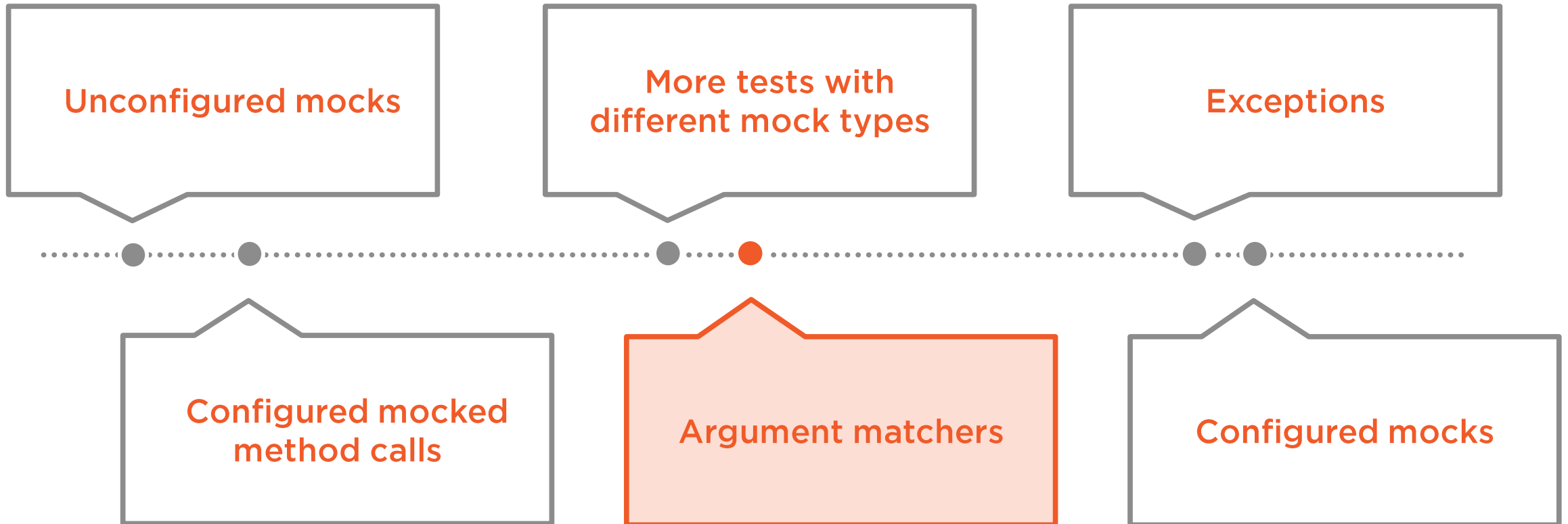
MockType.STRICT is a strict mock, with added order-checking enabled: *strictMock(...)*. We'll demonstrate this in upcoming modules.



Demo Concepts Recap



Demo Concepts Recap



Recap: Argument Matchers



They add flexibility to how you configure mocked methods



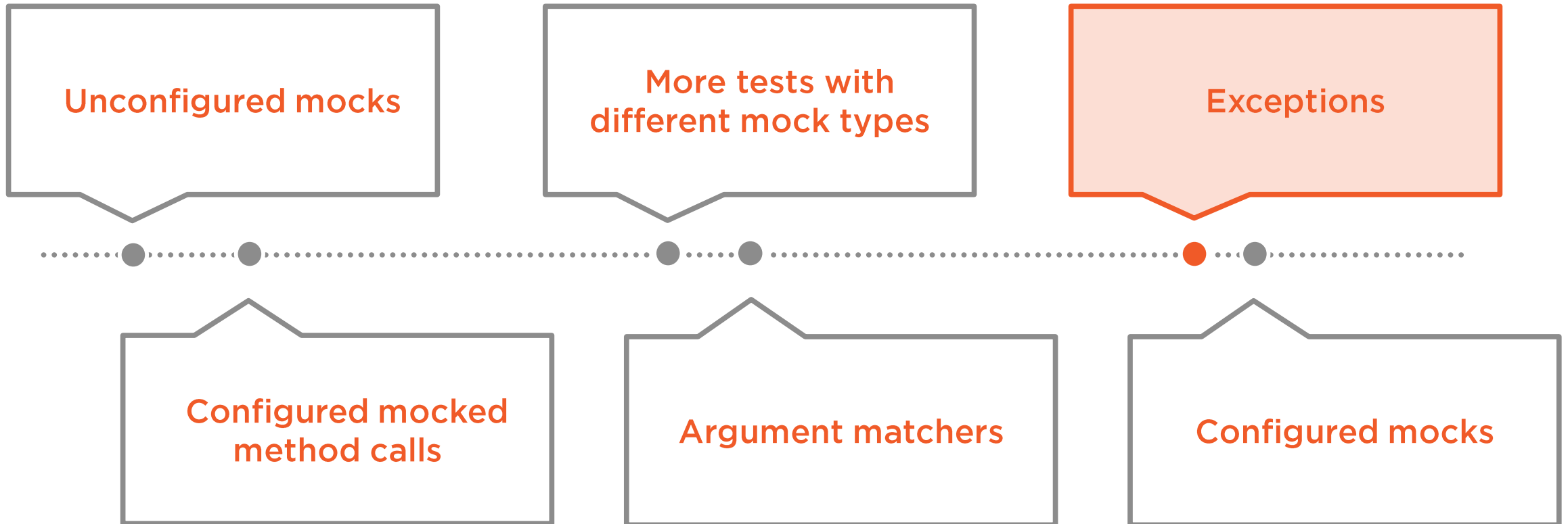
`isA(Class clazz)`, `same()`, `notNull(Class clazz)` and other predefined matchers are available. Or write your own custom matcher.



If you use a matcher in a method call, all arguments of that method call must use matchers



Demo Concepts Recap



Recap: Configuring Exceptions



`expect...andThrow` and `expectLastCall...andThrow` for void methods



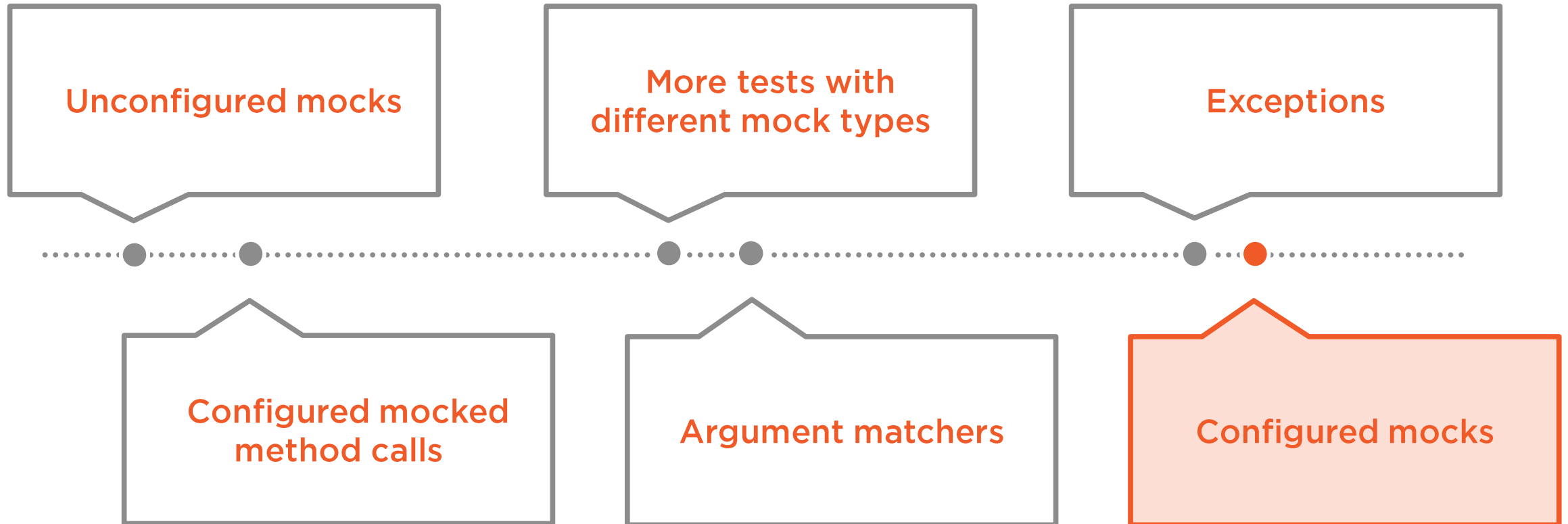
EasyMock offers full support by allowing exception throwing from both void and non-void methods



Can stub methods with both checked and unchecked exceptions (note that checked exceptions can only be thrown from methods that do actually throw them)



Demo Concepts Recap



Summary



Started this module with the unconfigured mocks we created in the previous module

Configured mocked methods of both nice and strict mocks

Used argument matchers

Configured exception throwing on mocks

Covered both void and non-void methods

In the next module, we'll focus on how to verify that the expectations we set up actually happened during test execution

