

# Design and implementation of HTTP Proxy Server

**Course Title:** Internet Application

**Name:** Liu Xiao (ee07b425 072910)

Song Yutian (ee07b415 072900)

**Date:** 2010/1/1

# 1. Overview

## 1.1 Target

- a) Forward HTTP data from browser to web server.
- b) Record and display related information.
- c) Forbid the access to sites in black list.

## 1.2 Target

- a) Understand basic principles and operational mechanism of HTTP.
- b) Be familiar with socket and web programming.
- c) Using wireshark software to analyze network packets.

# 2. Requirements Analysis

## 2.1 Development Environment

- a) Server Operation System: Red Flag Linux 5.0  
Ubuntu 9.10
- b) Client Operation System: Red Flag Linux 5.0  
Ubuntu 9.10  
Windows XP  
Windows Vista
- c) Client web browser: Windows Internet Explorer 8.0  
Firefox 3.0 (Mozilla 5.0) for Windows  
Firefox 3.0 (Mozilla 5.0) for Linux
- d) Programming language: C language

## 2.2 Functional requirements in details

The functions of the HTTP proxy server are separated into several parts:

- a) It can support multiple browsers concurrently
- b) URL can contain domain name and port number. If the user does not insert a port number, it will automatically be set to 8080.
- c) If browsers access sites in your “black list” proxy server will redirect them to a page written in HTML with cautions and also with audios and pictures.
- d) Display HTTP version, browser type, client OS, language, site name, web server name and web server OS as the output of proxy server:
- e) Proxy server can authenticate user by name and password.

## 3. Preliminary Design

### 3.1 Decomposition of functional modules

a) Main function: Achieve the basic function of socket communication. Including socket creating process, port and address binding process, listen and accept process, process creating process, socket close process.

b) Authentication function: To do the user ID authentication work when user first open the proxy and visit the website. If user does not insert the correct ID and password, the function will stop user from using the proxy.

c) User packet head receive function: This function is simple. It just receives the head of the HTML packet from client.

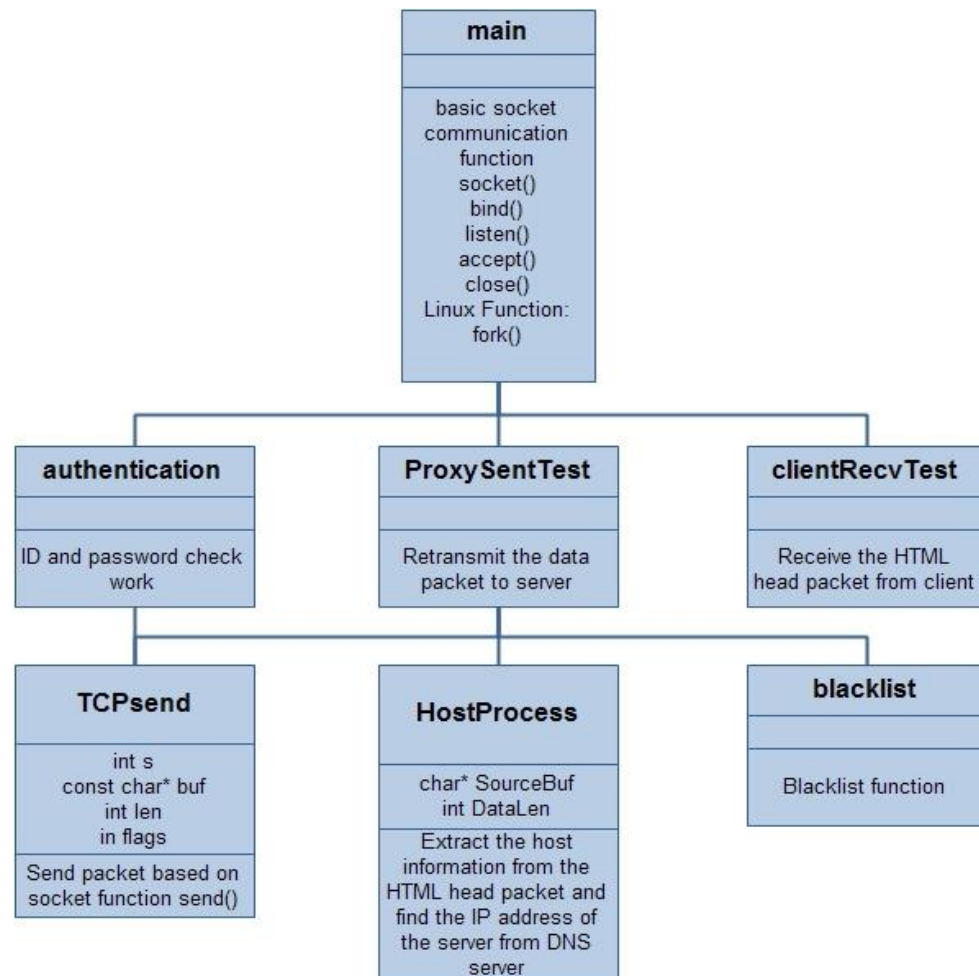
d) User packet head process function: The function is to extract the host name and port number of user's forwarding website from HTML packet head. The proxy will use these data to find the host of the website and make the connection.

e) Blacklist function: This function is to check the website which the user wants to visit. If the website is in the preset blacklist, the connection will be forbidden, and a caution page will be sent to client.

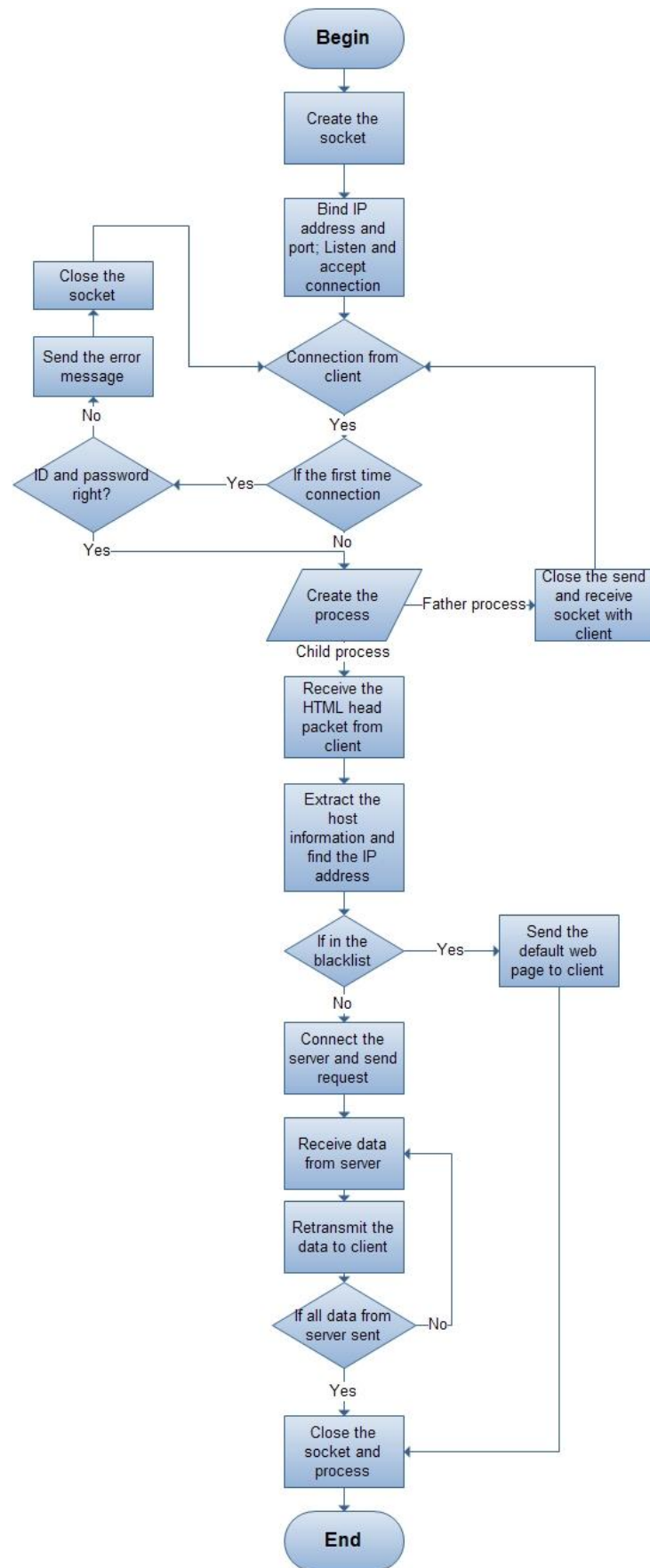
f) Data send function: This function is based on the socket function send(). However, it adds the send guaranty mechanism. If some packets are not successfully sent by the TCP/IP protocol, it will automatically resent the fail sending part.

### 3.2 Relationship and interface between the modules

The relationship and interface between different modules is shown below:



### 3.3 Overall flow chart

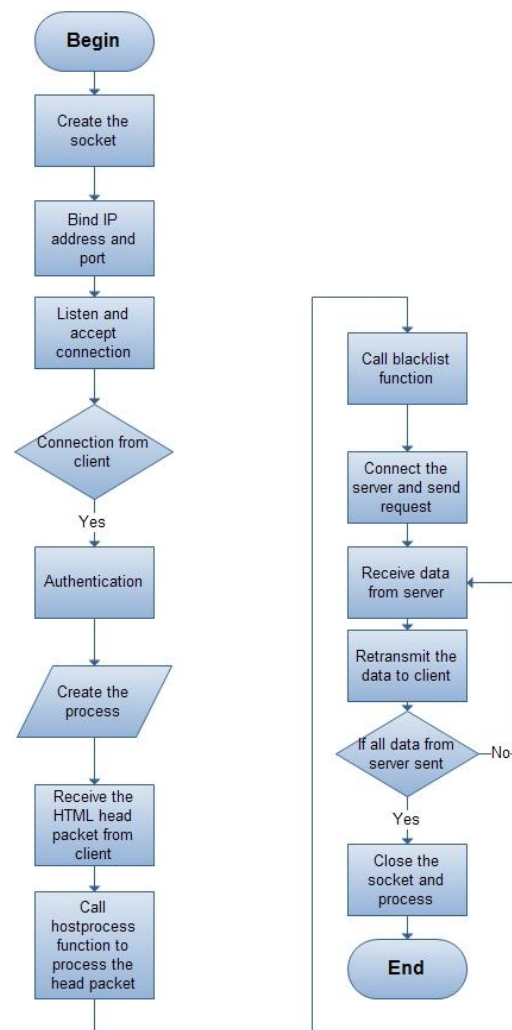


## 4. Detailed Design

### a) main function (main and ProxySentTest)

The main function is the main part of the program. It first creates the socket and binds it with the specific IP address and port. The default configuration of IP address is the address of the host who is running the proxy program and the default port number is 8080. It then starts to listen to this IP address and port number and does the authentication work. If the user successfully passes the identification authentication, it will create the process and receive the HTML head packet from client. It then calls the hostprocess function to process the head packet and connects the server. When the connection is successfully created, the main function will receive data from server and retransmit it to the client. After all data are sent, the main function will close the socket and finish the whole flow.

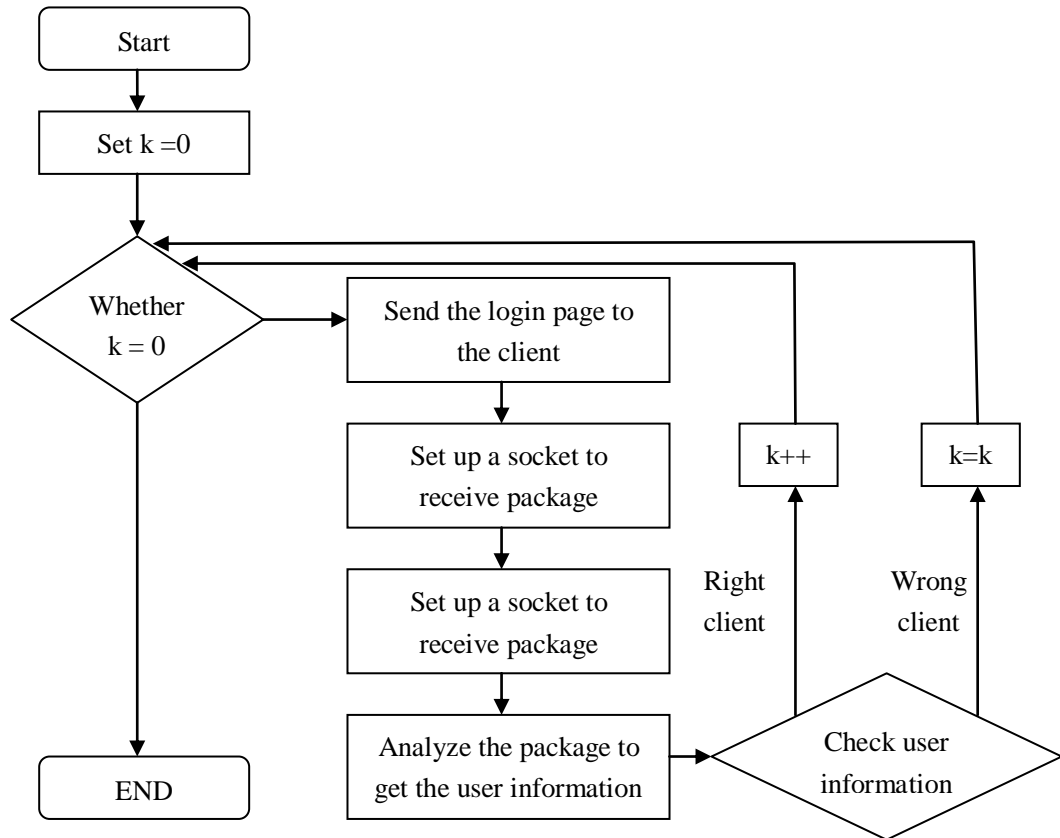
### **Flow chart:**



### b) Authentication:

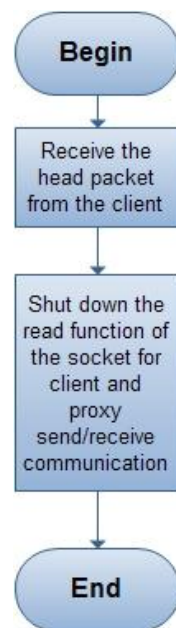
This part was built in the main function before we start the fork(). After we set up the connection with the client, we will send a buffer with the html code which can generate a webpage with the two labels let the client to type in ID and password. After the client click the button “login” on the page, we will receive a package with the ID and the password. From the result of the wieshark we can see the format of the package ---“IDXXX&PASSWORDXXX&LOGINLOGIN&”. Then by

using strtok() and strstr() we can get the ID and the password. Then we compare the ID and password with what we defined. If both of them are the same we will leave this process and go into the main function. Then a notice message will tell the client the success of the login. If any of them not correct we will stop the socket and go back to the start of the authentication.



c) User packet head receive function (clientRecvTest): This function is simple. It just receives the head of the HTML packet from client.

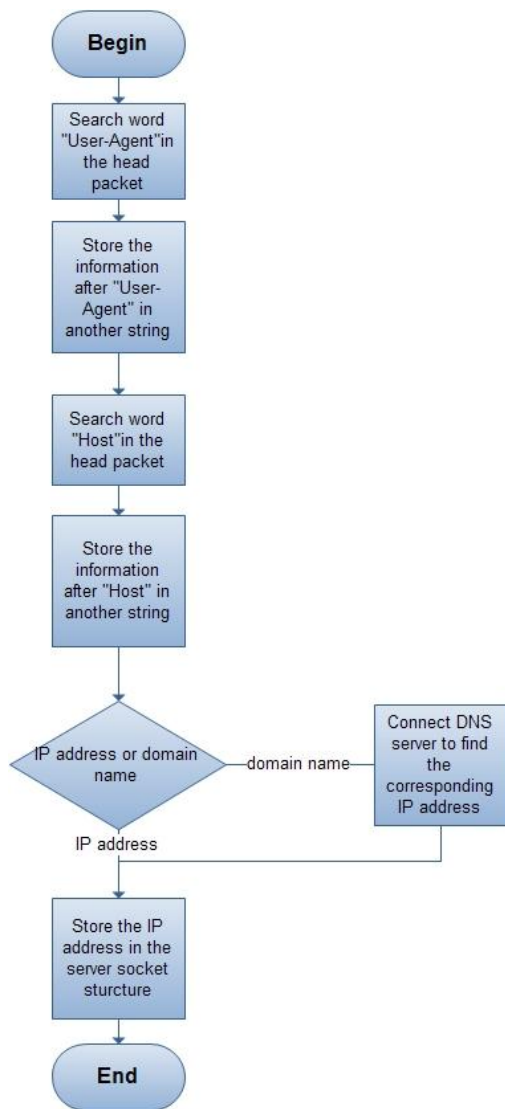
**Flow chart:**



d) User packet head process function (HostProcess): The function first receives the HTML packet from the main function, which is stored in a string. The function then searches the string to find the “Host” word. When found, it will cut the “Host” and store the IP address or domain name after it in another string. Then the function finds the “User-Agent” in the same way. The function then to make sure host name which user types in is an IP address or domain name. If it is a domain name, the function will connect the DNS server and obtain the corresponding IP address. At last it saves the IP address into the server socket structure.

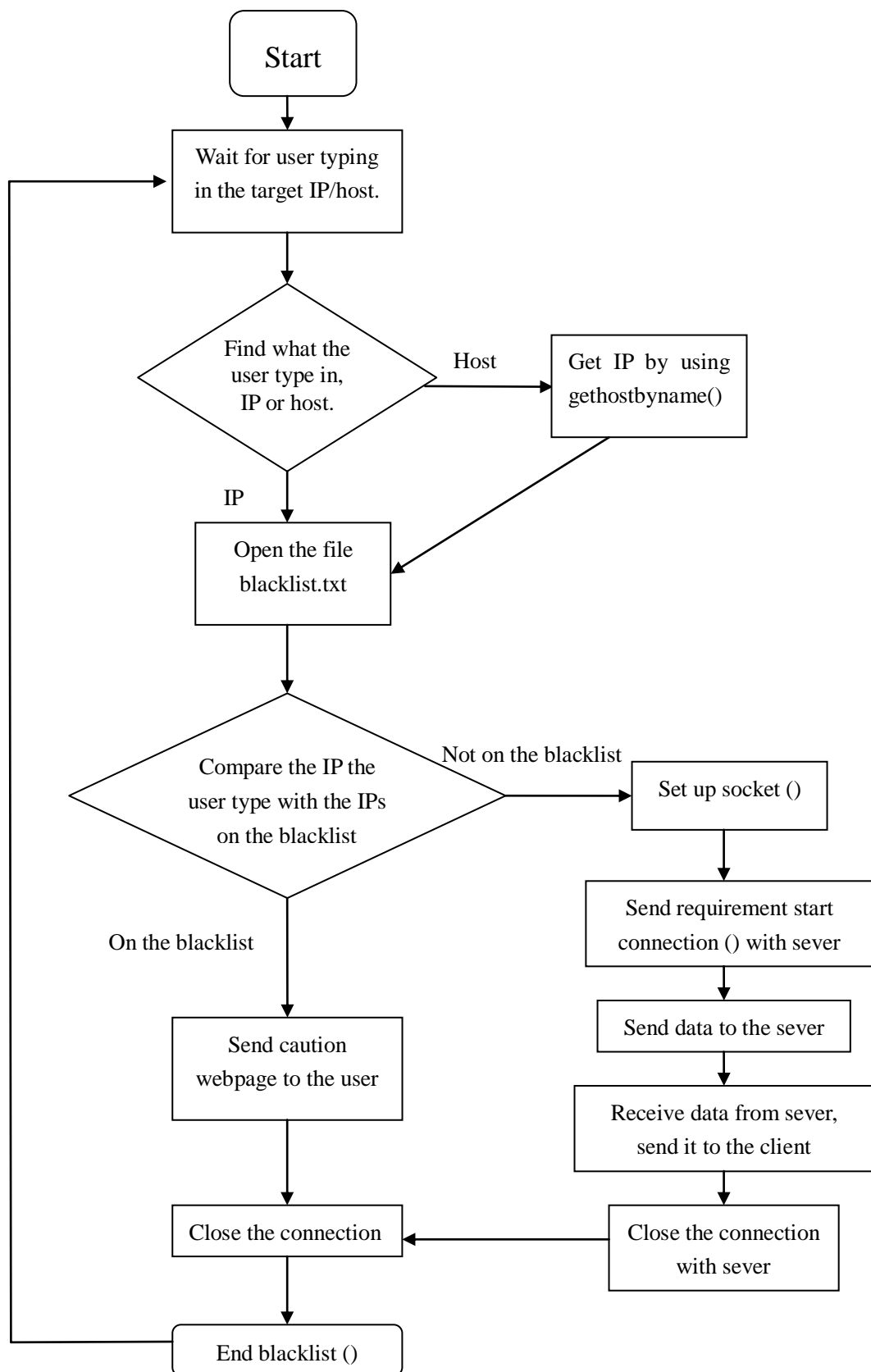
**Flow chart:**





e) Blacklist:

Function: Void blacklist ()



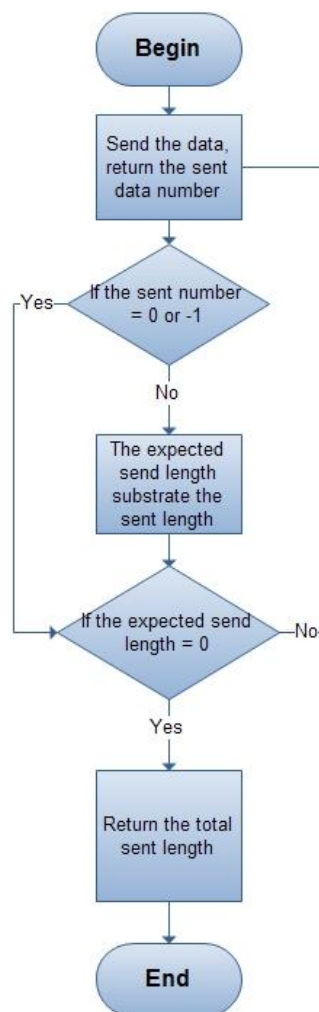
In this module we use a .txt file to store the blacklist and limit user to access the website with the

same IP on the blacklist. Here we read the file by using “fgets”. The data will be read maximum 20 bits per line then store the data in the buffer. The buffer has a max-length of 20 bits for the IP will not be longer than 20 bits. And this also makes the blacklist a fixed form that each line of the file has only one “black IP”.

This function will be used every time user wants to visit a website. When the user type in the IP or host name, we will store it in the buffer. As we have analysis the package before. We will get the target IP by gethostbyname() or directly from what the user typed in. Then we will compare the IP with the blacklist. If it on the blacklist, we will send a caution webpage by reading an .html file and close the connection. If the IP not on the blacklist we will set up the connection with the sever and start to send and receive data.

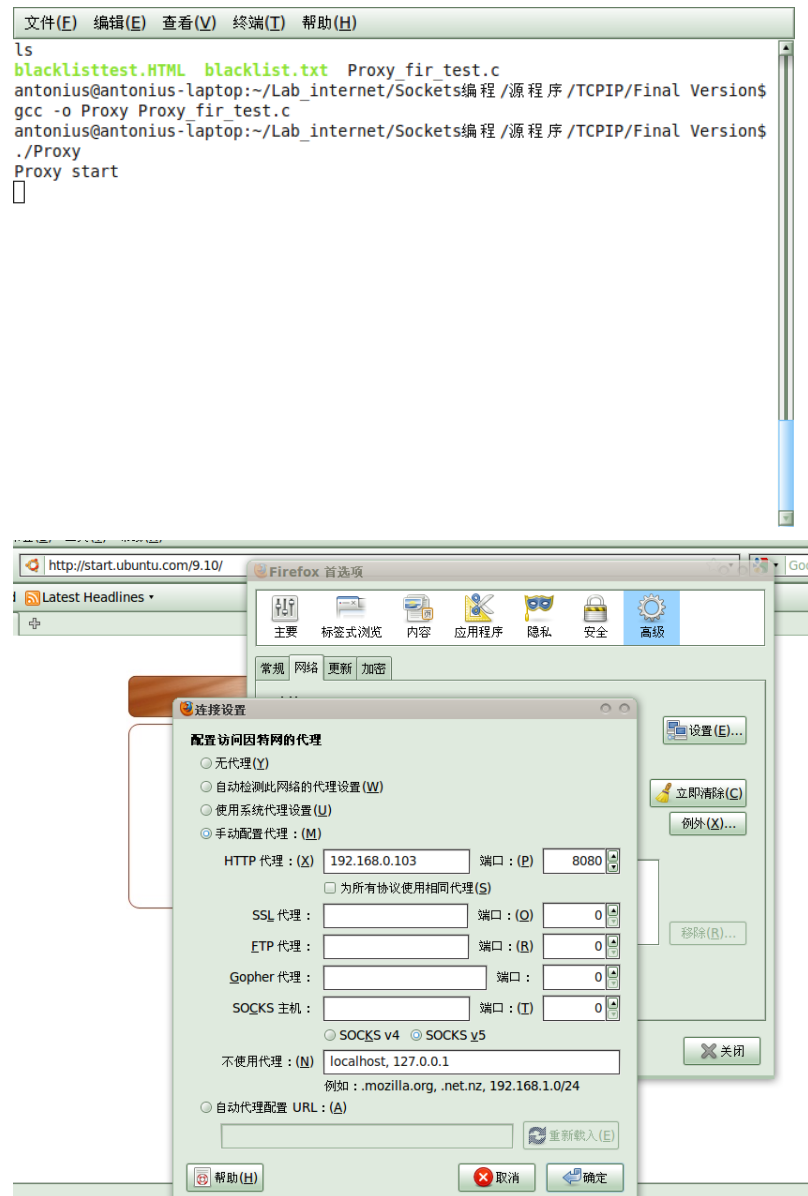
f) Data send function (TCPsend): The function is based on the socket function send(). However, when we use the send() function, one problem will occur, that send() cannot guarantee that all data will be successfully sent to the destination. So we rewrite the function. In this function, we first use the send() function to send the data. The send() function will return a value of the actual send byte number. The function will compare the return value with the expected value for sending. If they are not the same, the function will store the difference between them and send the last data depending on this difference. Only when all data are sent does the function exits.

**Flow chart:**



## 5. Results

a) Proxy start and the user should configure the browser



b) When user connects the proxy, proxy will receive the data packet and sends back an authentication page

```
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 终端(T) 帮助(H)
antonius@antonius-laptop:~/Lab_internet/Sockets编程/源程序/TCP/IP/Final Version$
./Proxy
Proxy start
Got connection from 192.168.0.103

Receive buffer after transmitting the certification page:
GET http://www.baidu.com/ HTTP/1.1
Host: www.baidu.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; zh-CN; rv:1.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 U
buntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-cn,zh;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: GB2312,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Cookie: BAIDUID=D809D0E6BCBBE6E13804631573227B01:FG=1

457

ID:      (null)

password:      (null)
wrong ID or passwordConnection closed.
wrong ID or password
targetln:      (null)
User-information:      (null)
Got connection from 192.168.0.103

Receive buffer after transmitting the certification page:
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 终端(T) 帮助(H)
Content-Length: 43

identification=111&password=aaa&login=login 622

wrong ID or passwordConnection closed.
wrong ID or password
targetln:      login=login
User-information:      (null)
Got connection from 192.168.0.103

Receive buffer after transmitting the certification page:
POST http://www.baidu.com/INDOOR_ANY HTTP/1.1
Host: www.baidu.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; zh-CN; rv:1.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 U
buntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-cn,zh;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: GB2312,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://www.baidu.com/INDOOR_ANY
Cookie: BAIDUID=D809D0E6BCBBE6E13804631573227B01:FG=1
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 45

identification=test&password=test&login=login 624

Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxy
targetln:      login=login
User-information:      (null)
Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxyConnection closed.
█
```

文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 历史(S) 书签(B) 工具(T) 帮助(H)

http://www.baidu.com/ Google

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines

check the user ID and password

User ID:

password:

login

完成

c) If the user inserts the right ID and password, the web page will show the corresponding words

文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 历史(S) 书签(B) 工具(T) 帮助(H)

http://www.baidu.com/INDOOR\_ANY Google

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines

check the user ID and password

User ID:

password:

login

Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxy

完成

```
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 终端(T) 帮助(H)
Content-Length: 43

identification=111&password=aaa&login=login 622

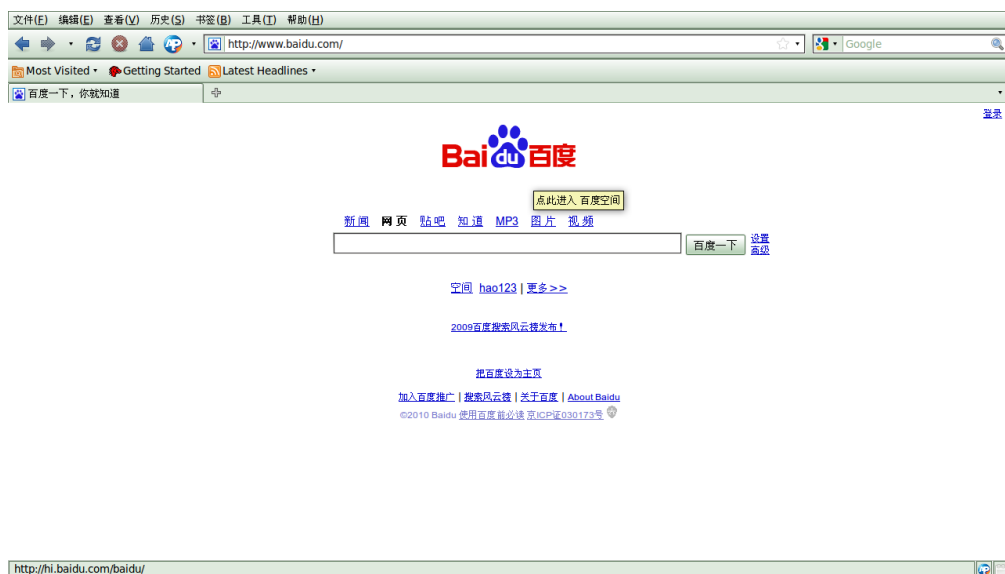
wrong ID or passwordConnection closed.
wrong ID or password
targetln:      login=login
User-information:      (null)
Got connection from 192.168.0.103


Receive buffer after transmitting the certification page:
POST http://www.baidu.com/INDOOR_ANY HTTP/1.1
Host: www.baidu.com
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; zh-CN; rv:1.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 U
buntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: zh-cn,zh;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate
Accept-Charset: GB2312,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7
Keep-Alive: 300
Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
Referer: http://www.baidu.com/INDOOR_ANY
Cookie: BAIDUID=D809D0E6BCBBE6E13804631573227B01:FG=1
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 45

identification=test&password=test&login=login 624

Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxy
targetln:      login=login
User-information:      (null)
Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxyConnection closed.
█
```

d) Then the user can insert the web site



新浪新闻 (Sina News) 门户网站。顶部包含搜索框、登录/注册按钮及网站导航菜单。主内容区展示了多条新闻标题，如“09中国生态游”、“温家宝新年贺词”等。右侧有“热门品牌专区”和“优惠活动”。

北京邮电大学 (Beihang University) 官方网站。页面顶部有“北邮人主页”和“学生工作信息平台”等导航栏。主要内容区包含“学生新闻”、“思想动态”、“公共查询”等板块，提供学校最新动态和办事指南。

土豆网 (Tudou.com) 视频播放页面。显示正在播放的视频“CG 土豆网”，并包含播放进度条、音量控制及相关推荐视频。页面底部有“正在从 218.60.33.14 传送数据...”的提示。



e) The corresponding terminal shot is shown below

```
文件(F) 编辑(E) 查看(V) 终端(T) 帮助(H)
.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 Ubuntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
targeturl:      bj.house.sina.com.cn
no port address
Connection closed.
00webserver(202.108.33.32)000000,
*****Total Send: 502 bytes*****
Child inside connection closed
Targetip by DNS: 202.108.33.32
HostProcess is wrong!
Website safe!
Website safe!
Website safe!
Website safe!
Targetip by DNS: 202.108.33.32
HostProcess is wrong!
Website safe!
Website safe!
Website safe!
Website safe!
00webserver(202.108.33.32)000000,
*****Total Send: 1822 bytes*****
Child inside connection closed
Child connection closedGot connection from 192.168.0.103

targetln:      Host: auto.sina.com.cn
User-information:      User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; zh-CN; rv:1
.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 Ubuntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
targeturl:      auto.sina.com.cn
no port address
Connection closed.
00webserver(202.108.33.32)000000,
*****Total Send: 816 bytes*****
Child inside connection closed
Got connection from 192.168.0.103
Child connection closedGot connection from 192.168.0.103
```

f) The user can also visit the website with IP address



[新闻](#) [网页](#) [贴吧](#) [知道](#) [MP3](#) [图片](#) [视频](#)

[设置](#) [高级](#)

[空间](#) [hao123](#) | [更多>>](#)

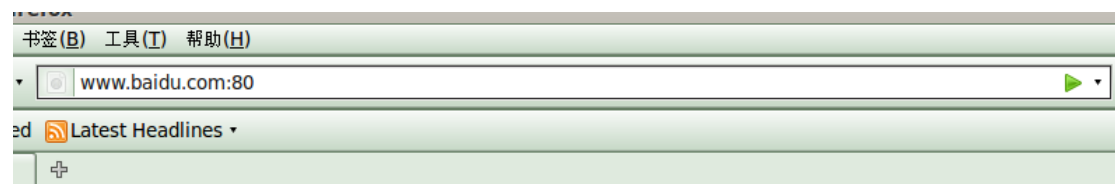
[2009百度搜索风云榜发布!](#)

[把百度设为主页](#)

[加入百度推广](#) | [搜索风云榜](#) | [关于百度](#) | [About Baidu](#)

©2010 Baidu 使用百度前必读 [京ICP证030173号](#)

g) Website with port number is also allowed

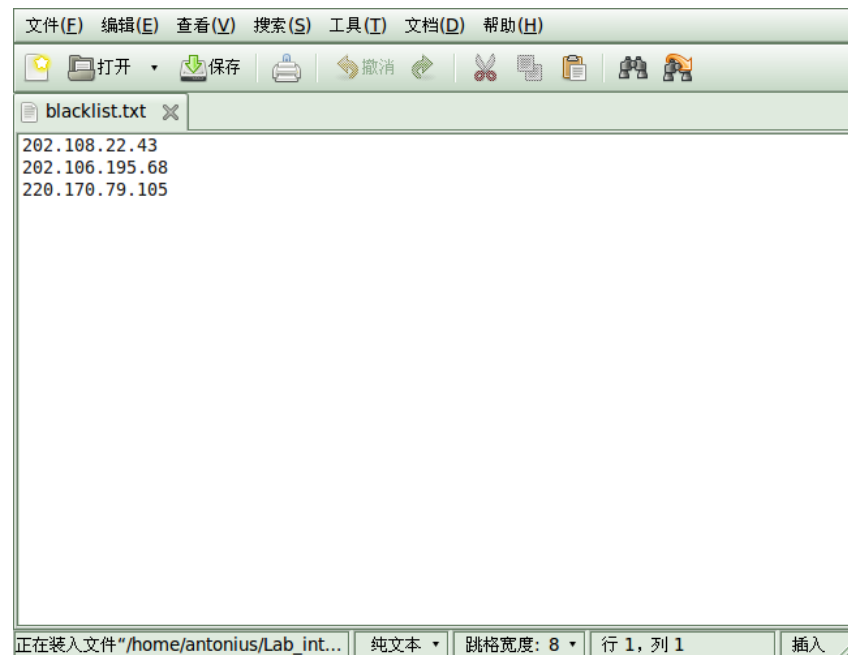


h) Host information can be viewed

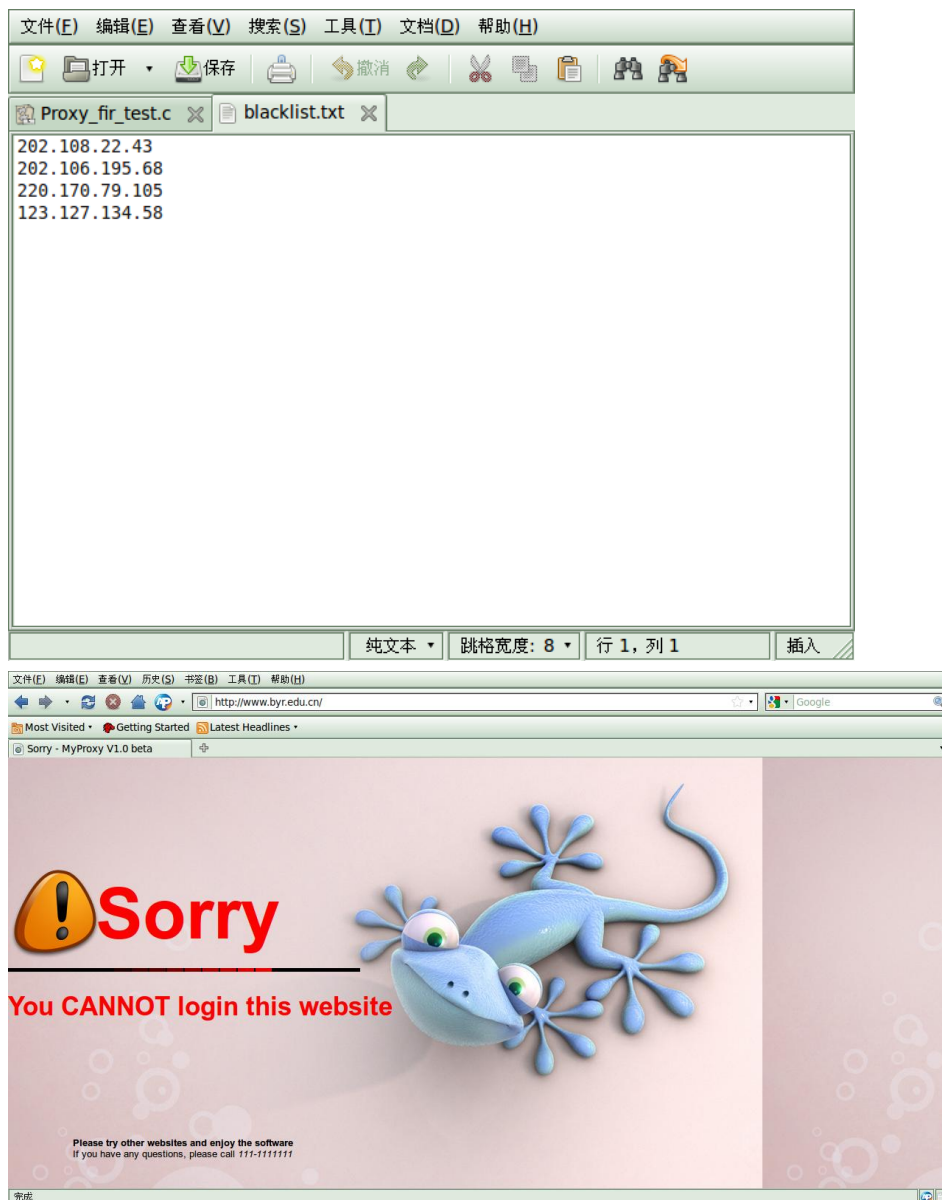
```
targetln:      Host: www.baidu.com
User-agent:    User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; U; Linux i686; zh-CN; rv:1
.9.1.6) Gecko/20091215 Ubuntu/9.10 (karmic) Firefox/3.5.6
targeturl:     www.baidu.com
no port address
Connection closed.
Targetip by DNS: 202.108.22.5
```

i) Blacklist can be set; here we use www.byr.edu.cn (123.127.134.58)

First the file does not contain the IP address of byr.edu.cn, and then it can be accessed.



Then we add the IP address of byr.edu.cn to the blacklist. And the website will not be allowed to visit now.



## 6. Summary and Conclusion

We divide the job into several parts as we mentioned in 3.1. The main body which can realize the proxy function include modules a), c), d), f) were finished by Liu Xiao. As the modules a), c), d), f) have a close relationship, we think these parts should be finished together. To finish these functions together will make it easy to run the function and check the error. The additional functions b), e) were written by Song Yutian. These two parts was finished separately. We add the additional function to the main body by using function or a while() loop which will not disrupt the main function's performance. Because there have some values are used in different parts, we use overall values to make them available for different parts.

The basic function performs very well. We allow the client visit most website outside the blacklist with a high speed. Send data is written in a function TCPSSEND. In this function, we use a while

loop to keep sure the data will be the client completely. Because we don't have any function to prevent spend a long time to receive a single package. If the client visits a busy website the webpage will take a very long time to display on the screen. So add a time control function will make the proxy process more fluent.

The additional parts can realize the requirement of the experiment. The blacklist and authentication performs well and robust. But there still have some problem like after the client login the webpage will not go to the target website automatically. This can be improved by set up a socket to realize the work. But as the time limit and afraid to make the hole program broke down I give up improving the code. Also a client register can make it better for multi-client work.

## Appendix: Source Codes

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#define IE_REQUEST_LEN 2048
#define MAX_CHARBUFF 20480
#define BACKLOG 10

int sock_client_found, sock_client_SR, sock_server_SR;    /* listen on sock_client_found,
send and receive on sock_client_SR */
struct sockaddr_in proxy_addr;
struct sockaddr_in clnt_addr;
struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
struct in_addr **addr_test;
pid_t pid;
int sin_size;
int k=1;
char recvbuffer[MAX_CHARBUFF];
char sendbuffer[MAX_CHARBUFF];
char checkbuffer[MAX_CHARBUFF];
char *targetip;
```

```

void clientRecvTest();
void ProxySentTest();
int HostProcess(char * SourceBuf,int DataLen);
int TCPSend(int s,const char *buf,int len,int flags);
int TCPRecv(int s,char *buf,int len,int flags);
void blacklist();
int n=1;
int tcpsendnum=0;

int main()
{

    int k=0;
    char *check="identification=";
    char *check1="password=";
    char *buffer,*buffer1;
    char *ID,*password;

    fputs("Proxy start\n",stdout);
    if((sock_client_found = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0))== -1)
    {
        perror("Socket: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    memset(&proxy_addr,0,sizeof(proxy_addr));
    proxy_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    proxy_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
    proxy_addr.sin_port = htons(8080);
    if(bind(sock_client_found,(struct sockaddr*)&proxy_addr,sizeof(struct sockaddr)) == -1)
    {
        perror("Bind: ");
        exit(1);
    }
    if(listen(sock_client_found,BACKLOG)== -1)
    {
        perror("Listen: ");
        exit(1);
    }

    while(1)
    {

```

```

setsockopt(sock_client_found,SOL_SOCKET,SO_REUSEADDR,&k,sizeof(int));
sin_size = sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);

if ((sock_client_SR = accept(sock_client_found, (struct sockaddr
*)&clnt_addr,&sin_size)) == -1)
{
    perror("Accept: ");
    continue;
}
printf("Got connection from %s\n", inet_ntoa(clnt_addr.sin_addr));

if(k==0)
{
    memset(checkbuffer,0,MAX_CHARBUFF);
    char reply[]="<html><head><title>check the user ID and password</title><meta
http-equiv=Content-Type content=\text/html;charset=gb2312\></head><body><form id=
\loginForm\name=\login\ action=\INDOOR_ANY\method=\post\><p><label>User
ID:<input type=\text\name=\identification\></label></p><p><label>password:<input
type=\password\name=\password\></label></p><input name= \login\ type=\submit\
value=\login\class=\submit\></form></body></html>";
    tcpsendnum = TCPsend(sock_client_SR,reply,strlen(reply),0);
    int Checkrecv;
    Checkrecv= recv(sock_client_SR,checkbuffer,MAX_CHARBUFF,0);
    if(Checkrecv>0)
    {
        printf("\n\nReceive buffer after transmitting the certification page:
\n%s %d\n\n",checkbuffer,strlen(checkbuffer));
        //perror("recv");
    }

    buffer=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(strlen(checkbuffer)+1));
    strcpy(buffer,checkbuffer);

    buffer1=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(strlen(checkbuffer)+1));
    strcpy(buffer1,checkbuffer);

    ID=strtok(strstr(buffer,check),"&");
    password=strtok(strstr(buffer1,check1),"&");

    int isid = 1, ispassword= 1;

    if(ID!= NULL)
    {

```

```

        isid = strcmp("identification=test",ID);
    }
    else
    {
printf("\nID:\t%s\n",ID);
    }

```

```

    if(password!= NULL)
    {
        ispassword = strcmp("password=test",password);
    }
    else
    {
printf("\npassword:\t%s\n",password);
    }

```

```

    if(isid!=0 || ispassword !=0)
    {
        printf("wrong ID or password");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxy");
        char* tempsend = "Congratulations!! Enjoy the proxy";
        tcpsendnum = TCPsend(sock_client_SR,tempsend, strlen(tempsend),0);
        k=k+1;
    }
    close(sock_client_SR);
}

```

```

pid = fork();
if (pid == 0)
{
    clientRecvTest();
    ProxySentTest();
    fputs("Child connection closed",stdout);
}
else if (pid <0)
{
    printf("Fork error!\n");
    exit(-1);
}

```

```

        }
    else if (pid > 0)
    {
        close(sock_client_SR);
        printf("Connection closed.\n");
    }
}
return 0;
}

```

```

void clientRecvTest()
{
    char clntName[INET_ADDRSTRLEN];
    inet_ntop(AF_INET,&clnt_addr.sin_addr.s_addr,clntName,sizeof(clntName));
    int numBytesRcvd;
    int numBytesSent;
    numBytesRcvd = recv(sock_client_SR,recvbuffer,MAX_CHARBUFF,0);

    shutdown(sock_client_SR,SHUT_RD);

    // fputs(recvbuffer,stdout);
}

```

```

void ProxySentTest()
{
    int flag=0;
    int numBytesRecvS;
    server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    if((sock_server_SR = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0))==-1)
    {
        perror("Socket: ");
        exit(1);
    }

    if(HostProcess(recvbuffer, strlen(recvbuffer))== 0);
    {
        printf("HostProcess is wrong!\n");
    }
}

```



```

    blacklist();

    if (connect(sock_server_SR, (struct sockaddr *)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr))== -1)
    {
        perror("connect ");
        exit(1);
    }

    numBytesRecvS = TCPSend(sock_server_SR,recvbuffer, strlen(recvbuffer),0);

    char    dest[1000];
    numBytesRecvS=1;
    int senlen=0;
    memset(dest,0,1000);
    numBytesRecvS=recv(sock_server_SR,dest,sizeof(dest)-1,0);
    if(numBytesRecvS==0)
    {
        printf("connection with webserver(%s)close\n",inet_ntoa(clnt_addr.sin_addr));
        shutdown(sock_server_SR,SHUT_RD);
        return;
    }
    else if(numBytesRecvS==-1)
    {
        shutdown(sock_server_SR,SHUT_RD);
        return;
    }

    char szRespondLine[1000]={0};
    int count = 0;

    char *pch;
    char *pdest;
    pdest = strchr(dest,'\n'); // '\n' first position
    count = pdest - dest+1;
    pdest++; // go over '\n'
    pch = strchr(pdest,'\n'); // '\n' second position
    count +=(pch -pdest+1);
    strncpy(szRespondLine,dest,count);
    szRespondLine[count]='\0';

```

```

senlen = TCPsend(sock_client_SR,dest,numBytesRecvS,0);
if(senlen==0)
{
    printf("conection with (%s) close...\n",inet_ntoa(clnt_addr.sin_addr));
    return;
}
else if(senlen==-1)
{
    return;
}

while(numBytesRecvS>0)
{
    memset(dest,0,1000);
    numBytesRecvS=recv(sock_server_SR,dest,sizeof(dest),0);
    if(numBytesRecvS==0)
    {
        printf("connection with webserver(%s)close\n",inet_ntoa(server_addr.sin_addr));
        shutdown(sock_server_SR,SHUT_RD); //close receive
        break;
    }
    else if(numBytesRecvS==-1)
    {
        break;
    }
}

senlen = TCPsend(sock_client_SR,dest,numBytesRecvS,0); //send the data to the client
if(senlen==0)
{
    printf("connection with (%s) closed...\n",inet_ntoa(clnt_addr.sin_addr));
    break;
}
else if(senlen==-1)
{
    break;
}
}

tcpsendnum += senlen;

close(sock_client_SR);
close(sock_server_SR);
printf("*****Total Send: %d bytes*****\n", tcpsendnum);

```

```
        fputs("Child inside connection closed\n",stdout);
    }
```

```
int HostProcess(char * SourceBuf,int DataLen)
{
```

```
    char *search="Host";
    char *search1="User-Agent";
```

```
    char *targetln,*targetla,*targetan,*targetport,*targeturl;
    char *buffer,*buffer1;
    struct hostent *targetIpByDN;
    char * SourceBufe;
```

```
    SourceBufe = SourceBuf;
```

```
    server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
```

```
    buffer=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(strlen(SourceBufe)+1));
    strcpy(buffer,SourceBufe);
```

```
    buffer1=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(strlen(SourceBufe)+1));
    strcpy(buffer1,SourceBufe);
```

```
    targetln=strtok(strstr(buffer,search),"\r\n");
    printf("\ntargetln:\t%s\n",targetln);
```

```
    targetan=strtok(strstr(buffer1,search1),"\r\n");
    printf("User-information:\t%s\n",targetan);
```

```
    targeturl=strtok((char*)strcasestr(targetln,":")+2,"\r\n");
    targetip=(char*)malloc(sizeof(char)*(strlen(targeturl)+1));
```

```
    printf("targeturl:\t%s\n",targeturl);
```

```
    strcpy(targetip,targeturl);
```

```
    targetport=strstr(targeturl,":");
```

```
    if(targetport!= NULL)
    {
```

```

        targetport+=1;
        printf("targetport:\t%s\n",targetport);
        server_addr.sin_port = htons((u_short)atoi(targetport));
    }
    else
    {
        server_addr.sin_port = htons(80);
        printf("no port address\n");
    }

    targetip=strtok(targetip,":");
    if(*targetip >= '0' && *targetip <= '9')
    {
        printf("targetip:\t%s\n",targetip);
        server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(targetip);
    }
    else
    {
        targetIpByDN =(struct hostent *)gethostbyname(targetip);
        if(!targetIpByDN)
        {
            printf("get sever formation is wrong\n");
            printf("%s\n",targetip);
            return -1;
        }
        addr_test = ((struct in_addr **)targetIpByDN->h_addr_list);
        printf("Targetip by DNS: %s \n", inet_ntoa(*addr_test[0]));
        server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(inet_ntoa(*addr_test[0]));
    }

    return 1;
}

```

```

int TCPRecv(int s,char *buf,int len,int flags)
{

```

```

    int nRev=0,recvCount=0;
    int length =len;

```

```

    if(buf==NULL)
        return 0;

```

```

printf("\nbul error3\n");

// receive data
while(length>0)
{
    nRev =recv(s,buf+recvCount,length,flags);

    printf("receive number: %d", nRev);

    if(nRev==0)
    {
        printf("\nerror for nRev = 0\n");
        break;
    }
    if(nRev==-1)//error
    {
        printf("\nNW error\n");
        break;
    }
    printf("\nNo error\n");
    length-=nRev;
    recvCount+=nRev;
    printf("\n %d %d\n",length,recvCount);
}
printf("\nNo error2\n");
return recvCount; //return the number of data received
}

```

```

int TCPSend(int s,const char *buf,int len,int flags)
{
    int n=0,sendCount=0;
    int length =len;
    if(buf==NULL)
        return 0;
    while(length>0)
    {
        n=send(s,buf+sendCount,length,flags); //send data
        if(n==0)
        {
            break;
        }
        if(n==-1)//error
        {

```

```

        break;

    }
    length-=n;
    sendCount+=n;
}

return sendCount; // return the number send to the client
}

//blacklist
void blacklist()
{
    char blip[20];
    FILE *inFile;

    inFile = fopen("blacklist.txt","r");

    if(inFile == NULL)
    {
        printf("\n Failed to open blacklist.\n");
        exit(1);
    }
    while (fgets(blip,20,inFile)!=NULL)
    {
        strtok(blip,"\n");

        int isblack;

        if(*targetip >= '0' && *targetip <= '9')
        {
            isblack = strcmp(targetip,blip);
        }
        else
        {
            isblack = strcmp(inet_ntoa(*addr_test[0]),blip);//IP get by gethostbyname
        }

        if(isblack == 0)
        {
            char send[250];
            FILE *caution;
            caution = fopen("blacklisttest.HTML","r");
            char caubuff[20480];

```

```

char picbuff[20480];

if(caution == NULL)
{
    printf("\n Failed to open blacklist.\n");
    exit(1);
}

while(fgets(send,250,caution)!=NULL)
{
    strcat(caubuff,send);
}
fclose(caution);


//char reply[]="<html>You are logining a wesite on the blacklist</html>";
int numBytesSent = TCPsend(sock_client_SR,caubuff,strlen(caubuff),0);
int numBytesRecv=  recv(sock_client_SR,picbuff,MAX_CHARBUFF,0);
printf("Website in BLACK LIST!\n");
//printf("\n\nReceive buffer after black list: \n%s %d\n\n",picbuff,strlen(picbuff));


close(sock_server_SR);
}
else
{
    printf("Website safe!\n");//connection,resv,send
}
}
fclose(inFile);
}

```