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Probability and Random Processes

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Question: Draw a circle with center I and radius r. I is known as the incentre.

Solution: From the results in the previous questions,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{I} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{37} + 4 + \sqrt{61}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{61} - 16 - 3\sqrt{37} \\ -\sqrt{61} + 24 - 5\sqrt{37} \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

From Fig.0, I is Incentre and r is inradius.

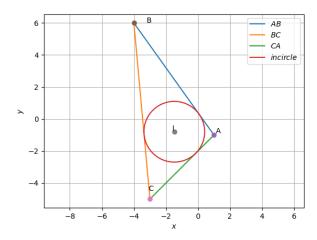


Fig. 0. I is the incentre of triangle ABC