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Probability and Random Processes

Gude Pravarsh EE22BTECH11023*

Q) In an examination, 20 questions of true-false type are asked. Suppose a student tosses a fair coin to determine his answer to each question. If the coin falls heads, he answers 'true'; if it falls tails, he answers 'false'. Find the probability that he answers at least 12 questions correctly.

Solution: Let the random variable be X and p is the probability that true is answered.

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } True, \\ 0 & \text{if } False, \end{cases}$$

$$X \sim \text{Ber}(p)$$
 (1)

Suppose X_i , $1 \le i \le n$ represent each of the n draws. Define Y as

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i \tag{2}$$

Then, since the X_i are iid, the pmf of Y is given by

$$Y \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$$
 (3)

The cdf of Y is given by

$$F_Y(k) = \Pr(Y \le k) \tag{4}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & k < 0 \\ \sum_{i=1}^{k} {n \choose i} p^{i} (1-p)^{n-i} & 1 \le k \le n \\ 1 & k \ge n \end{cases}$$
 (5)

In this case,

$$p = \frac{1}{2}, \ n = 20 \tag{6}$$

1) We require $Pr(Y \ge 12)$. Since n = 20,

$$Pr(Y \ge 12) = 1 - Pr(Y < 12)$$
 (7)

$$= F_Y(20) - F_Y(11) \tag{8}$$

$$=\sum_{k=12}^{20} p_Y(k) \tag{9}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{20} \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$$
 (10)

$$= 0.2517$$
 (11)