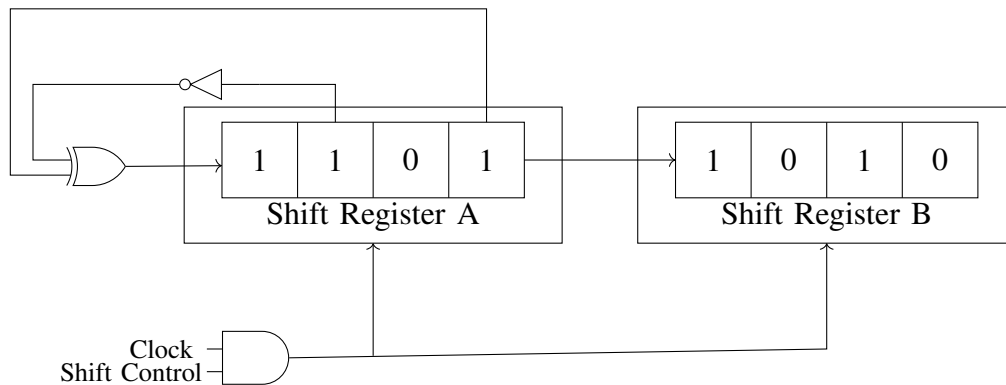


GATE:IN-42-2023

EE23BTECH11048 - P Venkata Chanakya

Question In the circuit shown, the initial binary content of shift register A is 1101 and that of shift register B is 1010. The shift registers are positive-edge triggered, and the gates have no delay.

When the shift control is high, what will be the binary content of the shift registers A and B after four clock pulses?



- 1) $A = 1101, B = 1101$
- 2) $A = 1110, B = 1001$
- 3) $A = 0101, B = 1101$
- 4) $A = 1010, B = 1111$

Solution:

Clock and shift duration are always high here, therefore shifting occurs.

Let contents of register A be denoted by $A(x,y,z,w)$ - (left to right) and same for B.

For the first cycle of shifting:

$$A = (0 \oplus 1, 1, 1, 0) \quad (1)$$

$$= (1, 1, 1, 0) \quad (2)$$

$$B = (1, 1, 0, 1) \quad (3)$$

After second cycle of shifting:

$$A = (0 \oplus 0, 1, 1, 1) \quad (4)$$

$$= (0, 1, 1, 1) \quad (5)$$

$$B = (0, 1, 1, 0) \quad (6)$$

After third cycle of shifting:

$$A = (0 \oplus 1, 1, 1, 1) \quad (7)$$

$$= (1, 0, 1, 1) \quad (8)$$

$$B = (1, 0, 1, 1) \quad (9)$$

After fourth cycle of shifting:

$$A = (1 \oplus 1, 1, 0, 1) \quad (10)$$

$$= (0, 1, 0, 1) \quad (11)$$

$$B = (1, 1, 0, 1) \quad (12)$$

Therefore option (C) is true.