EE23BTECH11217 - Prajwal M*

Exercise 9.1

12) Write the first five terms of each of the sequences and obtain the corresponding series

$$a_1 = -1, \ a_n = \frac{a_{n-1}}{n}, \ n \ge 2$$

Solution:

Given: $a_1 = -1$, $a_n = \frac{a_{n-1}}{n}$, $n \ge 2$.

First five terms of the sequence:

$$a_{1} = -1$$

$$a_{2} = \frac{a_{1}}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_{3} = \frac{a_{2}}{3} = -\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$a_{4} = \frac{a_{3}}{4} = -\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4} = -\frac{1}{24}$$

$$a_{5} = \frac{a_{4}}{5} = -\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5} = -\frac{1}{120}$$

So the first five terms of the series are:

$$-1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{6}, -\frac{1}{24}, -\frac{1}{120}$$

The corresponding series:

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 + a_5 + \dots$$
$$= -1 + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) + \left(-\frac{1}{24}\right) + \dots$$

The general term of the series,

$$f(n) = \frac{-1}{n!}$$

The Z-transform of f(n) is given by:

$$F(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} f(n) \cdot z^{-n}$$
$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-1}{n!} \cdot z^{-n}$$
$$= -(e^{z^{-1}} - 1)$$
$$= 1 - e^{z^{-1}}$$

So, the Z-transform of the given series is $1 - e^{z^{-1}}$.