Assignment(matrix theory)

ee24btech11056 - S.Kavya Anvitha

A Fill in the blanks

- 1) The larger of $\cos(\ln \theta)$ and $\ln(\cos \theta)$ if $e^{\frac{-\pi}{2}} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$ is (1983 - 1Mark)
- 2) The function $y = 2x^2 \ln |x|$ is monotonically increasing for values of $x \neq 0$ satisfying the inequalities and monotonically decreasing for values of x satisfying the inequalities (1983 - 2Marks)
- 3) The set of all x for which $\ln(1+x) \le x$ is (1987 - 2Marks)equal to
- 4) Let P be a variable point on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ with foci F_1 and F_2 . If A is the area of the triangle PF_1F_2 then the maximum value of A is (1994 - 2Marks)
- 5) Let C be the curve $y^3 3xy + 2 = 0$. If H is the set of points on the curve C where the tangent is horizontal and V is the set of the point on the curve C where the tangent is vertical then H = and V = (1994 – 2*Marks*)

B True / False

- 1) If x-r is a factor of the polynomial f(x) = $a_n x^4 + \dots + a_0$, repeated m times $(1 < m \le n)$, then r is a root of f'(x) = 0 repeated m times. (1983 - 1Mark)
- 2) For 0 < a < x, the minimum value of the function $log_a x + log_x a$ is 2. (1984 – 1*Mark*)

C MCQs with One Correct Answer

- 1) If a + b + c = 0, then the quadratic equation $3ax^2 + 2bx + c = 0$ has (1983 - 1Mark)a. at least one root in [0,1]
 - b. one root in [2,3] and other in [-2,-1]

- c. imaginary roots
- d. none of these
- 2) AB is a diameter of a circle and C is any point on the circumference of the circle. Then

(1983 - 1Mark)

1

- a. the area of \triangle ABC is maximum when it is isosceles
- b. the area of \triangle ABC is minimum when it is
- c. the perimeter of \triangle ABC is minimum when it is isosceles
- d. none of these
- 3) The normal to the curve $x = a(\cos\theta + \theta\sin\theta)$, $y = a(\sin \theta - \theta \cos \theta)$ at any point '\theta' is such (1983 - 1Mark)that
 - a. it makes constant angle with the x axis
 - b. it passes through the origin
 - c. it is at a constant distance from the origin
 - d. none of these
- 4) If $y = a \ln x + bx^2 + x$ has its extremum values at x = -1 and x = 2, then (1983 - 1Mark)
 - a. a = 2, b = -1b. a = 2, $b = \frac{-1}{2}$ c. a = -2, $b = \frac{1}{2}$ d. none of these
- 5) Which one of the following curves cut the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ at right angles?
 - a. $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ c. y = axb. $e^{\frac{-x}{2a}}$ d. $x^2 = 4ay$
- 6) The function defined by $f(x) = (x+2)e^{-x}$ is (1994)
 - a. decreasing for all x
 - b. decreasing in $(-\infty, -1)$ and increasing in $(-1,\infty)$
 - c. increasing for all x
 - d. decreasing in $(-1, \infty)$ and increasing in $(-\infty, -1)$

- 7) The function $f(x) = \frac{\ln(\pi + x)}{\ln(e + x)}$ is (1995S)
 - a. increasing on $(0, \infty)$

 - b. decreasing on $(0, \infty)$ c. increasing on $(0, \frac{\pi}{e})$, decreasing on $(\frac{\pi}{e}, \infty)$ d. decreasing on $(0, \frac{\pi}{e})$, increasing on $(\frac{\pi}{e}, \infty)$
- 8) On the interval [0, 1] the function $x^{25} (1 x)^{25}$ takes its maximum value at the point (1995S)
- a. 0
- b. $\frac{1}{4}$ c. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. $\frac{1}{3}$