

# Assignment(matrix theory)

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## A Fill in the blanks

(1983 – 1Mark)

- 1) The larger of  $\cos(\ln \theta)$  and  $\ln(\cos \theta)$  if  $e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$  is ..... (1983 – 1Mark)

- 2) The function

$$y = 2x^2 - \ln|x|$$

is monotonically increasing for values of  $x (\neq 0)$  satisfying the inequalities ..... and monotonically decreasing for values of  $x$  satisfying the inequalities .....

(1983 – 2Marks)

- 3) The set of all  $x$  for which

$$\ln(1+x) \leq x$$

is equal to ..... (1987 – 2Marks)

- 4) Let  $P$  be a variable point on the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

with foci  $F_1$  and  $F_2$ . If  $A$  is the area of the triangle  $PF_1F_2$  then the maximum value of  $A$  is ..... (1994 – 2Marks)

- 5) Let  $C$  be the curve

$$y^3 - 3xy + 2 = 0.$$

If  $H$  is the set of points on the curve  $C$  where the tangent is horizontal and  $V$  is the set of the point on the curve  $C$  where the tangent is vertical then  $H = \dots\dots\dots$  and  $V = \dots\dots\dots$  (1994 – 2Marks)

## B True / False

- 1) If  $x - r$  is a factor of the polynomial

$$f(x) = a_n x^4 + \dots + a_0$$

, repeated  $m$  times ( $1 < m \leq n$ ), then  $r$  is a root of  $f'(x) = 0$  repeated  $m$  times.

- 2) For  $0 < a < x$ , the minimum value of the function  $\log_a x + \log_x a$  is 2. (1984 – 1Mark)

## C MCQs with One Correct Answer

- 1) If  $a + b + c = 0$ , then the quadratic equation

$$3ax^2 + 2bx + c = 0$$

has (1983 – 1Mark)

- a) at least one root in  $[0,1]$
- b) one root in  $[2,3]$  and other in  $[-2,-1]$
- c) imaginary roots
- d) none of these

- 2)  $AB$  is a diameter of a circle and  $C$  is any point on the circumference of the circle. Then

(1983 – 1Mark)

- a) the area of  $\Delta ABC$  is maximum when it is isosceles
- b) the area of  $\Delta ABC$  is minimum when it is isosceles
- c) the perimeter of  $\Delta ABC$  is minimum when it is isosceles
- d) none of these

- 3) The normal to the curve

$$x = a(\cos \theta + \theta \sin \theta)$$

,

$$y = a(\sin \theta - \theta \cos \theta)$$

at any point ' $\theta$ ' is such that (1983 – 1Mark)

- a) it makes constant angle with the  $x$  - axis
- b) it passes through the origin
- c) it is at a constant distance from the origin
- d) none of these

- 4) If

$$y = a \ln x + bx^2 + x$$

has its extremum values at  $x = -1$  and  $x = 2$ ,  
then (1983 – 1 Mark)

- 1) 0                      2)  $\frac{1}{4}$                       3)  $\frac{1}{2}$                       4)  $\frac{1}{3}$

- a)  $a = 2, b = -1$                       c)  $a = -2, b = \frac{1}{2}$   
b)  $a = 2, b = \frac{-1}{2}$                       d) none of these

5) Which one of the following curves cut the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  at right angles? (1994)

- a)  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$                       c)  $y = ax$   
b)  $e^{\frac{-x}{2a}}$                       d)  $x^2 = 4ay$

6) The function defined by

$$f(x) = (x + 2)e^{-x}$$

is

(1994)

- a) decreasing for all  $x$   
b) decreasing in  $(-\infty, -1)$  and increasing in  $(-1, \infty)$   
c) increasing for all  $x$   
d) decreasing in  $(-1, \infty)$  and increasing in  $(-\infty, -1)$

7) The function

$$f(x) = \frac{\ln(\pi + x)}{\ln(e + x)}$$

is

(1995S)

- a) increasing on  $(0, \infty)$   
b) decreasing on  $(0, \infty)$   
c) increasing on  $(0, \frac{\pi}{e})$ , decreasing on

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{e}, \infty\right)$$

- d) decreasing on  $(0, \frac{\pi}{e})$ , increasing on

$$\left(\frac{\pi}{e}, \infty\right)$$

8) On the interval  $[0, 1]$  the function

$$x^{25}(1 - x)^{25}$$

takes its maximum value at the point (1995S)