## 16. Applications of derivatives

## EE24BTECH11065 - spoorthi

## Section-B JEE Main/AIEEE

- 10. A spherical iron ball 10cm in radius is coated with a layer of ice of uniform thickness that melts at a rate of 50 cm<sup>3</sup> /min. When the thickness of ice is 5cm, then the rate at which the thickness of ice decreases is [2005]

  - a)  $\frac{1}{36\pi} cm/min$ . b)  $\frac{1}{18\pi} cm/min$ . c)  $\frac{1}{54\pi} cm/min$ . d)  $\frac{5}{6\pi} cm/min$ .
- 11. If the equation  $a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 x$ = 0,  $a_1 \neq 0$ , $n \geq 2$ , has a positive root  $x = \alpha$ , then the equation  $na_n x^{n-1}$

- $(n_1)a_{n-1}x^{n-2} + \dots + a_1 = 0$  has a positive root, which is [2005]
- a) greater than  $\alpha$
- b) smaller than  $\alpha$
- c) greater than or equal to  $\alpha$
- d) equal to  $\alpha$
- 12. The function  $f(x) = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{2}{x}$  has a local minimum [2006]
  - a) x = 2
  - b) x = -2
  - c) x = 0
  - d) x = 1
- 13. A triangular park is enclosed on two sides by a fence and on third side by a straight river bank. The two sides having fence are of same length x. The maximum area enclosed by the park is [2006]
  - a)  $\frac{3}{2}x^2$
- 14. A value of c for which conclusion of Mean Value Theorem holds for the function f(x) = $\log_e x$  on the interval [1, 3] is [2007]
  - a)  $\log_3 e$
  - b) log<sub>e</sub>3

- c)  $2\log_3 e$
- d)  $\frac{1}{2}\log_3 e$
- 15. The function  $f(x) = \tan^{-1}(\sin x + \cos x)$  is an increasing function in [2007] explanation for Statement-1.

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- a)  $(0,\frac{\pi}{2})$

- b)  $(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2})$ c)  $(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2})$ d)  $(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4})$
- 16. If p and q are positive real numbers such that  $p^2 + q^2 = 1$ , then the maximum value of (p+q)

  - a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
  - c)  $\sqrt{2}$
  - d) 2
- 17. Suppose the cubic  $x^3$  px + q has three distinct real roots where p > 0 and q > 0. Then which one of the following holds?
  - a) The cubic has minima at  $\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$  and maxima
  - b) The cubic has minima at  $-\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$  and maxima
  - c) The cubic has minima at both  $\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$  and  $-\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$
  - d) the cubic has maxima at both  $\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$  and  $\sqrt{\frac{p}{3}}$
- 18. How many real solutions does the equation  $x^7$ +  $14x^5 + 16x^3 + 30x - 560 = 0$  have ?
  - a) 7
  - b) 1
  - c) 3
  - d) 5
- 19. Let f(x)=x|x| and  $g(x)=\sin x$ . **statement-1:**  $g \circ f$  is differentiable at x = 0and its derivative is continuous at that point. **statement-2:** gof is twice differential at x = 0. [2009]
  - a) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is true;

statement-2 is not a correct explanation for statement-1.

- b) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is false.
- c) Statement-1 is false, Statement-2 is true.
- d) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 true; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1.
- 20. Given  $P(x) = x^4 + ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  such that x = 0 is the only real root of  $P^{1}(x) = 0$ . If P(-1) < P(1), then in the interval [-1, 1]: [2009]
  - a) P(-1) is not minimum but P(1). is the maximum of P
  - b) P(-1) is the minimum but P(1) is not the maximum of P
  - c) Neither P(-1) is the minimum nor P(1) is the maximum of P
  - d) P(-1) is the minimum and P(1) is the maximum of P.
- 21. The equation of the tangent to the curve y = x+  $\frac{4}{x^2}$ , that is parallel to the x-axis, is
  - a) y = 1
  - b) y = 2
  - c) y = 3
  - d) y = 0
- 22. Let  $f: R \to R$  be defined by f(x) = $\begin{cases} k-2x & \text{if } x \leq -1\\ 2x+3 & \text{if } x > -1 \end{cases}$ If f has a local minimum at x = -1, then a possible value of k is [2010]
  - a) 0
  - b)  $-\frac{1}{2}$
  - c) -1
  - d) 1
- 23. Let  $f: R \to R$  be a continuous function defined

by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{e^{x} + 2e^{-x}}$  [2010] **Statement-1**:  $f(c) = \frac{1}{3}$ , for some  $c \in R$ . **Statement-2**:  $0 < f(x) \le \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$ , for all  $x \in R$ 

- is true, Statement-2 a) Statement-1 true; Statement-2 is **not** a correct explanation for statement-1.
- b) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is false.
- c) Statement-1 is false, Statement-2 is true.
- d) Statement-1 is true, Statement 2 is true; Statement-2 is a correct
- 24. The shortest distance between line y x = 1and curve  $x=y^2$  is [2011]
  - a)  $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{8}$