

9.4.18

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# Question

**Question:**

Find the roots of the quadratic equation graphically.

$$4x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}x + 3 = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$y = 4x^2 + 4\sqrt{3}x + 3 = 0 \quad (2)$$

This equation can be represented as the conic

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{3} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = 3 \quad (4)$$

# Solution

To find the roots, we find the points of intersection of the conic with the x-axis.

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h} + k_i \mathbf{m} \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{h} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (6)$$

The value of  $k_i$  can be found out by solving the line and conic equation

$$(\mathbf{h} + k_i \mathbf{m})^\top \mathbf{V}(\mathbf{h} + k_i \mathbf{m}) + 2\mathbf{u}^\top (\mathbf{h} + k_i \mathbf{m}) + f = 0 \quad (7)$$

$$\implies k_i^2 \mathbf{m}^\top \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} + 2k_i \mathbf{m}^\top (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) + \mathbf{h}^\top \mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + 2\mathbf{u}^\top \mathbf{h} + f = 0 \quad (8)$$

$$\text{or, } k_i^2 \mathbf{m}^\top \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m} + 2k_i \mathbf{m}^\top (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) + g(\mathbf{h}) = 0 \quad (9)$$

# Solution

Solving the above quadratic gives the equation

$$k_i = \frac{1}{\mathbf{m}^\top \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m}} \left( -\mathbf{m}^\top (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u}) \pm \sqrt{[\mathbf{m}^\top (\mathbf{V} \mathbf{h} + \mathbf{u})]^2 - g(\mathbf{h}) (\mathbf{m}^\top \mathbf{V} \mathbf{m})} \right) \quad (10)$$

$$\therefore k_i = \frac{-2\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad (11)$$

$$\implies k_1 = k_2 = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad (12)$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{h} + k_i \mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (13)$$

codes permalink



# Plot

