

## 9.2.3

EE25BTECH11043 - Nishid Khandagre

**Question:** Draw a rough sketch of the given curve  $y = 1 + |x + 1|$ ,  $x = -3$ ,  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 0$ , and find the area of the region bounded by them, using integration.

**Solution:** Given the curve  $y = 1 + |x + 1|$ .

- For  $x < -1$ :  $|x + 1| = -(x + 1)$ .

$$y = 1 - (x + 1) \quad (0.1)$$

$$y = -x \quad (0.2)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (0.3)$$

- For  $x \geq -1$ :  $|x + 1| = x + 1$ .

$$y = 1 + (x + 1) \quad (0.4)$$

$$y = x + 2 \quad (0.5)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = -2 \quad (0.6)$$

At  $x = -3$ :  $y = -(-3) = 3$ .

At  $x = -1$ : For  $y = -x$ ,  $y = 1$ . For  $y = x + 2$ ,  $y = (-1) + 2 = 1$ .

Both pieces meet at  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

At  $x = 3$ :  $y = 3 + 2 = 5$ .

The region is bounded by  $y = -x$  from  $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  to  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $y = x + 2$  from  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  to  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$  and by the lines  $x = -3$ ,  $x = 3$ , and  $y = 0$ .

**Area calculation for the left piece:** For  $y = -x$

$$\text{Area}_1 = \int_{-3}^{-1} -x \, dx \quad (0.7)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \frac{x^2}{2} \\ x \end{pmatrix} \right) \Big|_{-3}^{-1} \quad (0.8)$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{-3}^{-1} \quad (0.9)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{9}{2} \quad (0.10)$$

$$= 4 \quad (0.11)$$

**Area calculation for the right piece:** For  $y = x + 2$

$$\text{Area}_2 = \int_{-1}^3 (x + 2) dx \quad (0.12)$$

$$= \left(1 + 2\right) \left( \left( \frac{x^2}{2} \right) \right) \Big|_{-1}^3 \quad (0.13)$$

$$= \left[ \frac{x^2}{2} + 2x \right]_{-1}^3 \quad (0.14)$$

$$= \left( \frac{9}{2} + 6 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{2} - 2 \right) \quad (0.15)$$

$$= \frac{21}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \quad (0.16)$$

$$= 12 \quad (0.17)$$

The total area is the sum of the areas of the two pieces.

$$\text{Total Area} = \text{Area}_1 + \text{Area}_2 \quad (0.18)$$

$$= 4 + 12 \quad (0.19)$$

$$= 16 \quad (0.20)$$

Thus, the total area of the region bounded by the curves is 16 square units.

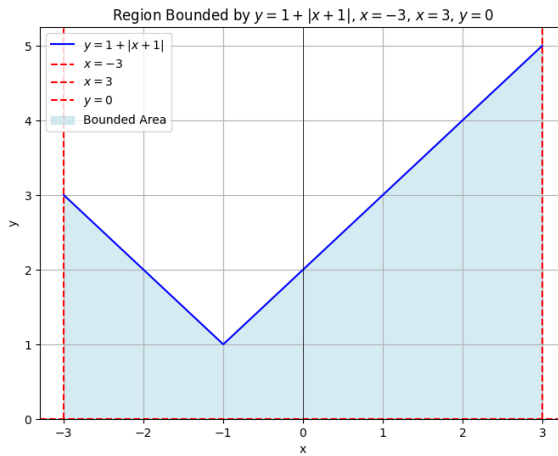


Fig. 0.1