## AI25BTECH11004-B.JASWANTH

## Question

Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are (-8,4),(-6,6) and (-3,9). **Solution**:

Name	Point
A	$\begin{pmatrix} -8\\4 \end{pmatrix}$
В	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$
С	$\begin{pmatrix} -3\\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE 0: variables used

$$A - B = \begin{pmatrix} -8\\4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -6\\6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\-2 \end{pmatrix},\tag{0.1}$$

$$A - C = \begin{pmatrix} -8\\4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -3\\9 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5\\-5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

Now, the area of the triangle is

$$\operatorname{ar}(\triangle ABC) = \frac{1}{2} \left| (A - B) \times (A - C) \right| \tag{0.3}$$

$$\operatorname{ar}(\triangle ABC) = \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \right| \tag{0.4}$$

$$\therefore \text{ ar}(\triangle ABC) = \frac{1}{2}(0) = 0$$
 (0.5)

Thus, the three points are collinear, and the triangle has area=0.

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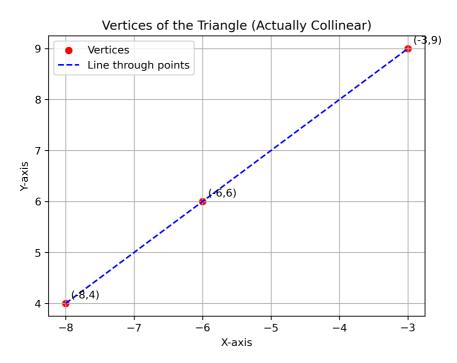


Fig. 0: Caption