AI25BTECH11012 - GARIGE UNNATHI

Question:

Find the shortest distance between the lines

$$\mathbf{r} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k} + \lambda(\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k})$$

$$\mathbf{r} = 2\hat{i} - 1\hat{j} - 1\hat{k} + \mu(2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$$

Solution:

The given lines can be written in vector form as

$$\mathbf{x_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\2\\1 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1\\-1\\1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{x_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{M} & \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -3 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
(0.5)

$$R_3 = R_3 + R_2 \tag{0.6}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.7}$$

$$R_2 = R_2 + R_1 \tag{0.8}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.9}$$

$$R_3 = R_3 - R_2 \tag{0.10}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.11}$$

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The rank of the matrix is 3. So the given lines are skew

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \kappa = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.12)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \kappa = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.13}$$

The argumented matrix of the above matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix}
3 & 5 & 2 \\
5 & 9 & 1
\end{pmatrix}
\tag{0.14}$$

$$R_2 = R_2 - \frac{5}{3}R_1 \tag{0.15}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 & 2 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{7}{3} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.16}$$

$$R_1 = R_1 - \frac{15}{2}R_2 \tag{0.17}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & \frac{39}{2} \\ 0 & \frac{2}{2} & -\frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.18}$$

yeilding

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ -\mu \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{13}{2} \\ -\frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.19}$$

$$\mathbf{x_1} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ -9 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{x_2} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 18 \\ -9 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.20)

The minimum distance between the lines is given by

$$\|\mathbf{x}_2 - \mathbf{x}_1\| = \|\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 3\\0\\-3 \end{pmatrix}\|$$
 (0.21)

$$=\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}\tag{0.22}$$

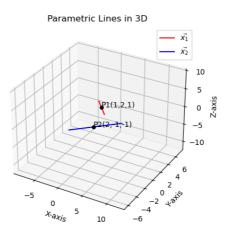


Fig. 0.1