EE25BTECH11062 - Vivek K Kumar

Question:

If A, B and C are the position vectors of the points A(2, 3, -4), B(3, -4, -5) and C(3, 2, -3) respectively, then ||A + B + C|| is equal to:

Solution:

Name	Point
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\3\\-4 \end{pmatrix}$
В	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
С	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE 0: Variables Used

Finding A + B + C,

$$\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.1)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 8\\1\\-12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

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Now finding ||A + B + C||,

$$\|\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}\|^2 = (\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C})^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C})$$
(0.3)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 1 & -12 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

$$= 8^2 + 1^2 + (-12)^2 \tag{0.5}$$

$$= 209$$
 (0.6)

Hence,

$$\|\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{209} \tag{0.7}$$

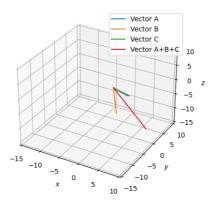


Fig. 0.1: Vectors $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C}$ and $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}$