AI25BTECH11036-SNEHAMRUDULA

Question:

Find the projection of vector $(\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c})$ on vector \mathbf{a} , where

$$\mathbf{a} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \quad \mathbf{b} = \hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}, \quad \mathbf{c} = \hat{i} + \hat{k}.$$
 (0.1)

Solution:

Let us solve the given equation theoretically and then verify the solution computationally According to the question,

Given three vectors

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\2\\1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3\\1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\0\\1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

$$\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

Projection of vector $(\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c})$ is $k \frac{\mathbf{a}}{\|\mathbf{a}\|}$

$$K = \frac{(\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c})^T \mathbf{a}}{\|\mathbf{a}\|} = \frac{4}{3}$$
 (0.4)

$$Projection of vector(\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}) = \begin{pmatrix} 2.67 \\ 2.67 \\ 1.33 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.5)

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