

Matgeo Presentation - Problem 5.5.8

ee25btech11056 - Suraj.N

September 14, 2025

Problem Statement

If

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

find \mathbf{A}^{-1} . Hence, solve the system of equations

$$x + y + z = 6, \quad y + 3z = 11, \quad x - 2y + z = 0.$$

Matrix	Value
A	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
b	$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 11 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Table : Matrices

Solution

Forming the augmented matrix,

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \quad (0.1)$$

Applying elementary row operations to find the inverse,

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \xleftrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 - R_1} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \quad (0.2)$$

$$\xleftrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow R_3 + 3R_2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 & -1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right) \quad (0.3)$$

Solution

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 & -1 & 3 & 1 \end{array}\right) \xleftrightarrow{R_3 \rightarrow \frac{R_3}{9}} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{array}\right) \quad (0.4)$$

$$\xleftrightarrow[\begin{array}{c} R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 3R_3 \\ R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_3 \end{array}]{\begin{array}{c} R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - 3R_3 \\ R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_3 \end{array}} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{10}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{array}\right) \quad (0.5)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & \frac{10}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{array}\right) \xleftrightarrow{R_1 \rightarrow R_1 - R_2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{7}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{9} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{array}\right) \quad (0.6)$$

Solution

The right side part of the augmented matrix is \mathbf{A}^{-1}

$$\mathbf{A}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{9} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.7)$$

The solution for the system of equations is :

$$\mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b} \quad (0.8)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{b} \quad (0.9)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{9} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{9} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 11 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.10)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.11)$$

Solution

Therefore the solution is :

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.12)$$

Plot

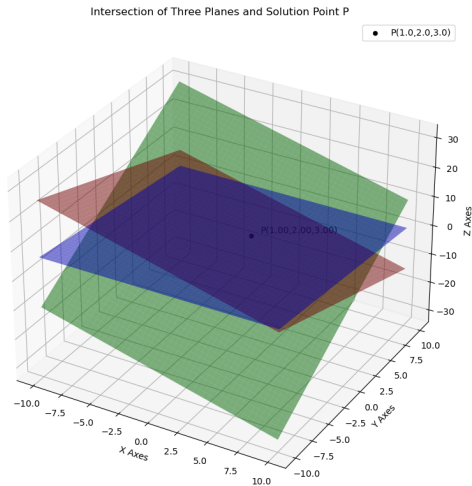


Fig : Planes