## AI25BTECH11023 - Pratik R

## **Question:**

The angle between the planes

$$\mathbf{r} \cdot (2\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \hat{k}) = 1$$
 and  $\mathbf{r} \cdot (\hat{i} - \hat{j}) = 4$ 

## **Solution:**

Let  $P_1$  and  $P_2$  are the planes given respectively. The normal vector of the planes, say  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are:

$$\mathbf{n_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.1}$$

1

$$\mathbf{n_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.2}$$

Thus, the cosine of the angle between the two is

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{n_1} \cdot \mathbf{n_1}}{|n_1||n_2|} \tag{0.3}$$

$$= \frac{5}{\sqrt{14} \times \sqrt{2}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{28}} \tag{0.4}$$

$$\implies \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{5}{\sqrt{28}} \tag{0.5}$$

where  $\theta$  is the acute angle between the planes.

