

2.9.4

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Question

If $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 1$, and $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \hat{j} - \hat{k}$, then find $|\vec{b}|$.
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Solution

The problem can be solved using Lagrange's identity:

$$|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|^2 + (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2 = |\mathbf{a}|^2 |\mathbf{b}|^2 \quad (1)$$

Given:

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Deriving the values needed to be substituted in the identity :

$$|\mathbf{a}|^2 = \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 3 \quad (2)$$

$$(\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2 = (1)^2 = 1 \quad (3)$$

$$|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|^2 = (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b})^T (\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 2 \quad (4)$$

Solution

Substituting values of the Components in the identity.

$$|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|^2 + (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2 = |\mathbf{a}|^2 |\mathbf{b}|^2 \quad (5)$$

$$2 + 1 = 3 \cdot |\mathbf{b}|^2 \quad (6)$$

$$3 = 3|\mathbf{b}|^2 \quad (7)$$

$$|\mathbf{b}|^2 = 1 \quad (8)$$

$$|\mathbf{b}| = 1 \quad (9)$$

The magnitude of vector **b** is **1**.