```
fun append (xs,ys) =
    if xs=[]
    then ys
    else (hd xs)::append(tl xs,ys)

fun map (f,xs) =
    case xs of
    [] => []
    | x::xs' => (f x)::(map(f,xs'))

val a = map (increment, [4,8,12,16])
val b = map (hd, [[8,6],[7,5],[3,0,9]])
```

Programming Languages Dan Grossman 2013

Type Synonyms

Creating new types

- · A datatype binding introduces a new type name
 - Distinct from all existing types
 - Only way to create values of the new type is the constructors
- · A type synonym is a new kind of binding

```
type aname = t
```

- Just creates another name for a type
- The type and the name are *interchangeable in every way*
- Do not worry about what REPL prints: picks what it wants just like it picks the order of record field names

Why have this?

For now, type synonyms just a convenience for talking about types

- Example (where suit and rank already defined): type card = suit * rank
- Write a function of type card -> bool
- Okay if REPL says your function has type suit * rank -> bool

Convenient, but does not let us "do" anything new

Later in course will see another use related to modularity