```
fun append (xs,ys) =
    if xs=[]
    then ys
    else (hd xs)::append(tl xs,ys)

fun map (f,xs) =
    case xs of
      [] => []
      | x::xs' => (f x)::(map(f,xs'))

val a = map (increment, [4,8,12,16])
val b = map (hd, [[8,6],[7,5],[3,0,9]])
```

## Programming Languages Dan Grossman 2013

Introduction to Section 4: Remaining ML Topics

## Remaining Topics

- Type Inference
- Mutual Recursion
- Module System
- · Equivalence
- No homework assignment focused on this material
  - But some will be on the midterm exam.

## Next section:

Start using Racket for more programming-languages concepts