PieTree Manual version 0.2

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Background

Purpose

PieTree is a program for drawing pretty pictures of phylogenetic trees, particularly for the purpose of displaying ancestral state reconstructions of discrete characters. It doesn't do any kind of analysis—it just produces images.

History

The first incarnation of PieTree was written in C by Walter Brisken in December, 2007. In April, 2008, I rewrote it all in Python (as an excuse to practice Python and learn about the Cairo graphics library), gave it a more useable interface, and made the output as bulletproof as I could. I'm hoping to recruit beta-testers now.

Installation

Sorry these instructions are so bad now. I really don't know what will be required in various cases. If you get it working, please tell me what you did so I can pass the info along.

Dependencies

To use PieTree, you will need the Cairo graphics library (cairographics.org; I used version 1.4.2), the Python programming language (python.org; I used version 2.5.1), the Python package for Cairo, and the Python module configparse (gustaebel.de/lars/configparse/).

Good places to start are cairographics.org/download and python.org/download. I have included a copy of configparse.py with my PieTree files.

Linux

On Fedora, try

```
On Ubuntu, it should be sufficient to run
sudo apt-get install python-cairo
which will pull in libcairo2 as a dependency. You might also need libcairo2-dev.
On Gentoo, try
emerge pycairo
```

sudo yum install pycairo

Mac OS X

Help, please. Maybe take a look at kenkeiter.com/2007/11/21/compiling-cairo-and-pycairo-on-os-x/

Windows

I'm sure it's possible, but I haven't tried.

PieTree itself

Once you've gotten to the point where you can start Python and execute import cairo and import optparse (I think that's a good test...), download PieTree from www.biology.ucsd.edu/~goldberg/code/code.html. In the src/directory are a few .py files, including the main executable PieTree.py.

Remember where you put this whole directory—you will either need to add it to your path or include the full path when you execute PieTree. In this document, I'll write it as /path/to/PieTree.py. I found it useful to create the file shown below to add PieTree to my Python path:

File contents: /usr/lib/python2.5/site-packages/PieTree.pth

/home/emma/src/PieTree-0.2/src/

Usage

Quick start

PieTree-0.2/examples/ contains a sample tree file called example.ttn. If you execute

/path/to/PieTree.py example.ttn

you should see a note saying

created pietree.pdf

Input tree file

You will need to create a plain text file containing your tree and character states. It's a very simple format: first a Newick string for the tree, including tip and node labels and branch lengths, and then a list of the tip/node labels and their corresponding character state values, one per line.

A minimalist example is

File contents: minimal.ttn

```
# this is a comment
((tipA:1, tipB:1)node1:2, tipC:3)node2;
tipA 1
tipB 0
tipC 1
node1 0.5
node2 0.8
```

and look at the included example.ttn for a larger example.

I give my tree files the suffix .ttn, which stands for "trees, tips, nodes," but you can call yours whatever you want.

The character states must be 0 and 1 (only binary characters for now). For a node with an uncertain state, give the proportion of the weight given to state 1; i.e. node2 above was reconstructed as 20% state 0 and 80% state 1.

Note that all tips and nodes must be labeled in the tree string, and those labels must match the ones given in the list of character states. If there's a label mismatch or omission, you should get a warning message and/or have a missing "pie" in the output figure. The order of the lines in the character state list is not important. Blank lines and lines beginning with # are ignored.

Image options

There are lots of options for tweaking the image that's produced. To see a help message with a summary of them all, just type

```
/path/to/PieTree.py
```

Specifying options

As an example, say you want to increase the size of the "pies" and add some color.

One way to do this is with command line options:

```
/path/to/PieTree.py --pieradius=9 --color1='(0, 0.5, 0.7)' example.ttn
```

Note that you need quote marks (either single or double) around the color value because it contains special characters (punctuation, since it's an RGB triplet). I used = signs in the example above, but you can replace them with spaces instead, as I show below. If you do use = signs, there can't be any spaces around them.

Another method is to create a file containing your desired options, e.g.

File contents: opts.pie

```
pieradius = 9
color1 = '(0, 0.5, 0.7)'
outfile = prettytree.pdf
```

and then to specify that file on the command line:

```
/path/to/PieTree.py --opt opts.pie example.ttn
```

In option files, the = sign is required but spaces around it are fine. Color strings still need to be surrounded by quotes.

If an option is given in both the input file and on the command line, the command line value takes effect.

```
/path/to/PieTree.py --opt opts.pie --color1 '(0.4, 0.8, 0)' example.ttn
```

Note that the final argument must always be your input tree file.

All the other options, detailed below, can be specified in the same manner.

All the options

Here are all the possible options, their allowed values, and their default values. Again, to get a quick (and possibly more up-to-date) summary, type:

```
/path/to/PieTree.py
```

opt A file containing your desired option values. Use one line per value, each in the form option = value. outfile A name for the output file. If it doesn't have a suffix (like .pdf), an appropriate one will be appended. [default is pietree]

outformat The file format of the output image. If you also specify an outfile with a suffix, outformat takes precedence and an appropriate suffix will be appended.

- = pdf Adobe's format
- = ps (encapsulated) postscript
- = svg scalable vector graphics
- = png portable network graphics (lossless bitmap)

pieradius The radius of the pie chart showing the node reconstruction.

= any number ≥ 0 [default is 7]

boxsize The height of the box showing the tip state.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 1.9 * pieradius)

tipspacing The distance between tip box centers.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 1.5 * boxsize)

tipnamesize The font size of the tip labels.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is boxsize)

nodenamesize The font size of the internal node labels.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 0.75* tipnamesize)

italic Whether to italicize the text.

- = yes italics
- = no normal upright (default)

serif Whether to use a serif font.

- = yes serif font
- = no sans-serif font (default)

color0 The color for state 0.

= (R, G, B) R, G, and B are the values for the red, green, and blue components of the color (each between 0 and 1). These three numbers must be separated with commas and the whole thing surrounded with parentheses and quote marks. [default is white = '(1, 1, 1)']

color1 The color for state 1.

= (R, G, B) [default is black = (0, 0, 0)]

textcolor The color of tip and node labels.

= (R, G, B) (default is black)

tipnamestatecolor Whether to color the tip text according to the tip state.

- = yes base tip name color on state
- = no use textcolor for tip names (default)

linecolor The color of the branches of the tree and other lines.

= (R, G, B) (default is black)

backcolor The color of the background.

= (R, G, B) (default is transparent for PNG, white otherwise)

rimthick The thickness of the lines around the pies and boxes.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 2)

linethick The thickness of the branch lines.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 1)

width The width of the canvas; determines the horizontal scaling of the image.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 800)

height The height of the canvas; doesn't affect the scaling of the image.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is determined by the tree size)

xmargin The margin size on the left and right of the image.

= any number ≥ 0 (default is 20)

ymargin The margin size on the top and bottom of the image.

= any number > 0 (default is 10)

Procedural stuff

Bugs and help

I've done my best to make this code correct and robust, but bugs happen. If you encounter a bug, either an unexplainable crash or a result that seems incorrect, please let me know. You can send just a good description of the problem with enough information for me to reproduce it, or a patch if you have one.

I hope this code will be useful for other people, so if you have read the instructions here but are still having problems getting things working, just let me know and I will try to help. I would also be happy to hear if you have usability suggestions (e.g. making the documentation clearer or error-checking during use of the program), ideas for additional features that would be useful, or if you are making substantial changes to take the code in a new direction. Improvements to the Installation section would be very much appreciated. And of course I would be especially glad to hear if the program just worked for your purposes!

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