

# TDDD12 - Assignment 3

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## 1 Task 1

Given relation schema  $R(A,B,C,D,E,F)$  and functional dependencies:

- FD1:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{B,C\}$
- FD2:  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{A,D\}$
- FD3:  $\{D,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$

Derive  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{B\}$  and  $\{A,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$

**$\{C\} \rightarrow \{B\}$ :**

Decomposition of FD2:  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{A\}$  (FD4)

Transitivity of FD1 and FD4:  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{B,C\}$  (FD5)

Decomposition of FD5:  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{B\}$  (FD6)

Q.E.D.

**$\{A,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$ :**

Decomposition of FD1:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{C\}$  (FD7)

Transitivity of FD2 and FD7:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{A,D\}$  (FD8)

Decomposition of FD8:  $\{A\} \rightarrow \{D\}$  (FD9)

Pseudo-transitivity of FD9 and FD3:  $\{A,E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$  (FD10)

Q.E.D.

## 2 Task 2

$X^+ = X = \{A\}$

FD1:  $\{A\} \subseteq X^+$  AND  $\{B,C\} \not\subseteq X^+ \rightarrow X^+ = \{A,B,C\}$

FD2:  $\{C\} \subseteq X^+$  AND  $\{A,D\} \not\subseteq X^+ \rightarrow X^+ = \{A,B,C,D\}$

FD3:  $\{D,E\} \not\subseteq X^+$

$\therefore X^+ = \{A,B,C,D\}$  w.r.t. FD1-FD3 of  $X = \{A\}$

$X^+ = X = \{C,E\}$

FD2:  $\{C\} \subseteq X^+$  AND  $\{A,D\} \not\subseteq X^+ \rightarrow X^+ = \{A,C,D,E\}$

FD1:  $\{A\} \subseteq X^+$  AND  $\{B,C\} \not\subseteq X^+ \rightarrow X^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E\}$

FD3:  $\{D,E\} \subseteq X^+$  AND  $\{F\} \not\subseteq X^+ \rightarrow X^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,F\}$

$\therefore X^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,F\}$  w.r.t. FD1-FD3 of  $X = \{C,E\}$

## 3 Task 3

Given relation schema  $R(A,B,C,D,E,F)$  and functional dependencies:

- FD1:  $\{A,B\} \rightarrow \{C,D,E,F\}$
- FD2:  $\{E\} \rightarrow \{F\}$
- FD3:  $\{D\} \rightarrow \{B\}$

### 3.1 a)

The candidate keys for R are

- Candidate key 1:  $\{A,B\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,F\}$ , due to FD1
- Candidate key 2:  $\{A,D\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,F\}$ , due to FD3 and FD1.

### 3.2 b)

The closure for the FDs are the following

- FD1:  $\{A,B\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,F\}$
- FD2:  $\{E\}^+ = \{E,F\}$
- FD3:  $\{D\}^+ = \{B,D\}$

therefor FD2 and FD3 violate BCNF due to the closure not containing all attributes in R.

### 3.3 c)

Following the algorithm for decomposing R and with knowing that FD1 satisfies BCNF, R is decomposed into

- $R_1(A,B,C,D,E)$
- $R_2(E,F)$

Since the closure of E is known due to non trivial relation  $E \rightarrow F$ , this gives that E is a key for R2. In R1 there is still the violation of BCNF with  $D \rightarrow B$  so it's decomposed again with the final result of

- $R_{1X}(D,B)$
- $R_{1Y}(A,C,D,E)$
- $R_2(E,F)$ .

This decomposition has however lost the original constraint FD1.

## 4 Task 4

Given relation schema  $R(A,B,C,D,E)$  and functional dependencies:

- FD1:  $\{A,B,C\} \rightarrow \{D,E\}$
- FD2:  $\{B,C,D\} \rightarrow \{A,E\}$
- FD3:  $\{C\} \rightarrow \{D\}$

#### 4.1 a)

The closure for the following FDs are

- FD1:  $\{A,B,C\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E\}$
- FD2:  $\{B,C,D\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E\}$
- FD3:  $\{C\}^+ = \{C,D\}$

Since FD3 does not contain all attributes BCNF is violated.

#### 4.2 b)

The candidate key is  $\{B,C\}$  since the closure is  $\{B,C\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E\}$  due to FD3 and FD1 and it's the only candidate key since there is no way through FDs to obtain B or C. The relation is then decomposed with respect to FD3 since it violates BCNF.

- R1(C,D)
- R2(A,B,C,E)

FD2 is however not fully preserved but the decomposition is now in BCNF.