

Tutorial 9

Prashant Singh

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The function $f(x) = (x-3)^2 + \frac{1}{2}$ has domain $D_f : (-\infty, \infty)$ and range $R_f : \left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} f(x)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} = f'(a)$$

$$\int \sin x \, dx = -\cos x + C$$

$$\int_{2a}^{2b} x^2 \, dx = \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{2a}^{2b} = \frac{2b^3}{3} - \frac{2a^3}{3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ar^n = ar + ar^2 + \cdots + ar^n$$

$$\vec{v} = v_1 \vec{i} + v_2 \vec{j}$$