1)
$$Q = V_1 = (2,2,2)$$
 $V_2 = (0,0,3)$ $V_3 = (0,1,1)$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 - (6) = -6$$

$$2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$
Thin early independent

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (16-16-12)-(21-14-32)$$

$$= (-12)-(-12)=0$$

$$= (-12)-(-12)=0$$

$$= (16-16-12)-(21-14-32)$$

$$= (-12)-(-12)=0$$

$$= (16-16-12)-(21-14-32)$$

$$= (-12)-(-12)=0$$

$$2k_{1} + 3k_{2} - k_{3} = q$$

$$k_{1} - k_{2} = b$$

$$5k_{2} + 2k_{3} = c$$

$$3k_{1} + 2k_{2} + k_{3} = d$$

$$2 \cdot 3 - 1 \cdot q$$

$$1 - 1 \cdot 0 \cdot b$$

$$0 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot c$$

$$3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot d$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_2 \rightarrow P_2 - 2P_1 \\ P_4 \rightarrow P_4 - 3P_1 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 5 & 2 & c \\ 0 & 5 & l_1 & d-3b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_3 \rightarrow P_2 - P_3 \\ P_4 \rightarrow P_2 - P_4 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a-2b-d+3b - \frac{5(a-2b-c)}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_{44} \rightarrow P_4 - \frac{5}{3}P_3 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a-2b-d+3b - \frac{5(a-2b-c)}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_{44} \rightarrow P_4 - \frac{5}{3}P_3 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a-2b-d+3b - \frac{5(a-2b-c)}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_{44} \rightarrow P_4 - \frac{5}{3}P_3 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2b-d+3b - \frac{5(a-2b-c)}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_{44} \rightarrow P_4 - \frac{5}{3}P_4 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2b-d+3b - \frac{5(a-2b-c)}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} P_{44} \rightarrow P_4 - \frac{5}{3}P_4 \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & b \\ 0 & 5 & -1 & a-2b \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & a-2b-c$$

3)
$$\vec{u} = (0, -2, 2)$$
 $\vec{v} = (1, 3, -1)$ $\vec{w} \cdot lq_1b_1c_1$
 $k_1\vec{v} + k_2\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w}$
 $k_2 = q$
 $2k_1 + 3k_2 = b$
 $2k_1 - k_2 - c$
 $k_2 = \frac{b+c}{2}$
 $k_1 = q$

$$\frac{b+c}{2} = q$$
 $\frac{12q = b+c}{2}$
 $k_2 = q$

$$\frac{b+c}{2} = q$$
 $\frac{12q = b+c}{2}$
 $k_1 = q$

$$\frac{b+c}{2} = q$$
 $\frac{12q = b+c}{2}$
 $k_2 = q$

$$\frac{b+c}{2} = q$$
 $\frac{b+c}{2} = q$
 $\frac{a+c}{2} = q$

6.=) 5.043.0

$$c = 5.(-1) + 13.5 + 22.7 - 12.1 \neq 0 \times 0$$

a and b are linear combinations of 1,8 and C