#### **CS 422: Data Mining**

Department of Computer Science Illinois Institute of Technology Vijay K. Gurbani, Ph.D.

# Fall 2024: Homework 1 (10 points)

Due date: Tuesday, September 03 2024, 11:59:59 PM Chicago time.

### 1 Exercises (1 points)

**1.1** Describe in 2-3 sentences what you expect to achieve from this course. Add this description as a PDF file into the ZIP archive that you will upload.

## 2 Practicum problems (9 points)

#### 2.1 Problem 1

This exercise will ensure that you are comfortable with the mechanics of creating and submitting homeworks in Canvas for the autograder.

In the Homework 1 page on Canvas, you will see a file called template.r. Use this file as a template for your homeworks. Rename this file to a new R script called *firstname-lastname.r*, where *firstname* is your first name, and *lastname* is your family name (surname). Interspersed in this file are various "TODO:" lines, these are lines where you will add your R code.

Load the *cars* dataset; the *cars* dataset is a built-in dataset in R and gives the speed of cars and the distances taken to stop. Note that the data were recorded in the 1920s. To access it, simply type "attach(cars)" in your program.

- 1(a) Write a function to return the following rows (all columns) from the cars dataframe: 1, 5, 8, 20.
- 1(b) Write a function to plot the data in the *cars* dataset as a scatterplot. On the X-axis is the variable *speed* and on the Y-axis is the variable *dist*. The plot should label the X-axis as "speed (mph)" and the Y-axis as "distance (ft)". The plot should be entitled "scatterplot of the cars dataset". (The title of the plot and labels on the x- and y-axis **must** be lowercased.)
- 1(c) Write a function to plot the data in the *cars* dataset as a line graph. On the X-axis is the variable *speed* and on the Y-axis is the variable *dist*. The plot should label the X-axis as "speed (mph)" and the Y-axis as "distance (ft)". The plot should be entitled "line graph of the cars dataset". (The title of the plot and labels on the x- and y-axis **must** be lowercased.)
- 1(d) Write a function to print a summary of the *cars* dataset using the R *summary()* method. The function should return the summary.
- 1(e) Write a function to return a list containing two elements: the maximum speed and the minimum distance as shown in the **summary()** command.
- 1(f) Write a function to calculate of ratio of the speed to the distance. Using R vectorization, write one line of code that will calculate this ratio and save it in a vector called ratio. **Do not use for loops!**

Add this vector as a new column to the cars dataframe, and return the dataframe. (From the resources I gave you to learn R, you should have encountered how to add a new column to an existing dataframe. One line of code will do this.)