



First Look: InterSystems IRIS Native API for Python

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First Look: InterSystems IRIS Native API for Python

This First Look guide explains how to access InterSystems IRIS® globals from a Python application using the InterSystems IRIS Native functionality. IRIS Native also allows you to run ObjectScript methods, functions, and routines. In this exploration, you will first connect to InterSystems IRIS. You will then set and retrieve the value of a global node in InterSystems IRIS and iterate over the nodes of another global. You will also call an InterSystems IRIS class method. All of these activities will be performed from a Python 3 application.

To give you a taste of IRIS Native without bogging you down in details, this exploration is intentionally simple. These activities are designed to only use the default settings and features, so that you can acquaint yourself with the fundamentals of the feature without having to deal with details that are off-topic or overly complicated. When you bring IRIS Native to your production systems, there may be things you will need to do differently. Be sure not to confuse this exploration of IRIS Native with the real thing! The sources provided at the end of this document will give you a good idea of what is involved in using IRIS Native in production.

To browse all of the First Looks, including those that can be performed on a [free evaluation instance of InterSystems IRIS](#), see [InterSystems First Looks](#).

1 Introduction to InterSystems IRIS Storage Structures

InterSystems IRIS provides an easy-to-use way to store data in persistent, multidimensional arrays. A *global* is a named multidimensional array that is stored within a physical InterSystems IRIS database. Within an application, the mappings of globals to physical databases is based on the current namespace — a namespace provides a logical, unified view of one or more physical databases. As an example, to associate the value “Red” with the key “Color” using a global named `^Settings`, open the InterSystems Terminal using the [procedure described for your instance in InterSystems IRIS Basics: Connecting an IDE](#), and enter the following code:

```
set ^Settings("Color")="Red"
```

You can take advantage of the multidimensional nature of globals to define a more complex structure:

```
set ^Settings("Auto1","Properties","Color") = "Red"
set ^Settings("Auto1","Properties","Model") = "SUV"
set ^Settings("Auto2","Owner") = "Mo"
set ^Settings("Auto2","Properties","Color") = "Green"
```

For more information on globals, see [Using Globals](#).

2 Exploring IRIS Native for Python

At this point, you are ready to experiment with IRIS Native. The following brief demo shows you how to work with IRIS Native in a simple Python application.

Want to try an online video-based demo of the InterSystems Native API for Python? Check out the [Python QuickStart!](#)

2.1 Before You Begin

To use the procedure, you need a running instance of InterSystems IRIS and a system to work on, with Python 3 with the PIP utility, and your favorite Python IDE. (On Windows systems, make sure the Python interpreter is included in your PATH environment variable.) Your choices for InterSystems IRIS include several types of licensed and free evaluation instances; the instance need not be hosted by the system you are working on (although they must have network access to each other). For information on how to deploy each type of instance if you do not already have one to work with, see [Deploying InterSystems IRIS](#) in *InterSystems IRIS Basics: Connecting an IDE*. Connect Visual Studio to your InterSystems IRIS instance using the information in [InterSystems IRIS Connection Information](#) and [Python IDEs](#) in the same document.

2.2 Install the Native API Package

Before running the sample Python program, you need to use the PIP package manager to install the `irisnative` package, which you can download from https://github.com/interSystems/quickstarts-python/tree/master/Solutions/nativeAPI_wheel. If InterSystems IRIS is installed on your local system, the wheel file is already installed in the subdirectory `install-dir\dev\python`, where `install-dir` is the installation directory for your instance of InterSystems IRIS and the name of the Python 3 package (.whl file) includes `cp34`.

To install the wheel file, from the command line, enter the command **`pip install irisnative-1.0.0.whl`** file, where `irisnative-1.0.0.whl` is the wheel file that corresponds to your Python version and operating system. For example, if you are using Python 3 on Linux, use `irisnative-1.0.0-cp34-abi3-linux_x86_64.whl`.

2.3 The IRIS Native Application

Now that you've created your project, you will create a small application that demonstrates a few of the features of the Native API.

1. In your IDE, create a new source file in a `IRISNative` directory, saving the file as `IRISNative.py`.
2. Paste the following code into `IRISNative.py`, substituting the [connection information for your InterSystems IRIS instance](#) for the values in `kwargs`. You can specify the **USER** namespace as shown, or you can choose another that you have created on your instance:

```
import irisnative

# Modify connection info based on your environment
ip = "127.0.0.1"
port = 1972
namespace = "USER"
username = "_SYSTEM"
password = "SYS"

# create database connection and IRIS instance
connection = irisnative.createConnection(ip,port,namespace,username,password)
dbnative = irisnative.createIris(connection)

print("[1. Setting and getting a global]")
# setting and getting a global
# ObjectScript equivalent: set ^testglobal("1") = 8888
dbnative.set(8888, "testglobal", "1")

# ObjectScript equivalent: set globalValue = $get(^testglobal("1"))
globalValue = dbnative.get("testglobal","1")

print("The value of testglobal is ", globalValue)
print()

print("[2 Iterating over a global]")
# modify global to iterate over
# ObjectScript equivalent: set ^testglobal("1") = 8888
# ObjectScript equivalent: set ^testglobal("2") = 9999
dbnative.set(8888, "testglobal", "1")
dbnative.set(9999, "testglobal", "2")

Iter = dbnative.iterator("testglobal")
print("walk forwards")
```

```

for subscript, value in Iter.items():
    print("subscript= {}, value={}".format(subscript, value))
print()

print("[3. Calling a class method]")
# calling a class method
# ObjectScript equivalent: set returnValue = ##class(%Library.Utility).Date(5)
returnValue = dbnative.classMethodValue("%Library.Utility", "Date", 5)
print(returnValue)

# close connection
connection.close()

```

The example code is split into three sections:

1. The first section shows how you set the value of a global and later retrieve it. The commands executed in this section are equivalent to the ObjectScript commands **SET** and **GET**.
2. The second section shows how to iterate through the subnodes of a global, similar to the **\$ORDER** ObjectScript function.
3. The third section shows how you call an ObjectScript class method from your Python application using IRIS Native.

Note: Globals in ObjectScript begin with the caret character (^). This is not a requirement in your Python applications that use the InterSystems IRIS Native API.

2.4 Running the Exercise

Now you are ready to run the demo application. If the example executes successfully, you should see printed output with the results of the sample code:

```

[1. Setting and getting a global]
The value of testglobal(1) is 8888

[2. Iterating over a global]
walk forwards
subscript=1, value=8888
subscript=2, value=9999

[3. Calling a class method]
Jan 30, 2018

```

2.5 Confirming the Changes in the Management Portal

Next, confirm your results in the Management Portal, using the following procedure:

1. Open the Management Portal for your instance in your browser, using the [URL described for your instance](#) in *InterSystems IRIS Basics: Connecting an IDE*.
2. If you are not in the namespace you specified in the code, switch to it.
3. Navigate to the **Globals** page (**System Explorer > Globals**). You should see the *testglobal* global created in the example code. Click **View** to see its contents. You should see the two nodes of the global: ^testglobal(1) = 8888 and ^testglobal(2) = 9999.

3 Learn More About IRIS Native

For more information on IRIS Native, globals, and InterSystems IRIS, see:

Using the Native API for Python

[Using Globals](#)