File system

因时间所限,没来得及在ddl前写完完整版报告,报告缺失部分可从 https://github.com/efJerryYang/xv6-labs-2021 仓库对应目录下查看

文件系统实验主要要完成的是两个部分,一个是将原来的其中一个直接索引改为添加的一个 doubly-indirect 的索引节点,以增大单个文件的最大容量,如下图所示,之后按照这个逻辑写代码即可:

```
0-10: direct
11: singly indirect
12: doubly indirect
| index | addrs[i] | singly indirect | doubly indirect
|-----|
             --|--> [ data block 0 ]
             --|--> [ data block 1 ]
             --|--> [ data block 2 ]
             --|--> [ data block 3 ]
             --|--> [ data block ...]
  9
             --|--> [ data block 9 ]
             --|--> [ data block 10 ]
 10
 11 |
             --|--> index block 0
                   [ entry 0 ] --> [data block 11 ]
                    [ entry 1 ] --> [data block 12 ]
                    [ entry 2 ] --> [data block 13 ]
                    [ entry ... ] --> [data block ... ]
                    [ entry 255 ] --> [data block 266 ]
12
             --|--> index block 1
                   [ entry 0 ] --> index block 2
                                    [ entry 0 ] --> [ data block 267 ]
                                    [ entry 1 ] --> [ data block 268 ]
                                      entry 2 ] --> [ data block 269 ]
                                      entry ... ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                       entry 255 ] --> [ data block 522 ]
                    [ entry 1 ] --> index block 3
                                    [ entry 0 ] --> [ data block 523 ]
                                       entry 1 ] --> [ data block 524 ]
                                    [ entry 2 ] --> [ data block 525 ]
                                      entry ... ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                       entry 255 ] --> [ data block 776 ]
                    [ entry ... ] -->
                                    index block ...
                                    [ entry 0 ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                      entry 1 ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                      entry 2 ] --> [ data block ...
                                       entry ... ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                       entry 255 ] --> [ data block ... ]
                    [ entry 255 ] --> index block 255
                                    [ entry 0 ] --> [ data block 65547 ]
                                    [ entry 1 ] --> [ data block 65548 ]
                                    [ entry 2 ] --> [ data block 65549 ]
                                      entry ... ] --> [ data block ... ]
                                       entry 255 ] --> [ data block 65802 ]
```

第二个部分是添加一个符号链接,主要的整体逻辑很自然,主要遇到的问题是没有理解清楚题干给的 O_NOFOLLOW 的意思,导致代码完成之后评测始终通过不了,之后注意到问题在于没有理解 O_NOFOLLOW 是用于强调访问时不访问到最下层指向的 inode 而是直接返回当前符号链接的 inode。这个点弄清楚了之后就能跑过测试了

```
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/lydia/projects/xv6-labs-2021'
== Test running bigfile ==
$ make qemu-gdb
running bigfile: OK (257.6s)
== Test running symlinktest ==
$ make qemu-gdb
(1.6s)
== Test symlinktest: symlinks ==
 symlinktest: symlinks: OK
== Test symlinktest: concurrent symlinks ==
 symlinktest: concurrent symlinks: OK
== Test usertests ==
$ make qemu-gdb
usertests: OK (390.6s)
== Test time ==
time: OK
Score: 100/100
lydia@ubuntu-22-hp-040f1b4d:~/projects/xv6-labs-2021$ git push
```