

### Homework Assignment #8

1. Use  $z$  transforms to find the ZIR  $y_{ZI}(k)$ , the ZSR  $y_{ZS}(k)$ , and the complete response  $y(k)$  for each system.
  - (a)  $(E+0.5)\{y(k)\} = 0, y(0) = 2.$
  - (b)  $(E^2-3E+2)\{y(k)\} = u_s(k), y(0) = 2, y(1) = 1. \quad (u_s(k) = \text{unit step sequence.})$
  - (c)  $(E^2-2E+2)\{y(k)\} = (2)^{-k}u_s(k), y(0) = y(1) = 0.$

2. Use a digital computer to plot the frequency response of the system

$$H(z) = \frac{1-a}{z-a}$$

for the cases  $a = 0.95$ ,  $a = 0.85$ , and  $a = 0.75$ . Comment on the effect of the pole location on the magnitude and phase of the frequency response.

3. The transfer function

$$G(z) = \frac{z^3 + 0.5z^2 + 0.25z + 0.125}{z^4}$$

is an FIR approximation to the transfer function

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{z-0.5}.$$

- (a) Plot the impulse response of each system.
  - (b) Plot the step response of each system. Determine the d.c. gain of each system from its step response.
  - (c) Plot the frequency response of each system. Determine the d.c. gain of each system from its frequency response.
4. Consider the discrete-time system having the transfer function

$$H(z) = \frac{z+1}{z-0.9}.$$

- (a) Plot the magnitude and phase of the frequency response of the system.
  - (b) Program the corresponding difference equation, and iterate to determine the responses to the inputs  $x_1(k) = u_s(k)$ ,  $x_2(k) = \cos(k\pi/4) \cdot u_s(k)$ , and  $x_3(k) = (-1)^k \cdot u_s(k)$ .
  - (c) Explain the amplitudes of the steady-state responses from part (b) in terms of the system frequency response.