

Homework Assignment #13

- Compute the coefficients of the exponential Fourier series expansion for the functions given on the interval $[0, T]$. For each case, sketch the amplitude spectrum $|\alpha_n|$ and sketch the function represented by the Fourier series for $-T \leq t \leq 2T$.
 - $$x(t) = \begin{cases} 2At, & 0 \leq t \leq T/2 \\ -2A(t-T), & T/2 \leq t \leq T \end{cases} \quad \text{(Triangular wave)}$$
 - $$x(t) = \begin{cases} A \sin(2\pi t / T), & 0 \leq t \leq T/2 \\ 0, & T/2 \leq t \leq T \end{cases} \quad \text{(Half-wave rectified sinusoid)}$$
- Let $x(t)$ be a square wave. Use a digital computer to plot an approximation to $x(t)$ consisting of the first 5, 10, and 15 terms of the Fourier series for a square wave, as given in Table 3.1.
- Repeat problem 2 if $x(t)$ is a triangular wave. For which wave (square or triangular) do the approximations seem closer to the actual wave?
- The Fourier spectrum (exponential Fourier series coefficients) of a certain periodic waveform is given by

$$\alpha_n = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi}, & n = 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}, & n = \pm 1 \\ \frac{-2 \cos(n\pi/2)}{\pi(n^2 - 1)}, & n = \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots \end{cases}$$

[Note that the spectrum is real -- that is, the amplitude spectrum is as given, and the phase spectrum is zero.]

- Write the trigonometric Fourier series for the corresponding function $x(t)$.
- Use a computer program to calculate and plot an approximation to the function $x(t)$. Use as many terms of the series as seems necessary.